WEATHER
Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

THE MORNING STAR
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20 Pages Today
TWO SECTIONS

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LIBRARY OF CONGRESS WASHINGTON, D. C.

IF STRIKE COMES THE PUBLIC WILL KNOW WHERE THE RESPONSIBILITY RESTS, PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS

He Appeals to Railroad Officials to Abandon Their Insistence on Arbitration.

SCENE WAS VERY DRAMATIC

Employers Refuse Acceptance of Plan, for Present, But Give No Final Answer.

MORE PRESIDENTS CALLED

Situation Described as "Not Hopeless, But Grave."

Washington, August 19.—President Wilson appealed to the railroad officials today to abandon their insistence on arbitration of the dispute threatening a nation-wide strike and to accept his plan of settlement, already agreed to by the employes because in his opinion the railroads are contending for a principle which it seemingly is impossible to apply to the present situation.

In one of the most dramatic scenes known to the White House in recent years, the President declared to the heads of five billion dollars' worth of properties assembled as his summons:

"If a strike comes, the public will know where the responsibility rests. It will not be upon me."

A few minutes later he issued a statement saying "the public has the irght to expect" acceptance of ihs plan.

Urge Arbitration.

Refusing acceptance for the present, but not giving a final answer, Hale Holden, president of the Burlington roads and spokesman for the 33 railroad officials, urged the President to uphold the principles of arbitration and declared his plan would "place in peril all that has been accomplished in the peaceful adjustment of labor controversies by methods of arbitration."

At the close of the conference, President Wilson summoned to Washington additional railroad presidents from the West, and the executives already here told him they would confer among themselves and return next week, probably Monday. In the meantime representatives of both the roads and the employes will remain here for informal conferences.

The situation tonight was described by a railroad president as "not hopeless but grave." It will be at a standstill until Monday, at least.

Government Operation?

Discussion of counter proposals and compromises were current, and serious consideration was given to the possibility of government operation of the roads in case of a strike. It was said on good authority tonight, however, that many of the road presidents looked upon the possibility of a strike as more remote than at any time since they came to Washington. It still was considered possible that some of the powerful directors of the railroads would be called to Washington. Both among the employers and the employes talk of arrangements for a strike continued, and for different reasons each side thought if it came it would last less than a week.

"Condition, Not a Principle."

While President Wilson still was addressing the railroad executives, telling them they faced a "condition, not a principle," the statement to the country, reviewing his plan and characterizing it as "a thoroughly practicable and fair programme," was given out at the White House. In the statement he urged the adoption of the eight-hour day because he believed the concession right, suggested the creation by Congress of a small body of men to investigate the results, and urged the abandonment of the demand for time and a half over-time pay by the men and the "contingent" proposals by the railroads.

Mr. Holden Replies.

Mr. Holden insisted on arbitration in his reply to President Wilson, because "it is essentially the common right of every citizen of whatever condition in life to be heard," and because "experience has put the right to claim arbitration as a method of settling such controversies beyond question." He argued that the eight-hour day is impracticable in railroading, and said the roads are willing for the Interstate Commerce Commission or any other disinterested body to arbitrate the whole question.

The demand for the eight-hour day is in reality, he declared, only an indirect plea for "an enormous increase in wages," and said that "in this instance for those demanding a change to refuse to submit their demands to arbitration is indefensible."

Statement From the Men.

W. G. Lee, head of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, gave out a brief statement tonight on behalf of the men, pointing out that in accepting President Wilson's plan, the employes "surrendered a very large portion of

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RAILWAY OFFICIALS ISSUE STATEMENT

Say Most of Men Working on 8-Hour Basis Are Employed in Moving Fast Freight.

AND RATES ARE HIGHER

Supplemental Statement Directed Particularly at President's Contention That Some Roads Already Have 8-Hour Day.

Washington, Aug. 19.—A supplemental statement regarding the eight-hour day, directed particularly at President Wilson's contention that some Southern roads already have adopted the 8-hour day without disastrous effect, was issued tonight by the railroad officials. It pointed out that most of the men working on an eight-hour basis are employed in moving fast freight for which freight rates are high.

"Some of the roads in the Southeast now have the eight-hour basic day, but affecting through freight service only and including less than 50 per cent. of the men in freight service," said the statement.

"All the men in yard service and those running local freights and minor runs are on the 10-hour basis, while on many branch lines 10 and 12 hour basic days prevail.

"These roads are the Seaboard Air Line, the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac, Norfolk Southern, Atlantic Coast Line, Central of Georgia, Georgia Southern & Florida, Florida East Coast and Queen & Crescent lines South, all of them roads with a high percentage of perishable traffic, such as fruits and vegetables, which must be moved at a high rate of speed in order to reach markets in good condition and which for that reason carry freight rates which no shipper could afford to pay for the movement of ordinary freight.

"On some of the largest and most important roads in the South the 8-hour basic day is not in effect in any branch of the service. Among them are the Norfolk & Western, Chesapeake & Ohio, Virginia, Southern Railway, Mobile & Ohio, Queen & Crescent Lines north (Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway and Alabama Great Southern Railway) and Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio.

"These roads handle a much larger percentage of coal and other heavy traffic than the roads which now have the basic eight-hour day and the adoption of this basis would mean an increased cost in every branch of freight of freight service for each of them."

WOULD TAKE POLITICS OUT OF GOVERNMENT?

Should Not be Mixed With Business, Says Candidate Hughes.

Makes Addresses in San Francisco and Oakland, California—Says We Have Had Abundant Business Surgery.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—Charles E. Hughes today told audiences here and in Oakland that the government of the United States could not be properly conducted by mixing politics with business, with preparedness, with the maintenance of international honor or with other administrative functions of government.

"I do not believe we can run this government by mixing business and politics," the nominee said to a gathering of business men here a short time before the Oakland meeting.

At Oakland Mr. Hughes repeated his declaration that he favored fostering honorable American achievements in business and adjusting difficulties by finding the facts and acting upon them.

"You can break down your prosperity by prostituting yourself in the face of an unjust popular demand," Mr. Hughes said. "I shall never do that, and the unjust popular demand is only unjust because the facts are not understood. The only thing I am afraid of in this country is the dark. When we get things out into the light of day, and see the actual facts, we generally find out where the truth and justice lies."

Speaking of Federal commissions to investigate various situations the nominee said:

Federal Commissions.

"I believe we can put down what is wrong without destroying what is good. In weeding out gardens we do not want to pull up the useful plants. We do not desire in correcting abuses to destroy the opportunities of success.

"We are competent if we go about it in the right way, to destroy abuses, to secure open and fair dealing and at

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NO GREAT DAMAGE AT CORPUS CHRISTI

Ten of Crew of Steamer Pilot Boy Drowned When Vessel Sank Off Aransas Pass.

ONLY DEATHS FROM STORM

Portions of City of Laredo, Texas, Flooded and Hundreds of Soldiers' Tents Wrecked—Communication Restored.

First communication with Corpus Christi, Texas, where Friday night's tropical storm was believed to have been felt hardest, showed Saturday afternoon that no great damage had been done to the city and that there were no fatalities there.

Greatest property damage was done to the Corpus Beach hotel, which was partially unroofed. Summer cottages, bathing pavilions, and a pleasure pier in that section were entirely demolished.

Interest was centered on the effect of the storm at Port Aransas and Aransas Pass in the ausence of definite word from those points. Each is a popular fishing resort, as well as a shipping center of more or less importance, on the lower Texas coast. It was pointed out as possible that these points might have felt the storm more severely than did Corpus Christi.

It developed Saturday night that the fatalities reported during the day at Rockport had been confused with the drowning of 10 of the crew of the steamer Pilot Boy which sunk off Aransas Pass Friday afternoon. These were the only deaths so far reported from the storm.

Restored communication with the city of Laredo, Texas, showed that place and the military camps surrounding it to have felt a heavy aftermath of the storm which hit the coast. The storm flooded portions of the city to a depth of two feet and wrecked hundreds of soldiers' tents.

RAILROADS AND UTILITY COMPANIES LOST HEAVILY.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 19.—Railroads and other public utilities operating through the storm stricken district suffered damages aggregating more than $300,000, exclusive of losses in Corpus Christi, Brownsville and other points in the storm center, according to estimates tonight.

The loss to the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railroad may reach $150,000. It lost a mile of the deck of the two-mile trestle entering Corpus Christi and nearly three miles of embankment near Portland.

CATAWBA LEADS THE STATE.

Over 10,000 Persons Take Anti-Typhoid Treatment in Two Weeks.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newton, N. C., Aug. 19.—The second week of Dr. Thomas M. Jordan's anti-typhoid campaign in Catawba county closed tonight with 10,523 people treated, a record that Dr. Jordan claims has never been equalled in the State. Assisting him have been Dr. Frank Foard and Eli Warly, and no team the State Board of Health has sent out has ever had so much work to do.

The campaign ends in two weeks more and the result will be that 50 per cent of the county's 35,000 population will have been made typhoid proof. Specialists all over the State admit that Catawba has surpassed all records.

MALLORY STEAMER LAUNCHED

When Completed Will Play Between New York and Galveston.

Newport News, Va., Aug. 19.—The Henry R. Mallory, passenger and freight steamer, building for the Mallory Steamship Company, was successfully launched at the plant of the Newport News Shipbuilding & Drydock Company today. When completed in October, the new steamer will ply between New York and Galveston. She is 439 feet long, 54 feet in beam and 34 feet deep and is designed to make 14 knots speed.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 19.—Mrs. John Milan, Atlanta, today, won the ladies tennis championship of Georgia by defeating Mrs. J. R. McCord, Atlanta, 6-3, 6-1.

BREMEN SAID TO BE DUE OFF CAPES LAST MIDNIGHT

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19.—The tug Hansa, formerly the Thomas F. Timmins, convoy to the German merchant submarine Deutschland up and down the Chesapeake Bay, arrived in Norfolk today and immediately began filling her bunkers to their capacity with coal and taking on supplies. Captain Zach Cullison denied that the Hansa is here to meet the submarine tomorrow morning off the capes. He said he was under charter to tow mud scows to Baltimore. Marine men believe he is here to meet the Bremen, said to be due off the capes around midnight. Today a three-funneled cruiser, probably French, was patrolling the capes so close in as to be visible to the naked eye.

FUNSTON THINKS IT WISE TO WITHDRAW PERSHING'S FORCE

Recommendation Contained in Recent Report on the Military Situation.

FOR BORDER COMMISSION

State and War Department Officials Understood to Share General's View.

Washington, Aug. 19.—A recommendation from General Funston that the American troops be withdrawn from Mexico, was contained in a recent report on the military situation made at the request of the War Department and designed for use of the joint commission which will discuss border problems. State Department officials do not attempt to disguise their regret over premature publication of General Funston's conclusions, but they indicated today that it would not cause any alteration in the plans.

Officials realize, it is understood, that the most pressing matter for discussion by the commission, from the Mexican viewpoint, will be the question of withdrawal of General Pershing's expeditionary force.

Publication of the fact that General Funston believes it wise to withdraw the troops may hamper the American commissioners, some officials think, in obtaining whatever guarantees they may ask of the Mexican government as to the security of the border from bandit raids. It is believed the administration was fully prepared to arrange for the recall of General Pershing's force, since both State and War Department officials are understood to share the views expressed in General Funston's report.

There can be little doubt, it is now said, that the withdrawal will be promptly agreed to when the commission meets, the conferees then turning their attention to the drafting of a protocol to cover future border operations, investigation of the causes of bandit raids and such other matters as they may wish to take up.

No intimation came from the White House today as to when announcement of the American membership of the commission might be expected.

MEXICAN SAYS MEXICO NEEDS "INTERVENTION OF CHRIST."

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 19.—Declaring that Mexico needs intervention—the intervention of Christ—Ramon Mallon, of Chicago, a Mexican, foreign student secretary of the Y. M. C. A., aroused intense interest at the triennial conference of the Laymen's Missionary Movement at Lake Junaluska today when he discussed "Mexico."

"Mexico needs annexation," he said, "but it is annexation to the Kingdom of God. If our present trouble with Mexico awakens Christians of America to give Mexico the gospel, not a drop of blood will have been shed in vain."

Touching upon the punitive expedition for the pursuit of Villa, Mr. Mallon said:

"With regard to that punitive expedition you are chasing the wrong man in the wrong place. Go to Wall

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HIGHWAY CONFERENCE AT WARSAW PLANNED

For Promotion of the Wilmington-Goldsboro Thoroughfare.

Decided Upon at Meeting in Goldsboro Yesterday—W. H. Hood Held for Enticing Labor—Evangelist Draws Throngs.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Aug. 19.—Dr. Jos Hyde Pratt, of the State Highway Commission, filled an appointment here today, where he came to address the Wayne county highway commission and others interested in a national highway from this city to Wilmington. He was greeted by an audience of kindred good roads advocates of this city and county and of Duplin county, the latter delegation being headed by Rivers Johnson, of Warsaw.

Dr. Pratt talked interestingly and enthusiastically for an hour on the great effect for progress good roads has on the territory through which they pass and presented the thousand and one ways that the Goldsboro-Wilmington highway would work to the general uplift of the whole section.

As a result of today's meeting it was decided to have a great Goldsboro-Wilmington highway conference at Warsaw early in September and there formulate unite plans for achieving this so greatly to be desired thoroughfare north and south. A committee was appointed to formulate plans and fix date of this meeting.

W. H. Hood, who is said to be from Selma, arrested in this city the early part of the week charged with enticing negro laborers from this section, was given a hearing before Mayor Higgins this morning upon a warrant

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CHAMP CLARK PUTS THREE AND A HALF YEARS AGAINST 20

One Democratic Administration Has Achieved More Than Five Republican.

SPEAKER CITES RECORD

Opening Campaign in Maine, He Tells Why They Should Support Democracy.

Augusta, Me., Aug. 19.—Speaker Champ Clark opened the Democratic campaign in Maine today by urging the voters to support the Democratic National ticket because "in three and a half years it has placed on the statute books more constructive, remedial legislation than the Republicans did in twenty."

"Judge Hughes", Speaker Clark declared, "has endeavored to make an issue of the separation of E. Dana Durand from the pay roll as director of the census, but it is not within the power of any complaining orator to make a national issue of Durand any more than he can make a national issue of 'who struck Billie Patterson?'

"Actions speak louder than words. Here are some of the things we have done and on which we stand:

"We passed a great tariff bill with the income tax.

"The Democrats, with the assistance of patriotic Progressives and a patriotic contingent of Republicans, placed on the statute book the National Reserve Bank act, which it is believed will render panics impossible in the future.

Anti-Trust Law.

"We passed an anti-trust law which tends to promote a legitimate business and to crush illegitimate business.

"We passed a bill to open up our amazingly rich Alaska empire for the benefit of all our people and to prevent that marvelous storehouse of wealth from being exploited by the few.

"The trades commission law is intended to regulate trade so that it will be fair trade—fair to all, big and little.

"The rural credits bill will undoubtedly prove a great blessing to the farmers. The bad wagon roads of America are a sad commentary on our sense, for, stated in briefest terms, they constitute wicked and wanton waste. The Shackleford good roads bill is a long step in the direction of giving us a system of wagon roads which will be of permanent and vast utility to all our people.

"After many years of agitation in favor of electing United States senators by popular vote, we secured a constitutional amendment authorizing it and passed laws to put the amendment into effect.

"What is known as the Rucker Corrupt Practice act will go far to lift our politics to a higher plane, into a purer atmosphere.

"We have passed grain grading and cotton future bills to prevent swindles upon the public and to aid honest trade in those necessary commodities.

Water Power Bill.

"We have passed a carefully prepared and thoroughly discussed water power bill which will put an end to the attempted monopoly of water power sites and the charging of exorbitant prices for power.

"We passed, amended and bettered bills for the government of Porto Rico and the Philippines, giving more of self government to the peopies of those islands.

"The House has passed the Alexander Ship bill, intended to resuscitate the American merchant marine, which all wise and patriotic Americans favor.

"We have passed such bills for defense of our country by land and sea as public opinion demands.

"The last three Congresses—including the present one—have done more to improve the conditions under which wage earners live and move and have their being than all the preceding Congresses put together.

"The chances are the voters of America will act on the sage dictum of Abraham Lincoln, that 'it is unwise to swap horses while crossing the stream,' and continue the Democrats in power.

"The people seem to have absolute confidence in the pilot of the ship of state, Woodrow Wilson, and are not likely to drop him overboard in mid-ocean while the storm whips the waters into fury."

Speaker Clark came here from Brunswick where he spoke today.

CAUSE OF LOW PRICE OF COTTON SEED TO BE PROVED

Department of Justice to Investigate Complaints From South.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Investigation of complaints that a combination in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law is responsible for the low price of cotton seed throughout the South has been begun by the Department of Justice.

The complaints came principally from Texas and Alabama, but the whole South is involved and the investigation will be confined to these two times. Cotton growers have written the department, expressing their conviction that the depression in price is due to artificial conditions.

The Department made a thorough investigation of similar complaints about a year ago and collected much information tending to show that cotton seed prices had been depressed unnaturally. This information was convincing on its face but was not deemed weighty enough to warrant court proceedings, and no action was taken.

GENERAL OFFENSIVE ON SALONIKI FRONT HAS OPENED AT LAST

Grand Assault Against Forces of Central Powers Now in Progress in Every Theatre.

RUSSIANS CLAIM SUCCESS

London Announces Most Notable Gain in Some Days in the Region of Guillemont.

FRENCH GAIN NEAR VERDUN

Daily Attacks by British North of Somme Effective.

The long-expected general offensive on the Saloniki front has opened and the grand assoult against the forces of the Central powers now is in progress in every theatre of the world war. General Sarrail is attacking the Bulgar-German forces along the entire Greek-Serbian frontier, a distance of more than 150 miles.

Reports from both Berlin and Paris indicate that the Entente Allies are following the same tactics in the Balkans that signalized the opening of the great offensive on the Somme. Small bodies of troops are attacking at numerous points along the Bulgarian line, apparently with the intention of feeling out their opponents' positions before the real battle opens.

Each Side Captures a Village.

The French claim the capture of a number of villages in the initial phases of the offensive, while Berlin reports the capture of Florina, a Greek town 15 miles southeast of Monastir, from the Serbians. Serbian headquarters admits this repulse.

On the eastern front, the Russians have forced their way into the heart of the great mountain barrier between Galicia and the Hungarian plains. The Austrians admit a retirement west of Jabonitza, seized by the Russians last week. The Austrians are retreating toward the Chornahora ridge, the highest point into the Carpathians in that region. From this ridge the ground falls rapidly to the plains of Hungary.

Further to the south in the Bukowina end of the battle, the Russians have been forced back in their advance on Kirlibaba the next pass south of Jabionitza and about 50 miles from that point.

Daily attacks by the British against the German lines north of the Somme, in France, are having their reward and London announces the most notable gain in some days in the region of Guillemont. After withstanding German counter attacks, the troops of General Haig again assaulted the opposing trenches and gained from 200 to 600 yards along a front of two miles.

The purpose of the Anglo-French forces has been exerted strongly recently where the two forces join hands between Guillemont and Maurepas, and the latest British advance was from Foureaux or Highwood to the junction point. In addition the British report that they have gained a footing in the village of Guillemont, Berlin says the Anglo-French attacks north of the Somme wer erepulsed, except around Guillemont, where the German line was shortened.

While not as active as the British on the Somme front, the French have made more gains in the Verdun region. Fighting took place on both banks of the Meuse, the German attacking on the left and the French on the right bank. The German advance was frustrated, Paris says, and the French succeeded in gaining entire possession of the village of Fleury. Counter attacks by the Germans failed to dislodge the French, Paris asserts.

The Russians broke through the Austro-German lines on the Stokhod river, 40 miles northeast of Kovel, and captured the village of Tobol.

Fighting is reported on the Austro-Italian front, in Macedonia, in Mesopotamia and in Turkish Armenia, but nothing noteworthy has been accomplished. The Serbian and Bulgarian forces are fighting tenaciously on the Greco-Serbian frontier, north of Saloniki, and each side reports heavy losses for the other.

Austrian aeroplanes have made another raid on Venice in retaliation for the raid against Triest by the Italians. The Germans have made another air raid against Russian military establishments on Oesel Island, off the Gulf of Riga; Austrian air men have bombed Italian works at Aviona, and a British squadron has raided German ammunition stations in Belgium.

BRITISH CLAIM ADVANCE ALONG ELEVEN-MILE FRONT

London, Aug. 20.—The British have advanced along a front of 11 miles, capturing a ridge overlooking Thiepval, the high ground north of Pozieres, and a half mile of trenches west of Highwood, according to the official statement issued by the war office at

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FIVE NEGROES ARE LYNCHED BY A MOB

Three Men and Two Women Taken From Jail and Hanged to Same Tree in Florida.

ANOTHER SHOT TO DEATH

Were Accused of Aiding in Escape of Negro Who Killed a Constable and Shot a Doctor—Hundreds Hunting Him.

Gainesville, Fla., Aug. 19.—Five negroes, three men and two women, were taken from the jail at Newberry, Fla., early today and hanged by a mob and another negro was shot and killed, by a posse near Jonesville, Fla., as the result of the killing yesterday of Constable S. G. Wynne and the shooting of Dr. L. G. Harris by Boisey Long, a negro. The lynched negroes were accused of aiding Long to escape.

Posses consisting of several hundred men tonight are searching the woods about Newberry, 18 miles from here for trace of Long. Further trouble is feared.

Dispatches from Newberry tonight said that the mob which lynched the five negroes was composed of about 200 men and worked quietly and rapidly. After gaining entrance to the jail, they took the victims to a point about a mile from town and hanged all on one large oak tree. Not a shot was fired, the dispatch said.

The negro shot near Jonesville also was said to have aided Long to escape.

Wynne and Dr. Harries were shot when they went to Long's home at Newberry early yesterday morning to arrest him on a charge of stealing hogs. It is said Long Drew a pistol from his night clothing and fired. Wynne was rushed to Jacksonville, where he died yesterday at noon.

Several hundred negroes are employed in phosphate mines near Newberry.

OFFICERS INSTALLED

Convention of Eagles at Savannah Concludes Its Sessions.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 19.—The installation of officers today formally brought to a close the 18th annual convention of the Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles, in session here since Monday.

The ceremonies were conducted by Delegate Cary Smith, past grand worthy president, of Spokane, Wash.

GERMANS VICTORIOUS NI RESISTING ATTACK

But Shortened Their Guillemont-Maurepas Line Somewhat.

War Office at Berlin Issues Statement Reviewing Results of Stupendous Anglo-French Attack on the Somme Front.

Berlin, via London, Aug. 19.—The war office report of today says the Germans victoriously resisted the stupendous Anglo-French attack on the Somme front which was made yesterday, but that between Guillemont and Maurepas the Germans shortened their line somewhat. The statement follows:

"Our brave troops yesterday victoriously resisted with self sacrificing tenacity a stupendous effort on the apart of our combined enemies. At about the same time in the afternoon, after artillery preparations which increased to the utmost violence, the British and French masses advanced to the assault north of the Somme over a section of about 20 kilometers (12 1-2 miles), while very considerable French forces advanced on the right bank of Meuse against the Thiaumont-Fleury section and against our positions in Capitre and Burg woods.

"North of the Somme the battle raged until far into the night. At several points the enemy penetrated our first line trenches and was driven out again. Trench sections captured on both sides of Guillemont, which remained firmly in our hands, were occupied. Between Guillemont and Maurepas we somewhat shortened our salient line during the night, in accordance with our plans.

"The enemy paid with tremendous and sanguinary losses for his efforts which, on the whole, have failed. Our guards and Rhenish, Bavarian, Saxon and Wuerttenberg troops maintained their positions unshaken.

"On the right bank of the Meuse repeated French assaults broke down with very heavy losses to the enemy after bitter fighting at certain points,

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STATE BANKS HAVE HAD A YEAR OF PROSPERITY

Gain Over $7,000,000 in Resources; $13,000,090 in Deposits

Club Boys of State Move to Raleigh Monday—Bickett Makes Speech in Alamance County—Raleigh News.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 19.—The 428 State banks, with 24 additional branch banks, in North Carolina, under the supervision of the Corporation Commission, show a gain of $7,423,312 in total resources, during the year from June 18, 1915, to June 30, 1916, according to a summary of condition issued today by the commission. The resources June 30 aggregated $96,345,594.

The capital stock invested in those banks increased $603,101, the total capital at this time being $11,445,586. The surplus fund is $3,622,905, a gain of $199,669, while the undivided profits amount to $3,318,122, a gain for the year of $265,850. The total deposits at this time round out $67,984,369, a gain of $13,319,293 for the year. Of the deposits $32,869,000 is subject to check; $6,200,000 is in demand certificates; $10,749,000 is in certificates of deposits and $17,797,000 is in savings deposits.

The summary shows that overdrafts decreased $15,901; United States bonds held by banks decreased $10,500; notes and bills rediscounted show a decrease of $207,290 and the item of bills payable decreased $883,682; also, certified checks decreased $20,000.

There is being made up in the executive offices of the Governor a list of more than 100 delegates, who are to be commissioned at once to represent the State at Southern Appalachain Good Roads Convention to meet this year September 5 to 8 at Lexington, Ky.

Boys at Raleigh This Week.

The movement of around 350 boys of the North Carolina corn, pig and poultry clubs at Raleigh for a week of study and special training begins Monday when special cars will be operated for the boys over the Seaboard, the Southern and the Norfolk Southern. The work begins at 6:15 Tuesday morning and each day of the week from that hour to 6:30 at night will be filled with things to benefit and interest the visitors, including practical farm illustrations and demonstrations on the A. & M. College farm and the experiment station farm, instruction to cover largely the whole scope of agricultural industry.

Hon. T. W. Bickett, Attorney General and Democratic nominee for governor, attended a big Democratic rally today in Alamance county and made a speech that is something of an epoch maker in the campaign and prepares the way for the great speech he is to deliver at Asheboro August 29 as the formal campaign opener. In this Alamance speech Mr. Bickett paid tribute to American prosperity as a prime product of the Democratic Woodrow Wilson policy, declaring that for two years this Nation has been "shooting the rapids" with a skill nigh miraculous, dodging the rocks and weathering the whirlpools and, while the water is still swift and turbid the ship of state is running more smoothly than ever before. The vast business growth of the past two years was reviewed, the amazing prosperity being, he argued, due largely to Democratic legislaton, constructve ad otherwse, which he reviewed comprehensively. In conclusion he appealed thus: "Therefore, let it be heralded from every housetop and certified on every ballot that the cause of Democracy is the cause of humanity and that Wilson is the man that it delighteth the people to honor."

The great number of indictments recently issued against the three railroad companies entering Raleigh for failure to maintain gatekeepers at the various grade crossings have been disposed of in the city court by imposing a single fine of $50 against each of the railroad companies with the understanding that the railroads will now strictly comply with the new city ordinance that requires gate keepers on duty from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m. daily, with electric signs shining to warn travelers during the periods that the gatemen are off duty.

FINGER PRINT DEPOSITS

Banks Take Up System of Identification Long in Use.

(Washington Post).

Identification of criminals by their finger prints has been for a long time a recognized police practice, but it is only within recent months that this method of identification has been put to more constructive use.

It has been the custom in most banks to refuse to take accounts unless the depositor could sign his name. Thus many foreigners,and even a few Americans who have never learned to write, were barred from opening savings accounts.

In a number of banks in large cities, however, the finger print system has been adopted, and persons who have never learned to write may now open savings accounts. The fingers of the right hand are pressed lightly on a glass plate that has been covered with specially prepared ink. The impression is transferred to a card, which is filed in the bank . Then whenever a depositor wishes to draw out his money, he can easily identify himself by his finger prints. It is believed by the institutions that have installed the new method that it will always be used for minors, because the marking on the hand form a far more reliable means of identification than the signature. Handwriting changes with maturity, but the finger marking remain the same from youth to the end of a man's life. One of the phenomena of life is that out of millions of finger prints that are on file in the cities of the United States no two finger prints have ever been found that are exactly alike.

JIMMY HICKMAN IS RECALLED BY HIS BROOKLYN OWNERS

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 19.—Following his sensational work here Thursday, when he got eight hits out of nine times at bat Jimmy Hickman, left fielder of the Asheville team, who is the property of the Brooklyn Robins, was today recalled by his owners. Hickman will leave about Wednesday and will report to Manager Robinson at Brooklyn the last of the week. Hickman is batting over .300 at present and is accounted the fastest man on the bases in the North Carolina League.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at 11 A. M.

Began consideration of Federal Workmen's Compensation bill.

Senator Gallinger introduced resolution to inquire into authority of trade commission to retain George Rublee as a member, his nomination having been rejected by the Senate.

Passed Workmen's Compensation bill

Adjourned at 6:21 P. M. until noon Monday.

HOUSE

Not in session; meets Tuesday.

HIGHWAY CONFERENCE AT WARSAW PLANNED

(Continued From Page One).

chnaging him with illegally exporting labor, a violation of the city ordinance, the defendant being bound over to the higher court. Hood was also given a hearing in the Recorder's court Friday upon a similar charge which is also an offense against the State.

At this hearing he was also bound over to the Superior court, which convenes in this city next Monday morning, with a heavy criminal docket. Hyman Epstein, charged with the murder of Leonard Edwards, will be given a hearing at this term of court, which promises to be one of the hardest fought cases to be brought up in court for years, owing to the prominence of both families.

Friday again witnessed heavy "breaks" on the local tobacco market, the grades of the golden weed being much better than upon the opening day, the prices also being much higher. Reports from farmers in this country are still coming in that the cotton crop will be exceedingly short this season.

Evangelist Draws Throngs.

One of the largest congregations ever seen assembled together in this city listened for more than an hour last night to one of the greatest sermons ever preached in this city, which was delivered by Evangelist J. A. Strickland, who is conducting a Bible Chautauqua here, when he most emphatically condemned the practice of raising church funds by worldly methods.

He declared that God has ordained that his people should give voluntarily in proportion to their increase, and that one-tenth was God's portion.

He pointed out that if the Bible plan of tithing our increase was followed, the church would have no lack of funds for all purposes; charitable and benevolent organizations would be unnecessary, the church would be the agency for dispensing material aid to the needy.

He scored in the strongest terms those who were propoters of grab-bag games, fortune telling schemes and all such like practices, which he contended have never converted one sinner and have no part in God's system of worship.

FUNSTON THINKS IT WISE TO WITHDRAW PERSHING'S FORCE

(Continued From Page One).

Street, and there you will find the interests that are doing most to embroil this country in a war with Mexico." The speaker also declared that certain jingo newspapers in this country are seeking to force intervention.

"The Country Church," was discussed by Dr. W. K. Tate, of Peabody College, Nashville. S. D. Jordan, of New York, spoke on "Money as An Outlet of Power," and the "Stewardship of Life" was the subject of an address by Dr. Harvey Reeves Calkines, of Chicago.

No session was held tonight.

WOULD TAKE POLITICS OUT OF GOVERNMENT?

(Continued From Page One.)

the same time make possible honest enterprise."

In his address to business men of San Francisco, at the Commercial Club, Mr. Hughes spoke in part as follows:

"I do not believe we can run this government by mixing business and politics. I am for business honestly administered. We have had abundant surgery but nobody can live on surgery alone, the patient's body must be built up. We must foster enterprise and make the man of business feel he has free avenue to success."

THIS IS ARCHDUKE KARL

Teuton Defense in Galicia Now in His Hands.

IF A STRIKE COMES, PUBLIC WILL KNOW WHERE THE RESPONSIBILITY IS — WILSON

(Continued From Page One.)

their demands," while the railroad companies "seem about as unwilling to accept suggestions from the President of the United States as they have in the past refused to consider requests from their employes. He added the workmen would remain here but would take no further action until released by Mr. Wilson.

Arbitration Fundamental.

The statement which Mr. Holden made to the President said the railroad representatives had given careful consideration to the Chief Executive's proposals and expressed a sense of the grave responsibilities upon their shoulders. In previous stages of the negotiations, said Mr. Holden, the conference committee of managers had constantly adhered to the policy of arbitration as a fundamental principle, a substitute for wasteful litigation. He indicated its surrender would amount to a denial of the right to be heard, which does not exist under any form of government known to the race.

The Railroads' Position.

Continuing, Mr. Holden said:

"The eight-hour day—I shall not at this time stop to fully analyze or comment upon the importance of the difference between the eight-hour day as commonly understood in the building and manufacturing trades and the so-called eight-hour basis day demanded in this controversy—the eight-hour day is, in our mature judgment, when considered in connection with railroad train service, a question upon which honest minds may differ and is therefore necessarily a subject for arbitration. In that manner the contentions of the parties may be considered and a fair answer given.

"Social questions affecting the ordinary work day in which for six days a week a regular daily routine is pursued, are those which determine how long, during each of those periods, the laborer should work, and while in some states eight hours has been adopted as the desirable or compulsory maximum, this broad land is today teeming with the contented and efficient industry of millions of workers that are working more than eight hours a day.

"The precedent therefore exists—it exists in fact, and the right or wrong of it, as we feel, has not yet in this country, passed beyond the realm of debate.

Railroad Day Different.

"But these are not our problems. The railroad day is a different thing as has been patiently, and, I infer, many times explained. Railroad trains run throughout the 24-hour period—the public demands that they run on Sundays and holidays—they cannot start at any hour that the necessities may demand—they cannot stop until a terminal is reached and many conditions, stated and accidental, render it impossible to restrict the hours of railroad labor to a fixed standard.

"In a general movement of some years ago, the present 10-hour basic day was negotiated and approved by the representatives of railroad labor throughout the country and has continued with some exceptions to the present day. These exceptions have been worked out under local conditions, different often from the general conditions affecting the question.

"We stand for the principle of arbitration for the settlement of industrial disputes. Arbitration is the ideal toward which public sentiment and legislation of this country have been steadily tending for the settlement of disputes between employers and employes, particularly in the case of public service corporations, rather than the strike and the lockout with attendant disturbances and paralysis of public business. * * *

Invoke the Old Principle.

"We invoke that principle now and are willing for the Interstate Commerce Commission to arbitrate the whole question. More than that, we are willing for the President of the United States to appoint a commission of disinterested persons to arbitrate all matters in dispute if neither the Interstate Commerce Commission nor the machinery of the Newlands act is satisfactory to the labor leaders.

"But we have been met with a refusal to arbitrate in many manner; and are now asked to surrender the principle and to add an additional burden of many millions per annum to the cost of railroad transportation in this country for the benefit of a class who are among the most highly paid and favored workmen in the world. This is demanded under the guise of a plea for an eight-hour day. It is in reality only an indirect plea for an enormous increase in wages.

"To refuse to arbitrate is an admission of the unreasonableness of the demand.

"In this instance, for those demanding a change to refuse to submit their demands to arbitration is indefensible."

Railroads Find Encouragement.

The railroad officials found encouragement in two points in President Wilson's plan. The first was a hint that, if the facts warranted, the Interstate Commerce Commission might grant an increase in freight rates, and the second was a suggestion that the eight-hour day base would be accepted only tentatively and might be terminated after investigation by the commission provided under the President's plan. Many roalroad officials are said to feel that investigation by an impartial commission cannot fail to back up their assertion that an eight-hour day is not justified. There was no concealment of the fact that some of them believe many manufacturers and shippers are bound to register at the White House their opposition to this proposal, and that pressure will be exercised to have members of the Senate and House express to the President their convictions along the same line.

The railroad presidents went to the White House shartly before noon today and at the same time the general committee of employes held a meeting, but only marked time awaiting the decision of the officials.

Dramatic Moments.

President Wilson welcomed the railroad officials in the Blue room, and after Mr. Holden had stated their position, began a dramatic appeal which left his visitors sobered and thoughtful. At times striding up and down in front of the small group and emphasizing telling points by shaking his fist, the President told the railroad executives bluntly he believed they should accept his plan.

"We must face the naked truth in this crisis," he said. "We must not discuss impractical things. We must get down to a basis on which this situation can be solved."

In a voice rising at times so that it could be heard outside the closed doors, he declared he had tried to bring about arbitration, that his efforts had failed, and that he had no way of forcing its acceptance. Congress, he declared, would not pass a compulsory arbitration law.

After the conference the President told Mr. Holden he would be ready to receive the executives again whenever they were ready.

While the brotherhood men were in session today at their hall, the President sent word to officials of the unions that they might excuse their members until Monday.

Tonight they are leaving town for nearby resorts by scores.

The brotherhood leaders said tonight they would be willing to stay another week, if necessary, but none of them thought the negotiations would last that long.

Protest in Advance.

Many brotherhood men called on their representatives in Congress today and protested in advance against a compulsory arbitration bill, which might be introduced. The only bill they desire to see come out of the present agitation would be a measure to empower the government in case of a strike to operate the railways with the present crews on an eight-hour day pending a settlement.

Among the railway executives the claim was made tonight that a strike could be broken within a week. Attention was called to the fact that a large number of railway employes voted against a strike, and it was claimed that many cast assenting votes upon the understanding that no strike actually would be called. Some time ago, the managements were said to have called for volunteers to serve in the event of a walk-out. Many responses were received, it was asserted, from among the 400,000 men in shop service, familiar with the operation of locomotives.

These claims all are denied vehemently by the brotherhood men, who contend they have so firm a grasp on the situation that they could bring the roads speedily to terms should a strike be called.

Western Executives Summoned.

The western railroad executives summoned by the President today are Louis W. Hill, Great Northern; J. M. Hannaford, Northern Pacific; J. M. Dickinson, Rock Island; E. F. Kearney, Wabash; W. C. Nixon, St. Louis & San Francisco; H. U. Mudge, Denver & Rio Grande; C. M. Levey, Western Pacific; W. G. Besler, Central Railroad of New Jersey; E. Pennington, Minnesota, St. Paul & Sault Ste Marie; M. H. Smith, Louisville & Nashville; C. E. Schaff, Missouri, Kansas & Texas; Edwin Gould, St. Louis & Southwest.

Tonight the railroad presidents here sent to the White House a list of about 70 other officials whom they thought should be invited to the next conferences, if the President expects it to be a representative gathering.

GENERAL OFFENSIVE ON SALONIKI FRONT HAS OPENED AT LAST

(Continued From Page One).

midnight. They captured 736 prisoners in these operations.

The statement follows:

"Operations carried out yesterday at various points along our front from Thiepval to our extreme right south of Guillemont, a distance of about 11 miles, were most successful. As a result we captured a ridge southeast of and overlooking Thiepval and northern slopes of highground north of Pozieres, from which we get an extensive view of the east and northeast.

"We are holding the western edge of Highwood and trenches made by the enemy extending some half mile west of the wood. We have advanced our line half way to Ginchy and to the edge of Guillemont, where we hold the outskirts of the village, including the railway station and quarry, which is of considerable military importance. The number of prisoners passed back to 4 o'clock in the afternoon as a result of these operations is 16 officers and 720 of other ranks.

"Today northeast of Pozieres we made a further advance on both sides of the Pozieres-Bapume road for some 300 yards northeast of the windmill. The enemy artillery bombarded our positions, but there have been no hostile infantry attacks.

"On other parts of the front the enemy's guns shelled our front from east of Vierstraat to Ypres and the Comines canal also in the vicinityof Hill 60 and Verdrander Molen."

CHEST BREATHERS

The art of breathing is very largely dependent upon the manner in which the clothing is worn. Neither corsets nor clothing should bind the torso or retard the free movement of any organ of the being. Upon the health and freedom of the girl of today depends the health and freedom of her unborn children.

Ofttimes the question arises as to why women are so much more susceptible to disease than men. To this there is but one answer—namely, that the majority of men breathe as nature intended every human being to breathe, while women, generally speaking, breathe only from the waistline up.

Watch the breathing of a healthy normal man and you will discover that he invariably breathes from the diaphragm, the trunk of his body moving with every breath.

Less than one per cent of women breathe from the diaphragm. In the majority of cases women have what is known as a dead abdomen, this because for centuries females have managed by one contrivance or another to compress and distort their torsos in a harmful and unnatural manner, thus making of themselves chest breathers and victims of chronic oxygen starvation.

The chest breather, the oxygen starved, is a profligate and spender of that most essential of all qualities, energy, and when energy is lacking the entire organism becomes depleted and the individual unfitted to live life to the full.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 19.—Rev. William B. Marye, an evangelist, was brought to Charleston late today by postoffice inspectors who charged him with sending threatening letters to President Woodrow Wilson. Taken before a United States commissioner here, Marye admitted he had written to President Wilson urging him to prevent further munition shipments to the Entente Allies.

Drink Coca-Cola

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COBB'S CLEVER WORK DEFEATS PHILADELPHIA

Washington Defeats St. Louis by Opportune Hitting.

Chicago Stops New York Yankees' Winning Streak—Boston Wins Over Cleveland—Detroit's Victory in Tenth.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Washington 5; St. Louis 3.
At Philadelphia 2; Detroit 6.
At New York 1; Chicago 3.
At Boston 2; Cleveland 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Open Date.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	66	47	.584
Chicago	65	51	.560
Cleveland	62	52	.544
Detroit	63	54	.538
St. Louis	62	54	.534
New York	60	53	.531
Washington	54	58	.482
Philadelphia	23	86	.211

Philadelphia, Aug. 19.—Cobb's clever work on the bases in the 10th inning turned today's game in Detroit's favor, 6 to 2. With two out in the 10th Cobb got a base on balls. He stole second by a great slide and then darted for third, drawing McElwee out of his position. At the same time Veach hit the ball past the spot vacated by McElwee and Cobb scored. Detroit then made four more runs on two doubles, a single and two errors.

Detroit	000 001 0005	6	9 0
Philadelphia	100 000 0001	2	6 9

Coveleskie and McKee; Johnson and Haley.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Washington defeated St. Louis 5 to 3 today by hitting Koob and Hamilton opportunely.

St. Louis	100 200 000	3	9 2
Washington	013 100 00*	5	5 0

Koob, Hamilton, Parks, Weilman and Severoid; Johnson and Ainsmith.

New York, Aug. 19.—Chicago stopped New York's winning streak here today, the visitors winning the first game of the session 3 to 1. Cicotte, usually effective against the Yankees, held New York to four hits.

Chicago	000 200 000	3	8 2
New York	000 000 010	1	4 2

Cicotte and Schalk; Mogridge, Shawkey and Walters.

Boston, Aug. 19.—Joe Boehling, recently of the Senators, made his initial appearance with the Cleveland team today and won his game. Up to the final session Boehling had allowed only six scattered hits.

Cleveland	000 100 000	1	5 0
Boston	000 001 001	2	8 1

Boehling and O'Neill, Daly; Ruth, Foster and Cady.

WALTER M. PAUL DEFEATED BY WHITNEY BOWDEN, AGE 22

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 19.—Whitney Bowden, the 22-year-old golf star of New Orleans, defeated Walter M. Paul, of Charlotte, in a 36-hole match in the finals of the annual summer tournament today, thus winning the championship of the Carolinas. Bowden won five up and four to play.

The youngster easily outclassed his opponent, who had battled his way into the finals by capturing three sensational matches on the preceding days of the tournament. Paul was three down when the first 18-hole round ended in the morning. In the afternoon the playing of Bowden was again far superior to the champion's and Bowden was six up on the 27th hole. Paul's best effort was to cut down this lead by one hole in the next five.

Despite his defeat Paul carried off the honors for an individual stroke. On the eighth hole in the afternoon Bowden's fourth left Paul a stymie. Paul proceeded to jump the ball and it landed squarely in the cup.

Other winners of flights and cups were: R. V. Hilands, Knoxville; Dr. A. B. Harris, Birmingham; H. B. Hayes, unattached; J. C. Simonds, Jr., Charleston; Eugene Branch, Asheville; Major E. S. Walker, unattached; C. W. Moss, Lockport, N. Y.

DUNN AND LAURINBURG DROPPED FROM CIRCUIT.

Lumberton, N. C., Aug. 19.—At a meeting held in Raeford today, President Page, of the Cape Fear League, ordered Dunn and Laurinburg dropped from the circuit because of violations of the playing agreement.

Tars And Goobers Divide Double Bill

PETERSBURG TAKES FIRST GAME FROM ROCKY MT. AND HOME TEA MSHUTS OUT VISITORS IN SECOND

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Aug. 19.—With the Goobers coming up from behind and grabbing the opener two to one, the Champs made an easy one of the nightcap 3 to 0. Both were well played games throughout and several times the stands were brought to their feet by sensational plays.

"Allen celebrated his return to the game after an injury of six weeks' duration and this fellow turned the tide for Petersburg and, called from the dugout, he slashed out a single that caused the tieing run, while two minutes later it was his stinger to center that after two were sent the winning run to count on a dash from second. In the closing setto, Applegate was a master save in the first, when Parmalee nailed a tally by a great running scoop of a hit past third and, wheeling, he nailed the runner at the plate. Otherwards the local flinger was never in danger, while he himself was a great factor in the winning and counted the first run himself. It was his drive that sent the second one around the circuit.

Petersburg	000 000 110	2	6 2
Rocky Mount	100 000 000	1	7 1

Spade and Hudgins, Ferguson and Talbot. Time 1:45. Umpire, Buckley.

Second game:

Petersburg	000 000 0	0	3 2
Rocky Mount	001 020 *	3	6 0

Garden and Hudgins, Applegate and Welcher. Time, 55 minutes. Umpire, Buckley. Attendance, 900.

THE BATTING LEADERS.

Major league sluggers did not hit well today the sucess of Honus Wagner in getting two singles in six times at bat being the best performance of the day. Dave Robertson, got one out of five and lost two points from his batting average; This Speaker failed in two attempts and lost two points; Ty Cobb held his own with one out of three, while Joe Jackson lost a fraction with the same record. Jake Daubert is still out of the game.

American League.

	AB	H	PC.
Speaker	402	157	.391
Cobb	397	144	.363
Jackson	450	155	.393

National League.

Daubert	374	122	.324
Robertson	395	127	.321
Wagner	334	106	.314

GEORGE SISLER.

George Sisler, sensational first baseman of the St. Louis Browns, and one of the "big finds" of the season. Sisler came from the University of Michigan direct to the Major Leagues, and made good from the start. He has shown his worth equally at all positions in the infield, the outfield, and in the pitcher's box. Fielder Jones, however, has thought it best to let him play first base regularly.

CUBS TAKE VICTORY ON ERRORS OF THE GIANTS

Phillies Defeat Cincinnati by Batting Rally in 14th.

Brooklyn and Pittsburg Divide Doubleheader, Pirates Taking First Game in 10 Innings—St. Louis Defeats Boston.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At St. Louis 7, Boston 4.
At Chicago 3, New York 2.
At Cincinnati 1, Philadelphia 6.
At Pittsburg 2-0, Broklyn 1-1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Boston at Cincinnati.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	66	39	.629
Boston	59	42	.584
Philadelphia	63	42	.600
New York	53	53	.500
Pittsburg	47	58	.448
Chicago	50	61	.450
St. Louis	59	64	.434
Cincinnati	43	71	.477

Pittsburg, Aug. 19.—Brooklyn was defeated by Pittsburg 2 to 1 in ten innings in the first game of today's double header, but the Pirates lost the second game to Brooklyn 1 to 0. In the first game Pittsburgh scored the winning run on singles by Schultz and Fisher coupled for Cutshaw's wild throw. In the second game Brooklyn scored the only run on two bases on balls, Myers' safe hit and Cutshaw's sacrifice fly.

Brooklyn	000 100 000	0—1	4 3
Pittsburg	001 000 000	1—2	6 0

Smith and Meyers; O'Mara; Cooper and Fischer.

Second game:

Brooklyn	000 100 000	1	4 0
Pittsburg	000 000 000	0	5 0

Marquard and Meyers; Kantlehner and Schmidt.

Cincinnati, Aug. 19.—Philadelphia won from Cincinnati here today, a batting rally in the fourteenth inning proving disastrous to the locals, who lost the second and final game of the series, 6 to 1. Toney pitched remarkable ball but his error in the second inning was responsible for Philadelphia's run.

Phila	010 000 000 000	05—6	12 1
Cincy	000 000 001 000	00—1	12 3

Rixey and Killifer; Toney, Knetzer and Wingo, Clarke.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—New York errors allowed the Cubs to make it three out of four today in an eleven-inning, 3 to 2 game, and offset some brilliant pitching by Tesreau. Tesreau held Chicago hitless in the first six innings. Robertson made his third home run of the series.

New York	200 000 000	00—2	6 4
Chicago	010 000 001	01—3	5 1

Tesreau and Kocher; Packard, Brown and Elliott.

St. Louis, Aug. 19.—St. Louis overcame a three run lead after bases on balls with four timely hits with five runs and won from Boston 7 to 4. Snodgrass and Evers were put off the field in the ninth for disputing a decision.

Boston	02$ 011 000	—4	15 1
St. Louis	000 050 02*	—7	8 2

Tyler, Hughes, Bailey and Blackburn, Tragesser; Meadows, Ames and Gonzales.

DARIO RESTA WINS GRAND PRIX AUTOMOBILE RACE.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Dario Resta won the Grand Prix automobile race here this afternoon, taking the final lap of 50 miles in 29.52.49. His average speed wac 100 miles an hour.

Dave Lewis was second in 29.56.77. Buzane, Galvin and D'Alene finished in the order named.

The elimination of Ralph De Palma early in the first of the five preliminary heats was a disappointment to the crowd, as he was expected to give Resta a battle for the $5,000 first prize. He had only driven six miles when his motor was disabled.

The five starters in the 50-mile final heat were selected by 20-mile preliminary heats, the winners of these sprints qualifying for the money race.

DUNN DEFEATS FAYETTEVILLE PLAYING OFF A TIE GAME

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 19.—Dunn defeated Fayetteville 5 to 2 today paying off Thursday's tie game. Though Hook was steady in pinches, Fayetteville's score was kept down by poor base-running and coaching. Dunn was hitting strong when Rivers replaced Baird in the Fourth, but he fanned 11 of the 20 men who faced him, only four of whom hit safe. Rivers also made three hits, including a double.

Dunn	202 000 100	—5	9 2
Fayetteville	000 000 110	—2	11 4

Hok and Smith; Baird, Rivers and Vassy. Umpire Liebler.

EAST WILMINGTON WINS

From Cubs in First of Post-Season Games by Score of 11 to 3 Before Big Crowd at Hilton Park.

In the presence of a crowd of nearly 400 fans and fanettes, East Wilmington defeated the Cubs by the score of 11 to 3 at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon in the first of a series of five post-season games to decide the championship in the Interurban League and the winner of the Reach trophy. There were easily twice as many in attendance at the game as have witnessed any of the preliminary games in this league. This is partly due to the increased interest now that the contest has narrowed down to two teams, and partly to the fact Hilton park is more easily accessible.

The game was featured by the good pitching of Horne, who struck out 17 Cubs during the contest, and also to the good base-running of the East Wilmington players, who corraled a total of 10 stolen bases to three made by the Cubs. The Cubs lost the game largely through wild throws and loose fielding, nine errors being recorded against the various members of the losing team. The catching of East Wilmington's popular little catcher, Mack Wilson, was another of the features.

The batteries for East Wilmington were Horne and Wilson, while the batteries for the Cubs were Gordon, Casteen and Todd.

Very few base hits were made by either side. The Cubs played a poor fielding game. Shannon did excellent stick work for East Wilmington. A total of eight men were struck out by Gordon and Casteen for the clubs. The game was umpired by VanLandingham and Hunt. The score by innings follows:

East Wilmington	014 020 04*	—11	6 3
Cubs	000 102 000	— 3	5 9

MINOR LEAGUES.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE

At Rocky Mount 1-3; Petersburg 2-0. (Second game six innings.)
At Portsmouth 3-2; Newport News 0-1; (Second game 7 innings.)
No others scheduled.

CAROLINA LEAGUE

At Raleigh 9-1, Durham 7-2.
At Asheville 3-0, Greensboro 5-3.
At Winston-Salem 5, Charlotte 4.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

At Columbus 4; Charleston 0.
At Jacksonville 5; Columbia 8.
At Macon 11; Augusta 6.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

At Chattanooga 3-1; New Orleans 4-0
At Memphis 0; Birmingham 1.
At Little Rock 6; Atlanta 5.
At Nashville 12; Mobile 1.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

At Providence 0; Buffalo 4.
At Newark 4-2; Toronto 0-4.
At Baltimore 0-5; Montreal 8-4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Minneapolis 1-5; Columbus 7-11.
At St. Paul 4; Toledo 1.
At Kansas City 4; Louisville 10.
At Milwaukee 2; Indianapolis 1.

DELGADO AND THE IMMANUELS WINNERS.

Take the Measure of Boys' Brigade and W. L. I. in Games Yesterday.

The teams composing the City League played two games at the Robert Strange playgrounds yesterday afternoon. In the opening game Delgado took the measure of the Boys' Brigade by a score of 7 to 5, while the Immanuels walloped the W. L. I. 6 to 3 in the second.

Neither game brought out any spectacular feats or sensational playing. Palmgren pitched a good game for the Immanuels.

Delgado		7	8 2
Boys' Brigade		5	7 6

Yates and Sheppard; Boswell and Griffith.

Second game:

Immanuels		6	9 2
W. L. I.		3	5 4

Jacobs and Gerdes; Palmgren and Bell.

TO SHOOT AT BEACH

New Hanover Gun Club Will Go to Carolina Beach on Next Friday.

The New Hanover Gun Club will hold its regular weekly shoot next Friday afternoon at Carolina Beach and will have as its guests the members of the Southport Gun Club. All the members of the club are expected to attend this event as it will mark the close of the shoot begun Friday for a handsome trophy which is to be awarded to the one making the best shot.

Mr. G. W. Penny was best man at the shoot on Friday, having made 46 out of 50, while Mr. J .D. McCarley was second with 44. There were quite a large number of entries.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 19.—Ichya Kumagae, of Tokio, furnished the biggest sensation of the tennis season today by wresting victory from William M. Johnston, of San Francisco, national champion, in the finals of the annual tournament for the Casino cup. It was a five-set match filled with brilliant performance, in which the amazing steadiness and endurance of the Japanese champion gained him victory. The score was 6-1, 9-7, 5-7, 2-6, 9-7.

BACK IN GAME WITH CLEVELAND.

BOYS HAVE MUCH SUCCESS

Nearly Hundred Dollars Raised for Playground—To Have Lantern Party.

The members of the Loyal Boys' Legion had fine success during the past week in raising funds with which to equip the Robert Strange playground with apparatus and secured a total sum of $98.39 for this purpose. When it is considered that all this was given by different persons in very small amounts, it is a splendid showing for the boys.

They will not solicit any more funds until the tag day on Monday, September 4, but during Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday will solicit donations from the merchants and others of articles of merchandise and other articles which will be disposed of at a lantern party on Wednesday night from 8 to 10 o'clock at the Robert Strange playground. The public is cordially invited to attend the lantern party which is expected to be a very enjoyable affair.

George King is president of the Boys' Loyal Legion and Mr. F. W. Gerken is secretary.

FAILED TO SHOW UP

Justice Harriss Issues Capias for Sam Watson, Charged With Larceny.

A capias has been issued by Justice George Harriss for Sam Watson, a young white man, who is charged with the larceny from a dwelling of a gentleman's stick pin, which Bessie Rogers, a white woman, claims was taken from her home at No. 1010 Orange street. Watson had a hearing before Justice Harriss Friday afternoon when probable cause was found and he was recognized until yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at which time he was to give bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the next term of Superior Court.

Watson had the pin in his possession but stated that he had no idea of keeping it. It was turned over to Justice Harriss by him. Charles Goodwin another white man, was required to give bond in the sum of $25 as a material witness. When Watson failed to show up yesterday morning, a capias was issued for him.

WHALEBONE.

Aids Giant Mammal in Its Feeding Operations.

While whale oil is a product of all species of whales, not all produce whalebone. The right whale, from which the useful whalebone is obtained, was provided with this feature to enable it to subsist upon the tiny atoms of life in the ocean. The whalebone is a horny growth in the mouth of the right whale, like the close-set teeth of a gigantic comb. When this species of whales desires food he swims with his mouth open, and every now and then closes his jaws to expel the sea water between the strips of whalebone, that act like a great sieve and prevent the tiny animals with which the surface water of the seas abounds from escaping. Such food in large quantity these whale swallow greedily.

The sperm whale, on the other hand, has no whalebone, but a fine set of sharp-pointed teeth that it uses to devour the large creatures of the deep that it lives on. Giant squids or devilfish are the dainties on which this type of leviathan feeds, and many a battle royal is fought before the sperm whale's dinner is attained.

Scientists tell us that whales did not always live in the sea, but in prehistoric days dwelt upon the land. They are not true fishes and their skeletons still give evidence of the days when they possessed four legs. Furthermore, while fishes breathe water from which the air is separated by means of their gills, whales breathe air and separate the life-giving oxygen from the other gases by internal lungs like land animals. In contrast to fishes also, they are warm, red-blooded animals. The largest whales are found in the Antarctic and Arctic seas.

THE METRIC SYSTEM

A Growing Necessity for Americans in Foreign Trade.

United States manufacturers and dealers bidding for foreign trade are advised to make use of the metric system in their proposals detailing dimensions and measurements.

Brazil, Chile, Peru and nearly all the South American countries have formally adopted the metric system, and it is in general use in all the European nations, except Russia and England, where it is permissive. Congress has legalized its use in the United States, establishing its HT HT HT HTRARa establishing a table of standard equivalent in our common measurements.

Uniformity of weights and measures throughout the United States is greatly to be desired and in an interstate commerce which enters into 48 jurisdictions would seem to be almost as essential as uniformity in monetary terms, but it is very far from being accomplished and seems to be possible only when Congress shall exercise the power which is given it by the constitution. When that time comes, why not establish the metric system?

THE UPRUSH OF SAP.

Movement is Accompanied by Considerable Force.

Even now the causes which underlie the great upward flow of sap in the spring are not completely understood. That the movement is accompanied by considerable force has been demonstrated in a remarkable manner.

In the spring season, when the sap is rising with great vigor, the stem of a grapevine was cut right across. With as little loss of time as possible a piece of bladder was tied over the surface of the wounded part. As fixed, the bladder was in a state of collapse, but it did not remain in this condition long. Within half an hour it was obvious that it contained a good deal of liquid. As time went on the amount of fluid matter increased, so much that the bladder was quite full. Two hours after fixing the bladder was so distended that it was lifted right up. An hour later the pressure had increased to such a degree that the bladder burst, being unable to stand the strain any longer.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 19.—Douglas Watters, of New Orleans, the Southern champion, won the Rhode Island state tennis championship today by defeating Russell Dana, of Providence, the former champion 4-4, 6-0, 6-0, 3-6, 6-4 at the Agawam hunt.

DODGE BROTHERS. MOTOR CAR

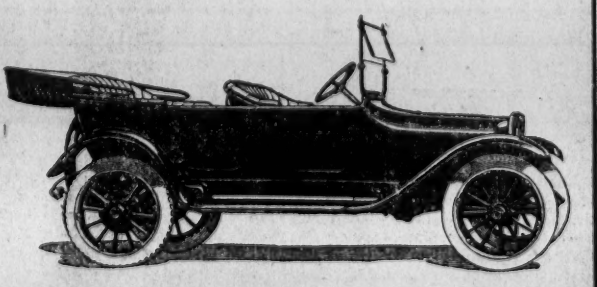
Its economy now is almost a proverb. Quietly the knowledge has spread, and thoroughly, into every nook and corner of the nation.

Even back in the rural communities you will hear identically the same thing said as in the busiest city.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car

The gasoline consumption is unusually low
The tire mileage is unusually high.

The price of the Touring Car or Roadster complete is $785 (f. o. b. Detroit)



W. D. MacMILLAN, Jr.

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THE MORNING STAR

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO

SUNDAY, AUGUST 20, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

"Make to yourselves friends by means of money, which the unrighteous world reckons riches, that when it fails they may receive you."

That is to say, exchange your money into the kind of coin that is current in the kingdom of God. Exchange your gold into lives. That is the sort of coin current in the homeland. The current coin of heaven is lives of men. And that too will be reckoned the precious metal when the kingdom of God comes to the earth. Exchange your money into men; purified, uplifted, redeemed men. S. D. GORDON.

With Chicago backband selling at 20 cents a pound, cotton would be cheap at 50 cents a pound.

Man has to make all the pretenses and promises if he ever expects to get himself a mother-in-law.

Nobody had to keep lots of us out of war. We hadn't manifested any roughness and determination to go to war.

Soft drinks are easier to get than soft snaps in other respects. You can get you a soft drink when you can't get anything else you may want.

Hon. Jim Woodward is bitterly opposed to electing Mr. Asa Candler as mayor of Atlanta. The Hon. Jim is in favor of himself for mayor once more.

President Wilson is busily engaged in doing great things for this country, but the Republicans are just as busily engaged in efforts to do Wilson. Will the people let them do it?

Representative Doolittle is trying to do a little more than that to the beef trust. He is after the trust because it has been after him and all the balance of us till we can't rest.

The per capita circulation of this country is now $39.23. Most of us keep our per capita circaultion in circulation but if it weren't for us, business would be as bum as it used to be during the Roosevelt panic.

During the past fifty years the Republicans have had more than a score of secretaries of the navy, but it isn't worth while to hold the Republican party responsible for the fact that about all that most of them did was simply to hold the office. Let by-gones be bygones.

It is reported that Chinese troops in Mongolia recently attacked a Japanese garrison which was occupying Chinese territory. The Chinese must have thought the Japanese had no business there but a a matter of course the Japanese have a great deal of business in China. At the same time Japan has not declared war upon all the Chinese because some of their troops have misbehaved.

Don't ever try to get the goat of a town whose goat is providing you with milk. That sounds like it might be intended for Arabs, but it is only because they know the real value of goats for milk, meat and cheese at home and for the vici and morocco leathers which they sell to us to the tune of millions of dollars. Where do we get the kid gloves and the undressed kid bootees and many other articles for which fashion calls?

If we wanted a good excuse to vote for Hughes, we could not pick out a one from among the reasons that he has intimated as to why he should be chosen as president. This country's foreign policy has very little to do with the main questions in this campaign. That is only incidental to an administration. No candidate can even forecast his own policy as distinctive from that of any other, for the reason that he does not know what his policy will be till conditions and emergencies now unseen have to be met as practical propositions and never as theories.

THE INFERNO FROM WHICH WILSON HAS SAVED AMERICA.

The awful mutterings and roar of battles, continuing night and day for five months with hardly a lull, is the description which a war correspondent gives of the struggle on the Western front in Europe. Possibly a half million men have been slain on a 20-mile front and yet at the deepest point the farthest progress made by either side is five and a half miles.

Men on both sides are fighting, living, dying, famishing, starving and being torn and maimed in a veritable inferno in which brave men on both sides seem to have relapsed from a state of consciousness into one of insanity and brutality. The deep symphony of the awful artillery seems incessant and the very earth trembles under the power and force of the explosives. Men who are not killed outright are brought back from the trenches by the thousands—mere wrecks of humanity. Suffering, bitterness and woe have taken the place of all reason, and millions of men are desperately consigning themselves to a fate which they meet under the spell of grimness and madness.

A New York World correspondent graphically describes it as a mighty conflict in which the results mean nothing in the way of a definite triumph ,indicating that progress has been gained by either side in a titanic struggle which has raged back and forth in a small intervening territory of about five miles, lying like a death's valley between two walls of artillery and humanity.

That is Europe's fight, and America is still looking on as a horrified spectator. Three thousand miles of blue ocean separate us from Europe's carnage, but we might have been in it but for President Woodrow Wilson—and doubtless would have been had he not followed the course for which he is now being criticised and denounced. Roosevelt and Hughes are criticising him for the policy he has followed to keep Americans out of a purely European war. They are even grouchy because President Wilson did not protest against the violation of Belgium's neutrality, but they are in no wise concerned over the violation of the neutrality of Greece, or the cause of humanity from the standpoint of neutrals who sympathize with all the nations which are being ruined and wrecked in the maelstrom of war.

Of course, it is our human privilege, as individuals, to sympathize and to deplore and to condemn war and its wrongs, but it seems that it took a European war to arouse such statesmen as Roosevelt and his echoes to make the sudden discovery that Belgium or this or that or some other country is so dear to us that we should become proteges and allies of any of them in a fight which is no particular concern of ours, except as human beings naturally horrified at the brutality of nations engaged in the awfullest and most monstrous war since God created the earth and placed it under the dominion of man. Since when, however, did America become the keeper of any foreign country—that an American president, whether Democrat or Republican, should be subject to criticism because he failed to identify this country as an intermeddler or a participant in the affairs of European nations? We would like for Roosevelt and his tin horn brigade to tell us when intervention, interference or intermeddling in Europe's own affairs ever become an American policy, and, if so, by what power and by what means a country with such a comparatively insignificant army and navy as ours could make such a policy either warrantable or enforceable.

If this country were a great military and naval power, ready to take a hand in the regulation of European affairs, it might be possible to adopt such a policy, but not so long as Americans have enough brains to know how to attend to their own business. Had Roosevelt or Hughes been president and betrayed their anxiety to resent the invasion of Belgium or the violation of any other country's neutrality—even of our own—they ought to be able to explain how they would have taken such a step with an army and navy that is intended alone for America's own use—not for use in European brawls. Indeed, had President Wilson been unwise enough to have desired to embroil this country in the European war, the country lacked the preparedness to enable him to do it. It would have been the same had Roosevelt or Hughes been president, and they know it unless they are guilty of not doing much serious thinking.

These thoughts come to us because we actually hear men declare that Hughes has made "a good point" in attacking Wilson's foreign policy. Wilson's foreign policy has been to keep this country out of war at any cost, save honor, and since he has succeeded in doing that, what difference does it make whether he did it his way or our way or any old way, just so he has kept America out of war? Any method that has succeeded ought to be good enough for reasonable men, so we would like to know what there is about Wilson's policy to attack, unless it can be attacked because it did not get this country mixed up in Europe's war.

That issue of Hughes is about the most absurd of all that he has sprung and the American people ought to have enough sense to know it. Hughes in the presidential chair right now would have neither the army nor the navy to do a thing more than Wilson has done, and surely he would have enough horse sense to stay out of trouble when the country is hardly prepared to handle a two-by-four disturbance in such a little nation as Mexico.

If, therefore, there is any reason why Charles E. Hughes should be elected president, he never has disclosed it as yet. He has an opportunity to do it, but Wilson's success in keeping this country at peace, whether that success has included mistakes and blunders and wisdom combined, is no reason why Hughes should be president. Success really is the main thing, whether Wilson achieved it by wisdom or after many trials and numerous errors, but that his foreign policy is a success is plainly evidenced by the fact that this Nation is at peace. We think any reasonable man ought to fall to that fact. If Wilson has saved us from the inferno in Europe, the policy and method by which he did it successfully is of the least consequence as a matter of dispute. The academic and demagogic side of the question is puerile and insignificant compared with success. Success is not a matter for dispute. How Wilson did it is the small part of the question.

THE NOBLESSE OBLIGE OF THE CAMPAIGN

The Durham Herald (Ind.) briefly but thoughtfully observes:

"It would be better for Mr. Wilson to keep his mouth shut than to answer Mr. Hughes in kind."

That's no joke. The President ought to be too dignified to get out on the stump and chew the rag with a man who will say and do almost anything to get to be president. So long as the Judge acted with such becoming dignity on the bench, we suspected him of being of presidential size, but he lost out with us as soon as he got off the bench and climbed up on the stump with both feet. We don't suppose he intended at the time to deceive us with his judicial dignity, but we now realize that a justice of the Supreme Court can assume such a quiet demeanor on the bench that it can be easily mistaken for dignity and mislead us into halfway believing that it indicated greatness. By Jove! Had he held on to his dignity and carried it into the campaign with him, he might have made us believe he was big enough for president.

We realy insist on more dignity in a president than we do in a justice of the Supreme Court, and for that reason it actually pained us when Judge Hughes gave himself away on the stump. If he had retained and maintained the necessary and required amount of dignity he might have enabled us to mistake him for a statesman. A man who considers himself big enough to be president ought to be dignified in proportion to his lofty aspirations and stupendous ambition. Otherwise we don't believe he is dignified enough to be president and it leads us to the suspicion that if he should accidentally be elected, he is liable to get into a dispute with some gasbag or other who may start something.

As a matter of course, Mr. Wilson has to maintain his dignity as president. American's would not want their president to go around over the country trailing a loose-talking gentleman who happens to be a nominee for president. President Wilson can do a great deal of talking in a round about way without making this a personal campaign. The President cannot be expected to contribute anything to the disreputableness of the campaign. However, Senator Jim Ham Lewis isn't running for president, so that the matter of trailing up a campaigner might be left to him and others. However, any man who is running for president ought to challenge more respect for himself than to personally conduct such a campaign that it may become necessary for his opponents to become just as undignified and disrespectful as he is himself.

We have always noticed that the way to assure an undignified campaign is to throw dignity to the four winds and depend on boisterous language. However, if a man really is grand he will talk grandly instead of getting excited because he has been nominated for president.

A DEMOCRATIC BILL TO PROMOTE COMMERCE

It ought to be quite obvious to business men that a Democratic Congress can be depended on to promote commerce and stimulate business whenever and however it may be possible. Representative Webb, of North Carolina, has the honor of being the author of the "Webb bill," a measure reported favorably in the House on Tuesday, embodying provisions that are designed to permit co-operation among exporters from the Sherman anti-trust act, when they do not carry on an export business in a way to violate the plain previsions of the law. The Webb bill, is really aimed to promote our foreign commerce, and to have the approval of the Federal Trade Commission. It has been reported favorably by the House Judiciary committee and it is believed that it will remove all fear of prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust act.

Legitimate co-operation has been held to be not in contravention of the anti-trust laws,, but Representative Webb's really constructive bill will remove all doubt on that question. Its object is "to promote export trade, and for other purposes," and it will promote export co-operation so that promoters, producers and financiers can join in extending our foreign commerce, on a fair competitive basis.

Wake up, the submarine merchantman might come into Wilmington most any morning now.

THE "PUBLICS" SIDE

(Reprinted by Request, from Kansas City, Mo., Post).

The railroads are preparing to meet the demands of their employes for an eight-hour basis day by an extensive press agenting campaign. Thousands of letters are being sent out weekly to newspapers in which various misstatements are persisted in after they have been thoroughly riddled by the employes.

The choice mis-statement is that the new wage scale asked by the brotherhoods will cost the roads one hundred million dollars annually more than they are now paying in wages. The statement is absurd. It is disproved by the itemized matter which forms a part of the printed circulars containing the charge.

The railroads are making a determined effort to enlist the public on their side. They invariably point out the inconveniences and losses the public will sustain if a country-wide strike is called. They state that the employes refuse arbitration. The employes probably have a reason or two for their stand. They have submitted their case to arbitration before and accepted some bad awards. To their credit, it may be said they kept their contracts inviolate. If they are not satisfied to again arbitrate, it is because arbitration is not the best way for them to get results. They are perfectly justified in trying any other plan they believe feasible in view of this.

If the public has any one point of concern in the matter it surely is to see that the railroad trainmen get an eight-hour day at compensatory wages. The public has been singularly lax in standing by and allowing men who are not organized, work long hours at piteous wages. The "hands off" policy of the public, merely as a consistency, should be followed in this case, too. The public is all of us. We all should be concerned in seeing each other employed with compensation in keeping with human ideals of comfort and security of future. The public then should aid in getting decent working conditions for one branch of labor after another.

The railroads contrast the wages paid to their non-union employes with those obtained by the organized crafts. The only thing this proves to a disinterested observer is need for the unorganized railroad employes to get together and make a concerted effort to get a raise in wages above the shameful level displayed by their employers in the railroads' press matter.

All the stock jobbing and high financing of railroad securities result in low wages and indecent living conditions of the unorganized labor of the railroads. This is the conclusion that inevitably must be drawn from the roads' statements.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Wilmington business men have been making a tour of the country tributary to that port in the interests of a packing house and the result seems to insure the establishment of the plant there. The packing plant will prove a business developer and Wilmington enterprise is to be congratulated.—Charlotte Observer.

Of course, there are those who think the world is going to the bow-wows, and in fact, this opinion is shared by all of us from time to time; that is in times of brief despondency, and there are many vexatious things to say the least. But why on earth should we folks around here who are primarily supported by agriculture and agricultural activities be down in the mouth. Peanuts are selling for a dollar a bushed, and there is a pretty good crop. Cotton is soaring about 14 cents, and tobacco is bringing from twice to three times as much as last season, and why should we worry? In fact, we have heard the remark credited to a local farmer that a maker of a certain well known automobile was going to be asked to make them two feet shorter for if they didn't they couldn't get them in the roads in Eastern Carolina, for with the sale of his tobacco crop every farmer, tenant and laborer would be buying one.—Rocky Mount Telegram.

Keeping up with a population constantly growing in numbers and demands necessarily gives a wide field for effort on the part of the thrifty individuals who are ever on the alert for new and profitable opportunities. This is illustrated by the field that is being made for the soya bean. A few years ago it seemed that there would be no special demand for the soya bean to justify its production on a large scale. But that was precisely the way the feeling once prevailed with regard to cotton seed. Few foresaw the large place in industry and commerce the humble cotton seed would take. Now that cotton seed and cotton seed products are in such extensive demand it becomes necessary to find something that can be used for some of the purposes to which cotton seed have been applied. Soya bean oil can be used at least in some of the ways in which cotton seed oil has been used. For instance, the soap manufacturers have gone to using soya bean oil in the place of cotton seed oil as the former product can be had for about twenty-five per cent less money than the latter. Agricultural interests in the State have been seeking a wider production of the soya bean and have been declaring that a demand would be developed that would make the growing of this crop profitable. Recently occurring events have demonstrated the wisdom of the advice.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Has any one ever made a fortune by counterfeiting money? Has any counterfeiter, indeed, ever made a living comparable with what he might have earned by the exercise of a similar degree of skill and industry? The question is prompted by the seizure by secret service agents of an elaborate plant on Staten Island, apparently designed for the manufacture of bogus treasury notes and silver certificates. The equipment included an expensive photographic apparatus, lithographic and other presses, etching, engraving and electrotyping outfits and supplies of costly paper and ink. It embraced, in fact, all the fittings of a complete printing and photo-engraving business. In the hands of men of honest industry, with far less technical skill than that required to run the plan successfully on illegitimate lines, it could have been made to yield an immediate income and could probably have been developed into a lucrative business. As it is, the costly machinery is confiscated before operations are begun. It is a trite saying that crime does not pay. But is there any branch of crime less profitable in the long run, and as measured by the talent and preparation needed for it, than counterfeiting? Burglary necessitates no apprenticeship. But a counterfeiter must be a skilled workman, to begin with, and once embarked on his nefarious calling he is suspected, not alone by the tradesmen who change his bad bills for him but by the most efficient of detective institutions, the government secret service. From the time he first falls into the clutches of the law until he dies he is watched, and the amount of money he can make and circulate under the most favorable conditions is negligible by comparison with what he might earn honestly. Why men should aspire to be counterfeiters while possessing a skill that is readily marketable for excellent wages is one of the mysteries of human nature. Does a perverted pride of craftsmanship of the old order survive in the counterfeiter and actuate him in the error of his ways? —New York World.

HENDERSONVILLE LOOKS AHEAD

Planning Not Only for Present but for Future Needs.

(By Old Hurrygraph.)

Hendersonville, N. C., Aug. 17.—Hendersonville is looking ahead—is planning not only for present needs and necessities, but for the future. It has the spirit of progress, and this you can see and breathe in the air when you visit the beautiful city, beside Laurel Park, which is one of nature's beauty spots. The Hendersonville board of trade held a most interesting meeting Monday night. A number of the leading business men were present, and they talked about their town in a business way; its present standing and needs, and its development for the future; its progress as a commercial center; public parks were discussed, and it is probable that handsome and desirable property may soon be purchased for this purpose. Many things for the advantage of visitors were talked over and there was a spirit of enthusiasm to give the summer tourists every cordial welcome and consideration possible. Mr. W. P. Powell, of Clearwater, Fla., a newspaper man, and one long experienced in community building, and secretary of several chambers of commerce and boards of trade in Tampa, and St. Petersburg, Fla., addressed the board in a most interesting manner on the modes and methods of building up a community and the way to treat visitors. It was practical and helpful, and the board thanked Mr. Powell for his timely remarks, and gave expression to the feeling that they were beneficial and helpful and would aid them very materially in their efforts to make Hendersonville what she should be—a modern model summer resort, an acme to which she is fast approaching.

ANTIOCH NEWS NOTES

State High School Opens Sept. 5.—Rev. V. R. Gaston Leaves.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Antioch, N. C., Aug. 19.—The Antioch State High School will reopen on September 15 with Prof. Malcolm McBryde, an honor graduate of Davidson, as superintendent. Miss Flora McNeill will assist in the high school, Miss Annie McKeithan, intermediate; Miss Ella Mae Poole, primary; Miss Jessie McPhaul, of Antioch, director of music. Miss McPhaul has taken a four years' course in music at Flora McDonald College, of Red Springs, and is a musician of recognized ability. She is a great favorite among the younger set, and is very popular with all. Antioch is very glad to be able to fill this very important position with one of her home girls. All the teachers are native and to the manor born Hokeitas, a fact of which we are proud, because it shows that the new county is educating her boys and girls, and preparing them for life and its duties.

Rev. V. R. Gaston leaves September 1 for his new field of labor at Aberdeen. He and his most estimable family will be greatly missed from the religious and social life of the village, and will carry with them the best wishes of their Antioch friends as they go hence.

The members of the Christian Endeavor Society gave an entertainment on the school campus Monday night in honor of Mr. David Gaston, one of their most loyal members, who leaves soon for Aberdeen. There were about seventy-five young people present and they enjoyed themselves to the utmost. Ice cream and cake were served. Those having charge of the entertainment were Messrs. Ernest McPhaul, David Hodgin, John Brown and Misses Jessie and Mary McPhaul and Cordelia Conoly.

Silk Dresses, White Canvas Shoes, Palm Beach Suits

These Three Departments are Undergoing a Great Sacrifice of Prices. During our

SUMMER CLEARING SALE

All Summer Wearables must be sold, and Worth and Value are left out of consideration in pricing them. Our only object is to make room for Fall goods that are coming in. These Prices Afford You a Great Saving.

$15.00 Taffeta Dresses, at . .$9.00
$12.50 Taffeta Dresses at . .$7.50
$ 6.50 Silk Poplin Dresses at $3.25
$ 5.00 Silk Poplin Dresses at $2.25
All White Canvas Shoes, Pumps and Oxfords, to close out at these splendid savings:——
$2.00 Rubber Sole Canvas Oxfords, at 98c
Men's Bay Side Canvas Bals; Vulcanized Rubber Soles; Special 80c

Women's Black Vici Kid, Patent Leather and Tan Pumps and Oxfords; sizes 2 1-2 to 4; values up to $4.00; clean up sale only 98c
Clean up Sale of every Summer Dress in Stock, before the new Fall goods arrive:——
$3.00 to $5.00 Summer Dresses; Special sale only $1.98
$2.00 to $3.00 Dresses, only $1.00

$2.50 to $3.00 Silk and Crepe de Chine Waists; a wide range of styles, at $1.98
Men's $3.00 Palm Beach Suits, at $2.00
Men's $7.00 Palm Beach Suits, at $4.50
Boys' $5.00 Palm Beach Suits, at $3.50
Boys' $4.00 Palm Beach Suits, at $2.98
Boys' $4.00 Kool Cloth Suits, at $2.98

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OUR CRIMINAL WASTE OF FOOD.

When a calamity such as the San Francisco earthquake, the Dayton flood or the sinking of the Titanic occurs, the world stands aghast at the frightful waste of life and property as measured in dollars and cents, and the whole world pays the penalty. But those happenings cannot be averted. They are costly but infrequent—part of the price of our modern civilization, and constitute but a small fraction of the waste cost of the world.

We wouldn't burn a forest knowingly, but we would burn the lumber that comes out of it. Nations do not waste their big things willingly. Only a great war can ever bring a nation to the point of destroying life and property recklessly, as part of the game. But there is a waste that is going on constantly that is more costly even than war, as costly as war may be; for war accomplishes something—at least it settles a quarrel. The waste we refer to is the waste of little things, for these in the aggregate prove as costly, although less noticeable, than the waste of larger ones.

While little indulgences, such as drinking, smoking, candy and sodas, are not particularly waste, they are not profitable expenditures. They get us nowhere and do no particular good. But even passing these as permissible, the most inexcusable waste is in the line of food. It is not what comes in the front door, particularly, that counts, but what goes out of the kitchen.

The total cost of food in this country cannot be even approximated, but eminent authorities place a dollar a day as a fair average for the food value of the American people. This means a cost of about $5,200,000,000 each year. So eminent an authority as Dr. Wiley estimates that at least one-quarter of this is wasted. And this is entirely possible. Notice as you dine at restaurants how much untouched food goes back to the kitchen—not to feed some poorer mortal, but to go out in the garbage. It seems so perfectly natural for some people to merely play with a dinner, sending choice cuts of meats and fowls back to the garbage can. We waste more than we eat. If the doctor is right, this means a food waste of $1,300,000,000 a year and the pity is it does no one any good—not even the pigs, for they would thrive better on a less costly diet. One large country hotel a few years ago lost most of its herd of 200 hogs from feeding "swell swill". This food, if conserved, would feed all the poor. It would build ten battleships. It would buy all the land in some states. It would pay off the national debt in a single year. It would run the government for twelve months.

The waste of money cures itself, for soon there is no more to waste. There comes a time when the bank runs dry and the easy money flows no more. But this frightful waste of food can go on year in and year out, and yet we wonder why living costs so high.

It takes four years to raise a porterhouse steak, and to send half of it back to the kitchen is an economic crime. If you waste a forest, soon the last tree will be cut. If you waste land it will soon be barren. If you waste time, you will never succeed. If you waste money, you will soon have no more to waste, but you can keep on wasting food until you eat no more, and wonder why you are poor. Better take inventory of what goes out in the garbage bucket and see how much you contribute towards this enormous sum, so big in its proportions that we fail to grasp its magnitude.

Warner's Safe Remedies

A Constant Boon to Invalids Since 1877

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy, 50c and $1.00
Warner's Safe Diabetes Remedy, - - - - - $1.25
Warner's Safe Rheumatic Remedy, - - - - $1.25
Warner's Safe Asthma Remedy - - - - - 75c
Warner's Safe Nervine - - - - - 50c and $1.00
Warner's Safe Pills, (Constipation and Biliousness) 25c

The Reliable Family Medicines

For sale by leading druggists everywhere, or sent post paid on receipt of price. Free sample of any one remedy sent on request.

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FURNISHED ROOM

With Every Convenience

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J. M. SOLKY

No. 9 N. Front Street

PLANS ARRANGED FOR LABOR CELEBRATION

To Have Big Parade in City and Attractive Programme at Beach.

Fraternal Orders, Labor Unions and Military Organizations Will Participate—Procession Will Be Headed by Band.

Elaborate preparations have been made by the committee of the Wilmington Trades Council having in charge arrangements for the celebration of Labor Day, September 4, one of the features of which will be a big parade to be held in the streets of Wilmington. The remainder of the programme, including addresses by prominent speakers and athletic contests, will be held at Lumina at Wrightsville Beach.

It is expected the largest parade ever held in the city will constitute one of the main features of the very attractive programme which has been arranged. The parade will be headed by a brass band. In the procession will be military organizations, a platoon of police, members of the fire department, the Boy Scouts, children in a decorated truck, fraternal orders, industrial floats representing the various businesses of the city, members of trade organizations and working men in general.

The members of the Rotary club and the members of the Chamber of Commerce have been extended a cordial invitation to join in the exercises at the Beach.

All friends of the labor organizations of the city, who own automobiles that they are willing to furnish for about two hours on the morning of the parade, which will be held at about 9 o'clock, are requested to notify the auto committee.

Following the parade special cars will take the guests and others who desire to attend the remainder of the exercises to Wrightsville Beach.

Among the honor guests of the labor organizations of the city will be Mayor P. Q. Moore, members of the City Council, the county commissioners, Chief of Police N. J. Williams and Fire Chief Charles Schnibben and others.

Although all the details of the programme at the Beach have not been completed, it is announced that many special features have been arranged for including an attractive musical programme and other interesting exercises.

After the special programme and speaking is over, the athletic contests will be held. These will include the various track events such as the 100-yard dash, the 220 and 440-yard run, broad and high jumps and the like.

For the benefit of those who prefer dancing to other forms of diversion, arrangements have been made for a special programme of dance music which will include square dances, to be furnished at Lumina by Don Richardson's orchestra, both on afternoon and evening of Labor Day.

Mr. J. H. Curtis, is chairman of the committee of the whole: Mr. R. Pollock is secretary, and Mr. J. J. Bell, treasurer. The other committees are as follows: Reception, W. A. Furlong, chairman; and J. H. Bunn. Amusement, G. H. Stone, chairman; R. M. Murray, G. W. Vernon.

Advertising, W. E. Aud, chairman; R. L. Harker, R. Pollock, and J. H. Curtis.

Automobiles, T. H. Hawkins, chairman; W. A. Furlong, J. J. Bell, R. L. Harker.

Decorations, G. W. Vernon, chairman; T. H. Hawkins, J. H. Curtis.

Floats, W. E. Aud, chairman; J. H. Bunn and B. J. Bryan, Jr.

Invitations, R. L. Harker, R. M. Murray, T. H. Hawkins, R. Pollock, B. J. Bryan, Jr., and J. H. Curtis.

NEGRO ALLEGED TO HAVE TRIED TO BURN HOUSE.

David Foyles Didn't Like Wife Leaving Home, According to Officers.

After having lived his allotted portion of three score and ten years in peace and undisturbed, David Foyles, colored, who has for many years lived near the seven-mile post on the Scott's Hill road, now finds himself locked up in the New Hanover county jail on a charge of attempting to burn the home of Fannie Peterson, also colored, who lives only a short distance away from his home and all because, as it is claimed, his wife deserted him.

It was about 2 o'clock Friday morning that the Peterson woman, who at the time was alone, woke up to find her home full of smoke. By strenuous efforts she was able to extinguish the flames and thus saved her home from destruction. Bright and early in the morning in company with another woman, she started out to investigate as a result of which she claims that she was able to find tracks that led in the direction of Foyles' home.

Because she said that Foyles had been indignant when his wife had left him to go over to stay at her home, the Peterson woman went before Justice Gerritt Walker and swore out a warrant for the arrest of the negro. This was placed in the hands of County Officer H. Mack Godwin, who in company with Constable J. H. Davis, went to Foyles' home yesterday morning and placed him under arrest. He was committed to jail without bond and will later have a hearing before Justice Harriss in this city.

The officers stated that they went to the home of the Peterson woman and found that kerosene had been poured under the door of the home and then seemingly a match had been applied. All of the inside wall on that side of the house was charred.

When Foyles was arrested yesterday he stoutly denied having had anything to do with the attempt to burn the house and said that he was on the sound Thursday night looking after his seine, his trade being that of a fisherman.

MR. WHITLOCK TO PREACH

Former Wilmington Pastor Will Conduct Services at Southside Church.

Rev. C. F. Whitlock will be the speaker at both morning and evening services at Southside Baptist church today. He will be glad to meet his friends at these services. Rev. Mr. Whitlock will be remembered as the former pastor of the Calvary Baptist church of this city. He wishes to express his appreciation of the kind and cordial reception given to him by his former congregation and his many friends in the city, and hopes to be able to worship again at Calvary, before he leaves for the West.

W. L. I. BOYS TAKE NEARLY EVERY EVENT

C. A. Corps Broke Camp at Fort Caswell Yesterday Morning.

Local Company Wins in Both Marksmanship and Drilling, and Makes More Points in Field Events Than All the Rest.

The Wilmington Light Infantry, which, with the other five companies of the Coast Artillery Corps of the North Carolina National Guard, after 13 days spent in drilling and target practice on their annual encampment at Fort Caswell, won practically every event in which they competed with other companies of the Corps, including marksmanship, drilling and field events. The six companies of the corps broke camp yesterday morning and returned to their home stations.

In the field or track events, the W. L. I. boys won 33 out of the 60 possible points, or more than all the other companies combined. In the broad jump they took first, second and third place, and first and second place in the 440-yard dash, while in the 100-yard dash they won third and tied for second place. The local company also won the tug-of-war in the finals with the Charlotte boys, all companies having participated in the event.

The Wilmington Light Infantry, officially known as the Second Company of the corps, returned to the city at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the steamer Wilmington. There were 55 members and three officers who took part in the encampment, the other five companies being about equally well represented.

The Charlotte and Raleigh companies and the sanitary detachment also came up on the boat. The Charlotte company left on the 3:30 P. M. train by the Seaboard for their home station, and the members of the Raleigh company took the 6:45 P. M. train for their home. The other companies composing the corps are those from Hendersonville, Greensboro and Salisbury. They left Fort Caswell yesterday morning at 7 o'clock for Southport, where they boarded a train for their home stations. They either reached their destinations last night or will do so early this morning.

Fine Records Made.

At the target shooting on Tuesday on the long range practice and shooting at target four by four feet at a distance of 9,000 yards with the eight-inch guns, the W. L. I. boys hit the target twice out of four shots in spite of the fact that the range this year was 1,000 yards greater than that of last year. Last year they only made one hit. Two of the shots which missed were good for deflection to right or left and might have hit a moving target. Last year's range was only 7,000 yards.

This year the members of the various companies did all the work connected with firing the trial shots, figuring muzzle velocity, making observations and readings, while in previous years a regular army officer has generally assisted in all or some of this work. No assistance was given by the regular army officers this year, and naturally no perfect scores were made.

Capt. Jas. B. Lynch, commander of the W. L. I., stated yesterday that it was conceded by all that this was probably the best encampment ever held by the corps and that he was highly gratified by the fine showing made by the members of the local company. He added that while it was hard work from start to finish, the members of the company were greatly interested in gaining greater proficiency in the handling of the big guns, in drills and in the other work of the camp.

The Charlotte company hit the target with the eight-inch guns once out of four shots. The Hendersonville company also made one hit out of four shots. The Greensboro and Salisbury companies practiced with the mortar guns. The Raleigh company fired the four trial shots for the other companies and did not compete.

The gold medal for the winner of the competitive drill was won by Serg. McC. B. Wilson, of the W. L. I. This is the second time in the past three years that this highly prized medal has been awarded to a member of the local company. Each company is represented by its two best drilled men in the contest. The W. L. I. was represented by Sergeant Wilson and Corporal John L. Galloway, they have been selected as most likely to carry off the honors for their company by the commander of the W. L. I.

In the various track events the W. L. I. made practically a clean sweep. The winners of the various events were as follows: Running broad jump, won by Milton Justice; second place, Travis Lewis; third place, Harry Shaw; 440-yard run won by T. F. Bagley; second, Private Morton; third, William Kelly; 100-yard dash, Private McIntire tied for second place, and third place was won by Bob Lewis. Bob Lewis won third place in 220-yard run. The winning tug-of-war team was composed of the following members of the W. L. I., Adrian Rhodes, Travis Lewis, Gordon Johnson, Marion Rhodes, Harry Shaw, James Betts T. F. Bagley and W. F. Grant.

Body Not Recovered.

The only thing to mar the stay of the members of the various companies at their annual encampment was the unfortunate drowning of two members of the Charlotte company and a member of the Salisbury company on the Sunday after their arrival at Fort Caswell. It was a source of sincere regret to the members of all commands that they were unable to recover the body of Private Fred White, of the Salisbury company, although a week has elapsed since the accident and the beach and river have been patroled by searchers for more than 20 miles in the hope of finding the body. He was the only son of Mr. White, a prominent merchant, of Salisbury, who is now at Fort Caswell in the hope that eventually the sea will return him the body of his son. It is still possible that the body may be recovered.

Capt. E. P. Bailey, former commanding officer of the W. L. I. visited the camp several times last week and witnessed the practice of the various companies with the big guns.

Friday's Charlotte Observer says of the encampment just ended:

"The Fifth Company, Coast Artillery Corps of the North Carolina National Guard, of this city, will return from its annual encampment at Fort Caswell, near Southport, Saturday night, in command of Capt. W. R. Cox.

"The return of the artillerymen will be unlike the manner in which they left Charlotte several weeks ago on account of the tragic death of two of their members, Sergeant W. E. Ardrey and Private Leonard Swaim, who lost their lives while bathing off the coast at Southport, last Sunday afternoon.

"The encampment otherwise was very successful, judging by reports reaching the city."

COUNTRY IS STRONG FOR PACKING HOUSE

Adjoining Counties to Take $25,000 Stock in Enterprise.

Initial Work Has Been Completed in Country—Mr. W. W. Love Will Accept Management—City Campaign to Start.

That the campaign in the country districts in behalf of the establishment of a packing house in Wilmington, which has been waged for the past ten days has been entirely successful, is shown by the fact that the people in these districts have expressed their willingness to subscribe $25,000 or $30,000 towards the stock of the company. The initial campaign in the five counties adjoining that of New Hanover has been completed and the people of these counties have spoken in no uncertain terms—they want this great enterprise for this section.

Announcement was made yesterday that Mr. W. W. Love, one of Wilmington's most capable and aggressive business men, has agreed to assume the executive management of the company, provided the directors want him. Mr. Love has been approached by some of the stock subscribers concerning his taking the management and has consented to accept the place, subject to election by the directorate of the company. Those in charge of the initial campaign have told the people of the country districts that they are to have half the directorate or management of the enterprise.

Members of the committees in charge of the work of raising the necessary capital are confident that the business men and other citizens of Wilmington want to see this great enterprise established here and that they will take the balance of the $100,000 which will be required to put on foot. In this connection it is pointed out that Wilmington is much better able to take $75,000 worth of stock than the country districts to take $25,000. The people everywhere have been told that Wilmington would do her part, and that the people of the city were only waiting to know whether the country would support it and guarantee the livestock for it.

Six committees will start to solicit subscriptions in Wilmington tomorrow, and it is believed that in view of the fact that they are nearly all paying good dividends that many of the business men of the city take as much as $5,000 each in the enterprise, while it is expected to get at least thirty $1,000 subscriptions.

It is pointed out that the establishment of the enterprise here will mean the paying out of probably five millions of dollars annually to surrounding districts for live stock, and every bit of that money will find its way through the coffers of the city in one way or another. Much of it will be spent in the retail business of the city, while a considerable percentage will go through the wholesale businesses of Wilmington. So much money changing hands, it is stated, half of which will represent profits, will do much to make both city and country prosperous. That, it is pointed out, has almost invariably been the case wherever packing plants have been established.

FORMER WILMINGTON VISITORS ARE NOW IN INTERIOR

Jupiter Pluvius and Col. Swelter, After Extended Stay, Move West.

The Yucatan hurricane has evidently decided not to include Wilmington on its itinerary this trip, as at the last report it was entertaining itself by blowing gentle breezes of a velocity of some 68 miles per hour across the city of San Antonio and vicinity. The hurricane is now said to be headed in a Central direction.

The weather man is going to prove that he is a human after all for when he once gets started doing favors he simply can't stop. Not content with juggling the hurricane off its course he held a consultation with the heat fiend and induced him with much reluctance to take a vacation into the interior where he will be warmly welcomed perhaps. Dizzied by so much high climbing the mercury retired yesterday after reaching a mark of 85, and at 8 p. m. was hovering around 79.

Mr. Jupiter Pluvius, another character who spent considerable time in this city a few weeks ago, is also taking a tour of the extreme Southern section of the country.

AFTER TRAFFIC VIOLATORS

About Twenty Rounded Up During Past Week—Look After Lights

While little has been said about it in the newspapers, Chief of Police Williams who has detailed Officer A. L. Long to that special duty, sent about twenty violators of the traffic ordinances to the recorder during the past week and expects just as bountiful a harvest the coming week as there is to be no relaxation in the campaign against speeders and those who persist in driving on the wrong side of the street.

The coming week, a motorcycle will be put in commission at night with a view of summoning a number of automobiles before the recorder for an explanation of why they are carrying no rear lights as is prescribed by law, or why they are carrying no rear lights as is prescribed by law, or why the front lights are either too dim or not two in number as the ordinance requires. There is to be no let up in this campaign until the automobile law violators have been thoroughly squelched, says Chief Williams.

Elizabethtown, N. C., Aug. 19—Elizabethtown is quite excited this week over the arrival of so many Bladen county teachers to attend the institute which is being held here this week. The town presented the appearance of a "mobilization camp" for teachers Monday morning as the cars came in loaded with Bladen teachers, and it seemed for a while as if there was not going to be "tents" enough for all. However, everything is going smoothly now, and the number of those enrolled has reached 40. Mr. Taylor, from Greenville, is in charge of the institute and is ably assisted by Miss Mildred Moses, of Chapel Hill.

PROPHETS WILL HAVE CEREMONIAL THIS WEEK

Sepa Grotto Will Initiate Many "Kandy-Dates" Next Friday.

Big Parade Will Be Important Feature of Summer Meeting in Wilmington. Novel Stunts to Amuse the General Public.

The second ceremonial to be conducted by Sepa Grotto of the Mystic Order of the Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm will be held in Wilmington on Friday of this week. The apostles of good cheer are going to provide a variety of entertainment for the people of the city that will be both novel and interesting. Various committees are now busy making the arrangements for the festive occasion when dull care is to be driven away and good fellowship is to prevail.

It is expected that fully one hundred "Kandy-Dates," many of them from other sections of the State, will be on hand to be conducted across the perilous waters of the river Styx into the regions of Grotto-dom, where there is a balm for every ill and relief for every pain to those who are so fortunate as to make the journey without a mishap.

The ceremonial will be held Friday night in the Consistory hall of the Scottish Rite Masons in the Masonic Temple, in this city, this will be preceded by a big parade through the principal streets of the city in which the "Kandy-Dates" will be star performers. Arrangements are being made for a "few stunts" on the streets during the afternoon for the general edification of the public and those who are so fortunate as to be spectators are promised plenty of fun.

The degree team of Sepa Grotto, in their bright-hued Zouave uniforms, will give exhibition drills on the streets and will lead the procession in the grand parade. Although organized only a few months ago, these men have made splendid progress and are able to go through many intricate figures with splendid precision.

Nobody is expected to be serious on this occasion and least of all will be the Prophets who will give themselves over to jolly good fellowship without reserve.

The following committees have been appointed to make the arrangements for the different features of the ceremonial:

Membership committee—Henry H. Springs, Wm. A. Whitney, Dr. Ransey Weathersbee, Arthur J. Crampton, Charlotte; C. L. Capps, Raleigh.

Reception committee—Paul B. Bell, chairman; Zack K. Bell, J. M. Byrd, R. C. DeRosset, J. H. Taylor, Jr., H. L. Taylor.

Parade committee—F. H. McCullough, chairman; Linwood D. Latta, Louis T. Moore, Wm. A. McGirt, W. P. McGlaughon, I. W. Solomon, Abe Einstein, Arthur Einstein.

Committee Street Maneuvers—Chas. C. Pinckney, chairman; J. S. Brittain, L. S. Everett, E. A. Palmgren.

Committee, Grotto maneuvers—Eugene E. Graham, chairman; J. H. Mitchell, F. M. Rivenbark, Ira O. Wortman.

Refreshments and music—A. S. Holden, chairman; J. H. James, Chas. B. Newcomb.

EXCURSION BRINGS CROWD.

Sunday School Pilgrimage from Maxton and Lumberton Yesterday.

The Sunday school excursion from Lumberton, Maxton and other Robeson county points, under the direction of County Treasurer M. G. McKenzie, brought approximately 900 persons over the Seaboard to Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach yesterday. The train arrived shortly before 11 o'clock and returned at 9:30 last night. Ten coaches were necessary to accommodate the excursionists.

Mr. McKenzie, who is superintendent of the Presbyterian Sunday school in Lumberton, is one of the most energetic Sunday school workers in the State, and is a leading spirit in the social outings of the Lumberton church societies. The excursionists that came to Wilmington under his direction yesterday were very much pleased and returned home in a happy frame of mind. A majority of the visitors sought the cooling breezes of the beach, but a number were in evidence on the streets of the city during most of the day.

IN RECORDER'S COURT.

Mr. Sam Eubanks Found Not Guilty of Fraud Yesterday.

Because an automobile that he had had repaired at E. P. Dudley's motor hospital, didn't run satisfactorily after it had been discharged as cured, Mr. Sam Eubanks stopped payment on the check that he had given Mr. Dudley in return for his trouble. Mr. Dudley, therefore had him haled into the Recorder's court yesterday morning on a charge of fraud, but as he was able to prove that he had the money in the bank at the time the check was given, Recorder Empie said "not guilty."

Sam Baldwin, colored, paid $5 and costs for assault on a female, and Messrs. E. Harlee Bellamy and A. C. Dixon and James Wade, the latter a negro, were fined $2.50 each for violating the driving ordinance.

TO OPEN HEADQUARTERS

Mr. Thomas E. Cooper Donates Use of Offices for Carrying on Campaign.

Announcement was made yesterday that Democratic Campaign Headquarters for New Hanover county will be opened on or about September 1 in the Trust building, Mr. T. E. Cooper, president of the American Bank and Trust Company, having offered offices in that building free of charge to those who will be in charge of the local campaign to secure 3,000 votes in New Hanover county for President Wilson and other Democrats in the approaching election.

As already announced the office and headquarters for the Democratic Executive committee of New Hanover during the campaign will be in charge of the Secretary, C. C. Cashwell, Esq., and will be located in the Trust building.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday: Manhattan Company to Kinsey Hobbs, for $100 and other considerations, lot on the south side of Orange street, 120 feet west aof 17th street, 40x107 feet in size; B. T. Hopkins and wife to Annie L. Bell, for $100 and other considerations, lot at Carolina Place.

WORK FOR YOURSELF

By Having a Savings Account. Save what you can; have an object in view. Some day you will want to go into business for YOU—your savings will not only supply the needed money, but will also be a firm basis for credit—and credit to the business man is of more importance than ready money. One Dollar or more will begin a savings account here.

ESTABLISHED 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

The People Who Select a Trust Company

Among those who select a Trust Company to act as their Executor and Trustee when they are not longer here to act for themselves are Bankers, Merchants, Capitalists, Lawyers—indeed, men and women in every occupation of life. Anyone who desires their Estate to be administered economically and their wishes carried out, should name the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company as Executor or Trustee. A consultation with us costs nothing.

May we talk the matter over with you?

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street

Oldest and Largest North Carolina Savings Bank.

CAROLINA BEACH IMPROVEMENT.

Pier at Popular Resort is Being Extended to Old Wreck.

That Carolina Beach is becoming a more popular resort with each succeeding summer is evidenced by the fact that it can now boast of 60 houses, all of which are occupied. According to a well known resident, the fact that the Beach is easily accessible by automobiles at all times, while it is also reached regularly by boat, makes it the ideal summer resort.

In addition to the fine new club house for the Beach Gun Club, another important improvement under way is the extension of the pier to the wreck of the old blockade runner, "Beauregard." Piling is being hauled for a 150-foot extension of the pier. The extension will be tied into the wreck, which will give the pier great stability against the wash of waves. As the wreck is also a great loafing place for sheephead and other members of the finny tribe, the completion of the pier will also be a great boon to local fishermen.

LOCAL DOTS

—Rev. George B. Webster, will preach at Winter Park at 11 a. m. today in place of Rev. J. H. Miller, who will supply the pulpit at Fifth Avenue Methodist church.

Monday, Aug. 21 | Belk-Williams Co. | Monday, Aug. 21

All Seasonable Merchandise on Sale

At Belk-Williams Company

Now Is the Time to Get the Best Prices on Seasonable Goods

Don't Fail to Come and Look Them Over.

COAT SUIT SECTION.

Sport Coats at	$1.49
All $10.00 Keep Kool Suits at	$4.98
$10.00 Mohair Suits at	$4.98
$10.00 Palm Beach Suits at	$4.98
$24.75 Silk Pongee Suits, at	$12.38
$32.50 Cream Suits at	$16.25
$45.00 Silk Pongee Suits at	$22.50

Millinery Section

Shapes and Trimmed Hats, $2.50 to $3.50, at	59c
Shapes and Trimmed Hats, $1.00 to $2.00, at	29c
One Counter 25c and 50c Hats, at	5c
$2.00 Parasols at	$1.39
$2.50 Parasols at	$1.69
$4.00 Parasols at	$2.95
$5.00 Parasols at	$3.75
$6.50 Parasols at	$4.00

Dress Goods Section

30 in. 10c Lawns at yard	5c
15c Beach Skirting at yard	10c
40 in. 15c Voiles at yard	10c
40 in. 29c Marquisettes, at yard	15c
30 in. 39c Voiles, at yard	19c

Shoe Section

$3.50 May Manton Oxfords and Pumps at	$2.89
$3.50 Dorothy Dodd Oxfords and Pumps at	$2.98
$4.00 Dorothy Dodd Oxfords and Pumps at	$3.39
$4.50 Dorothy Dodd Oxfords and Pumps at	$3.69
$2.50 Smart Set Pumps and Oxfords at	$1.89
$2.00 Lady Best Pumps and Oxfords at	$1.49

Men's Clothing Section

Men's Palm Beach and Keep Kool Suits at 1-3 Off

$1.00 Men's Straw Hats at	50c	$2.00 Men's Straw Hats at	$1.00
$1.25 Men's Straw Hats at	63c	$2.50 Men's Straw Hats at	$1.25
$1.50 Men's Straw Hats at	75c	Men's Silk Shirts	$1.98
$2.00 Men's Straw Hats at	75c	Men's Silk Shirts	$2.95
		Men's Silk Shirts	$3.95

Bon Marche

C. W. Polvogt Company's Old Stand
Opposite Post Office

Bon Marche

The Big Re-Organization Sale Begins Monday

August 21st, at 9 o'Clock. Everything Must Be Sold at Once

The Merchandise That Will be Closed Out at Such Remarkably Low Prices Was Purchased by Us From C. W. Polvogt Company Whom You all Know. You are Familiar With the Character of the Goods That This Old Reliable Firm Handled for so Many Years in This City and We Feel That it is Not Necessary for Us to Say Much Concerning the Quality of the Merchandise That We are Offering the Buying Public at the Lowest Prices Ever Quoted by a Store in this Section of the State.

A Few Minutes Spent in This Store Will Readily Convince You That We Mean to Close Out This Entire Stock Regardless of Former Cost Marks or Selling Prices. As a Matter of Fact Most of the Things That We Offer are Priced During This Sale Greatly Below Prevailing Wholesale Prices in Eastern Markets Today.

Extra Specials for the Sale

10c Royal Medicated Soap, **2c** per cake, 5 cakes limited to a customer. This soap has been on sale here for several months by the Polvogt Company and a number of people have purchased it for 10c a cake, or 3 cakes for 25c. We are going to offer it to the people of Wilmington at **2c** a cake, 5 cakes limit to a customer.

Special Values in Long Silk and Crepe Kimonos

Long Crepe Kimonos in $1.00 and $2.00 value special at **88c**
$2.50 Crepe Kimonos; special at **$1.48**
$5.00 Silk Kimonos; special value at **$2.88**
$2.50 Silk Kimonos; special at **$1.50**

Extra Special in Talcum Powder

15c and 25c cans Air Float Talcum Powder; special at, per can **5c**
Babcock's and Colgate's Talcum Powder; regular 15c cans at, per can **6c**
Lily of the Valley Soap, 3 cakes in a box 25c; special at, per box **10c**
One lot of embroidered Dress Patterns that sold at $3.50 and $5.00; special at **50c**

Hairgoods Specials

$3.00 to $9.75 Hair Switches; one lot; special at **$1.98**
10c Hair Nets; special at, each **5c**

Handkerchiefs at Special Prices

Women's 5c Linen Handkerchiefs; special, at each **3c**
Women's 12½c and 15c Embroidered Handkerchiefs; special at, each **8c**
20c and 25c plain Linen Handkerchiefs; special at, each **15c**

Button Values

5c card of Pearl Buttons; special at **3c**
10c card of Pearl Buttons; special at, per card .. **6c**

Laces and Embroideries

One special lot of assorted Val and Cluny Laces at the extraordinary price of **2c** per yard.
10c, 12½c and 15c Lace; special at, per yard .. **5c**
One lot of embroideries that sold up to 15c per yard; special at, per yard **5c**
One special lot of Embroideries that sold up to 25c per yard; special at, per yard **10c**

Pretty Cotton Voiles Way Under Regular Values

We are placing on sale beginning Monday a lot of these fancy voiles that you have been paying 25c, 35c and 50c per yard, special at **12½c** per yard; 75c voiles special at **25c** a yard.

You Can Not Buy Silks as Cheap at Wholesale

$1.50 yard-wide black taffeta, special at this sale for, per yard **98c**
$1.75 yard-wide black taffeta, special at this sale for, per yard **$1.19**
Yard-wide foulard silks that sold up to $1.25 per yard, special at this sale, per yard **50c**

Rules Governing Re-Organization Sale

We wish to state that we have always made rules regulating our big sales in Asheville and we find that it is much the best, for the reason that we put on a large force of new salespeople who are not used to our system and naturally would not be able to handle the big crowds if we did not have special rules for the occasion.

RULE 1—All goods sold for cash only. No goods charged to anyone.
RULE 2—No goods exchanged, sent on approval or allowed to be returned.
RULE 3—No goods put aside for anyone.
RULE 4—No goods sold to merchants in bulk at this sale.
RULE 5—No alterations made in garments at sale prices.

We ask the public to kindly carry with them as many of their small parcels as possible as our delivery department will be over-taxed for this sale.

Big Stock of Ladies, Misses, and Mens Bathing Suits and Accessories at Closing Out Prices.

We will place on this sale our entire line of bathing suits, right up to the minute in style and were bought for this season's selling; only a few of the prices mentioned below.

Bathing Suits for women, $2.25 grade; special at **$1.19**
Bathing Suits for women, $3.50 grade; special at **$1.98**
One lot of Bathing Caps and Shoes, sold regularly for 25c; special at, each **9c**
One lot of Men's Bathing Suits, $1.75 and $2.00 grades; special at **98c**

Some Miscellaneous Specials

Belding's Guaranteed Taffeta Silk yard wide, being sold for $2.00 per yard at the present time; special at, per yard **95c**
Fancy Ribbons, 25c and 35c values; special at, per yard **10c**
Susine Silk that sold up to 25c per yard; special at **10c**
Ladies' Home Journal Patterns; take your choice at **1c** each. Big assortment to choose from.

Several Lots of Skirts at Exceptionally Low Prices

One lot of Wool Skirts which sold all the way up to $6.50; special at this sale **98c**
Nice assortment of Serge Skirts and Mixtures; special at ..... **$1.98, $2.98** and **$3.98**
Silk Skirts that sold up to $12.00; special at **$4.98**
One lot of Wash Skirts in white lawn; special at **19c**
Special lot of Cannon Cloth Skirts that sold up to $1.00; special at **39c**

Dancing Frocks in the Most Up-to-Date Styles

We have a number of special values in dancing frocks but we are only mentioning a few of them below:

Smart Dresses that sold for $13.50; special at .. **$5.98**
Dresses that sold for $18.50 special at **$7.50**
Dresses that sold for $22.00 and $25; special at **$11.95**

Silk and Lisle Gloves

For all Occasions at Extra Special Prices

You will find at this sale special offerings of long Silk Gloves, the kind that have been selling for $1.00 per pair, in white and black and a few in colors; special at **59c** per pair.

One lot of small size Silk Gloves in silk and lisle; special at **29c** per pair; originally sold for from 50c to $1.00 per pair.

Splendid Offerings in Hosiery

One lot of Ladies' fancy and plain Hose, regular price 50c per pair; special at **10c** per pair.

One lot of white Lisle Lace Hose, 89c grade; special at **19c** per pair.

Special lot of Children's Hose that sold at 25c per pair; extra special at **5c** per pair.

One lot of Ladies' Tan Hose, have been selling at 25c per pair; special at **5c** per pair.

Millinery Department

In the Balcony

Will Show Some Extraordinary and Desirable Bargains in Shapes, Flowers and Trimmed Hats.

WE MENTION ONLY A FEW

One lot of untrimmed Shapes that have been selling for from $1.50 to $5.00; special at **25c**

One lot of Shapes that sold as high as $3.50; special at **15c**

One lot of trimmed Hats that sold from $3.00 to $6.00; special at **50c**

One large assortment of Flowers in splendid variety of colorings, all closing out at **9c** each. sold up to 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Another large assortment of Flowers and Feathers to be closed out at **19c** each; sold up to $1.50.

Other assortments marked at prices from one-half to one-fourth their real value.

Table Linens, Napkins and Towels to be Sacrificed at Prices Below Wholesale

50c cotton Mercerized Table Damask; special this sale, per yard **29c**
75c Mercerized Table Damask, special at this sale, per yard **39c**
$1.50 special grade Table Linen; special at this sale, per yard **98c**
Towels at special prices.
One lot of 10c Towels; special at, each **5c**
One lot of 15c large size Towels; extra value at, each **10c**
25c Bath Towels; special at each **15c**
18c All Linen Crash which will be sold at 25c per yard this fall; special, per yard ... **12c**
35c and 50c Lunch Cloths, 36x36; special at this sale, each **19c**
$1.50 Mercerized Napkins, extra good value; special at this sale, per dozen **95c**
$1.00 Napkins; special at this sale, per dozen **59c**
Regular $4.50 grade, 22-in. Napkins; extra special at this sale, per dozen **$2.50**
One special lot of 12½c Pillow Cases, 42x36; special at, each **8c**
18c and 20c Pillow Cases, 42 and 45x36; special at 12½c
Sheets, 72x90, regular price 80c; special at, each **59c**

REMEMBER THIS SALE CONTINUES UNTIL EVERYTHING IS SOLD

Bon Marche

C. W. Polvogt Company's Old Stand
Opposite Post Office

Bon Marche

This $40,000 Stock Is Being Sacrificed

It Is a Complete Clearance of All Goods On Hand

Not a Single Item in This Big Well Assorted Stock Is to be Reserved; if You Only Want to Purchase a Paper of Pins You Can Buy Them for Less During This Epoch Making Event.

In making our bow to the buying public of this community we want to impress upon one and all that we are not given to sensational sale methods, nor exaggeration, or inflation of values. If we advertise it, it is so and we bank our reputation on every published or verbal assertion that we make concerning our goods and values.

We invite careful inspection and comparison of our goods and prices and we feel confident that you will leave this store satisfied that we are doing everything we claim in the way of price reduction.

Come Early and Stay Late, Take Full Advantage of the Great Purchasing Power of Your Money, for You May Never Have Such a Wonderful Opportunity Again in the Course of a Life Time.

Umbrellas and Parasols at Exceptionally Low Prices

One lot of Parasols that have been selling at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00; special at this sale for, each **50c**

One lot of Parasols that sold up to $3.00; special at this sale for, each **75c**

$1.00 Umbrellas; special at ..... **69c** each

$1.50 Umbrellas; special at ..... **$1.00** each

$3.50 Umbrellas; special at ..... **$1.98** each

$5.00 Umbrellas; special at ..... **$2.98** each

Shirt Waists and Middy Blouses

One special lot of Middies that sold at 75c and $1.25; special at **25c**

One special lot of Middies that sold at $1.00 and $1.25; special at **88c**

One special lot of Shirt Waists that sold at $1.00 and $1.50 special at **69c**

One lot of Jap Silk Waists that sold at $2.98; special at **49c**

One lot of Waists that sold at $3.98 to $5.00; special at **$1.98**

Dress Goods for Less Than Prevailing Prices at the Mills at the Present Time

We are offering the Polvogt Company's fine line of Dress Goods at prices that would make a wholesaler weep.

Dress Goods that have been selling at 50c, 75c and $1.00 per yard every day; Special at this sale, per yard **25c**

Dress Goods that sold up to $2,00 per yard; Special at this sale, per yard **50c**

Special line of Wool Goods that sold up to $2.50 per yard; Special at this sale per yard **$1.00**

One lot of Sunburst Sateen that sold at 25c and 35c per yard; Special at this sale, per yard **15c**

Wash Fabrics and Cotton Goods at Prices That We Could Not Duplicate Today at Wholesale

One lot of Gingham that we would have to pay at least 11c per yard for today in the market in New York that the Polvogt Company sold for 12½c per yard, special at this sale for **6c** per yard.

Other specials in Gingham at **7c, 8c, 9c, 10c** and **12c** per yard.

One special lot of Ripplette in White and Colors that sold at 12½c per yard, Special at **7c** per yard.

One lot of White Goods, very nice quality, 15c grade; special at **9c** per yard.

One lot of fancy White Goods that sold at 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c per yard; special at **8c** per yard.

Cotton Crepes in Fancy and Plain Colors at two prices; **5c** and **8c** per yard.

One lot of Apron Gingham; special at **5c** per yard.

One special lot of Fancy Flannelettes that have been selling at 12½c per yard and will be sold at 15c per yard in the fall; special at this sale, **5c** per yard.

25c Poplins, big assortment of colors; special at **12½c** per yard.

18c grade Kiddie Cloth and Galatea; special at **11c** per yard.

12½c yard wide Percale, good colorings; special at **9c** per yard.

Underwear and Corsets Attractively Priced

One special lot of Corsets that have been selling at 50c each; special at this sale, each.. **29c**

One special lot of Corsets that have been selling at $1.00 to $3.00 in W-B and other makes special at, each **59c**

50c Muslin Gowns at, each **25c**

25c Drawers; special, per pair, at **15c**

Ladies' 10c Gauze Vests; special at, each **6c**

Extra Special in Wash Dresses

One lot of House Dresses that sold up to $2.50 special at **25c**

One lot of Lingerie and Crepe Dresses that sold up to $4.50; special at **59c**

Remnants and Odds and Ends in Every Line to Close Out at Less Than Half Their Real Value

We have gone through the stock thoroughly and have taken all the short lengths and put them up in remnants and you will find one large table composed of real good values in short ends and you must be sure to take a look at them during the sale as it will pay you to do so.

Sport Coats and Sweater Coats at Sale Prices

We Have Numerous Other Items in Our Ready-to-Wear Department Which Will be Marked With a Red Tag at a Special Price.

$3.50 Sport Coats; special at.... **$1.98**

$7.50 Sport Coats; special at.... **$2.98**

$10.00 Sport Coats; special at... **$3.98**

$7.50 Silk Sweaters; special at ... **$1.98**

REMEMBER
The Sale Starts Promptly at 9 A. M. Monday, Aug. 21st.

Summer Suits and Dresses at Lower Than Material Prices

You will find the ready-to-wear department ready for you in every respect.

The prices we are offering in ready made goods are almost beyond reason, but we have made up our mind to close out the entire season's stock and we intend to do so in as short time as possible.

No alterations made on any garments.

Special lot of Palm Beach and Linen Middy Suits, sold for $6.50, special, at **$2.98**

$25.00 Silk Suits, special at ... **$7.50**

One lot of Wool Suits that sold up to $35.00, special at $7.50 and **$8.50**

One lot of Wool Suits that sold from $25.00 to $35.00, Special at..... ..... **$2.98, $3.98** and **$4.98**

Summer Voile and Crepe Dresses that sold up to $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00; special at **$2.98, $3.98** and **$4.50**.

Silk Dresses in Satin and Taffeta that sold up as high as $25.00; special at ..... **$3.98, $4.95** and **$5.98**

Children's Navy Blue Serge Middy Suits, $6.50 value, special at **$3.75**

One lot of Misses and Childern's Rain Coats that sold for $2.50, special at **$1.48**

One lot of Ladies' Rain Coats; Special at **$1.98**

One rack of nurses and maids' Dresses that sold for $1.25; special at **59c**

WE SUGGEST THAT YOU COME EARLY AND GET FIRST CHOICE

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Perkins, of Lincolnton, were in the city yesterday, guests at the Hotel Wilmington.

• • •

Mrs. O. R. Brinson, left yesterday for Atlanta, Ga., where she will spend some time and her aunt, Mrs. R. L. Neil.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Drake, of Southport, were visitors in the city yesterday. They were registered at Hotel Wilmington.

• • •

Master Otto R. Connor, of Bellhaven, N. C., is spending several days as the guest of Misses Carrie and Ellie White, No. 119 South Sixth street.

• • •

Miss Dorothy Howle has returned to her home in Hartsville, S. C., accompanied by Miss Thelma Fillyaw, who will spend several weeks there.

• • •

Mr. T. P. Dorsey and family have returned to their home at No. 520 Church street after an extended visit of three months to Northern cities.

• • •

Mr. Warren Sanders will render a violin solo at the meeting of the Business Men's Bible class at the First Baptist church this morning at 9:45 o'clock.

• • •

Mr. A. W. Ek and family have returned to their home at No. 517 Chestnut street after spending some time at Asheville and on a motoring trip through the country.

• • •

Mrs. John Langford and two small sons, Jack and Frank, of Atlanta, who have been visiting Mrs. Langford's sister, Mrs. B. F. King, have returned to their home.

• • •

Mr. Frederick J. Drew and his mother, Mrs. S. S. Drew, are visiting at the home of Mr. Jeff D. Lee, at Wilson. They will also visit friends in Bethel and Washington before their return.

• • •

Miss Emma Martin, of the High School faculty, who is tutoring pupils desiring to make up work, is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Worth on Greenville Sound.

• • •

Fayetteville Observer: "Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Percival and little son left yesterday to spend awhile at Wrightsville Beach.—Col. and Mrs. W. S. Cook hav egone to Wrightsville for a visit.

• • •

Red Springs correspondence: "Miss Fannie Devane left Monday for Williamson, to visit Mrs. Bolles. Mrs. Bolles is very pleasantly remembered in Red Springs as Miss Chrissie Black."

• • •

On account of the large number of members out of town, the meeting of the Epworth League of Grace Methodist church which was scheduled for tonight has been indefinitely postponed.

• • •

Mrs. T. E. Cooper has returned to the city after spending the past six weeks in the mountains of Western Carolina, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Collins, at their home near Hendersonville.

• • •

Willard correspondence, Pender Chronicle: Miss Thelma McGowan returned Saturday from Wilmington, where she spent some time visiting relatives.—Misses Elizabeth Page and Minnie McGowan left Wednesday to spend some time in Wilmington.

• • •

Atkinson, N. C., Aug. 19.—In the absence of the pastor ,Rev. E. B. Carr, who will be away conducting a revival meeting at Bowden, Deacon, J. W. Flynn, of Caswell Presbyterian church, will fill the pulpit of Harmony Presbyterian church at Kerr on the fourth Sunday. It is to be hoped that a large crowd will turn out to hear Mr. Flynn.

• • •

Miss Julia Culbreth, who is widely known throughout the State as a talanted soloist, having formerly been in charge of the teaching of violin at Carolina College at Maxton, who is now choir director of St. Paul's Episcopal church in Petersburg, Va., is the guest of her brother and sister, Dr. and Mrs. N. A. Culbreth, No. 707 Princess street.

• • •

Mount Olive Tribune: Mr. Emmett J. Pope, the well known son of Mr. Henry J. Pope, who is an employee of the Atlantic Coast Line transportation department, with headquarters at Wilmington, was the guest of relatives here the latter part of last week. —Mrs. Edward Mann, of Wilmington, after spending several days with her niece, Mrs. B. A. Summerlin, returned home Monday.

• • •

Wallace, N. C., Aug. 19.—Little Miss Mary Susan Carroll, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Carroll, celebrated her eleventh birthday Wednesday afternoon in a most delightful manner. On the front lawn, where the invited guests were assembled, the little folks played at "private theatricals" until refreshments were served, and then not having concluded their self-arranged programme, they returned to the same amusement.

• • •

Miss Julia Culbreth, choir director of St. Paul's Episcopal church in Petersburg, Va., at the morning service of the First Presbyterian church today will sing "The Lord is My Life," by Allitson. At the eevning service there will be special music by the young people's college choir and Mrs. W. A. Fonveille will be the soloist. Mr. Ernest Cavenaugh, a pupil of Miss Cannie Chasten, will be the organist at the night service.

• • •

Elizabethtown, N. C., Aug. 19.—Wednesday morning from 10.30 to 12 o'clock Mrs. E. F. McCulloch, Jr., delightfully entertained at a rook party in honor of Misses Moses. Miss Moses was delayed and did not arrive in time for the party, but the guests enjoyed Mrs. McCulloch's charming hospitlity and dainty refreshments, consisting of pudding and cake. Mrs. Neal Bryan presided at the punch bowl. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. Fearsall and daughter, Miss Elinor, of Waycross, Ga.; Miss Annie Johnson, of Red Springs; Misses Marian Haigh, Alma Holland and Mr. Paul Holland, Fayetteville.

• • •

Bender Chronicle, Burgaw: "Miss Geneva Moore was a visitor at Wrightsville Beach last aSturday.—Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Murphy spent last Thursday night in Wilmington.—Miss Maggie Murphy and Miss Ruth Moore spent the week-end at Wrightsville Beach.—Misses Effie Herring and Sophia Moore were visitors to Wilmington one day last week.—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Myers, Mrs. J. M. Myers, Mrs. M. P. Rample, Miss Gladys and Master Coin Myers, spent last Sunday at Wrightsville Beach.—Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Huhn and little daughter, Melva, spent several days at Wrightsville Beach last week.—Messrs. Benjamin Bland and Ardrey Crowell motored to Wrightsville Beach last Saturday evening, where they took in the dance that night.—Messrs. John J. Best and C. M. Johnston left last Saturday evening for Wrightsville Beach, where they spent several days.—Mr. W. K. Allen, of Wilmington, spent Tuesday here on professional business.—Mr. J. F. Johnson spent last Thursday in Wilmington."

• • •

Onslow Progress, Jacksonville: "Misses Mae Landen, of Wilmington; Thelma Taylor, of Richlands; Rena and Bessie Marshburn, of Dixon, and Messrs. Elisha and Henry Marshburn, of Wilmington, are attending a house party given by Misses Lucile and Ruth Marshburn at their home, "Chapel Farm," near Catherine Lake.—Misses Lena Dawson and Essie Leonard, of Wilmington are visiting Miss Della Jones, at Catherine Lake."

• • •

Taboo correspondence: "Miss Dorothmy Bland, of Burgaw, is spending some time here with her sister, Mrs. D. A. Humphrey.—Mr. Crance Harrelson, Dr. Curry, Misses May and Leonia Ward spent Sunday at Wrightsville Beach.—Mrs. H. C. Garrell gave an entertainment for her Sunday class Saturday night. Craem and Cake were served and many games were played. The guests thoroughly enjoyed the occasion."

• • •

Invitations have been received here and elsewhere reading as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Pitts Williamson
announce the engagement and
approaching marriage of
their daughter,
Bertha Bellmont,
to
Mr. John Valentine Rowell,
of Marion, South Carolina.
The marriage to be solemnized
Thursday afternoon, August 31,
at 4 o'clock, at "Glenwood."
The home of the bride's parents,
Cerro Gordo, North Carolina.

• • •

Trenton, N. C., Aug. 19.—Dalton May, of this place, and Miss Eva Collins, of Maysville, N. C., were married here Sunday afternoon by Rev. B. F. Smith, of Kinston. The ceremony was performed in the home of the bride's uncle, J. B. Collins. The couple are popular here and their attempt to keep the wedding a secret from all except a few friends was a failure. The prospective bridegroom drove to the register of deeds' office and there let the secret escape. Unbidden guests to a number that filled the home of Mr. Collins gathered to witness the marriage. Following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. May drove to the home of the bridegroom's family, where a supper was served the bridal party.

• • •

Onslow Progress, Jacksonvile: "A quiet wedding tok place here Wednesday morning at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. N. Scott, when Mr. J. Frank Brown, of Wilmington, led to the altar Miss Druie Caroline Montfort, daughter of Mr. Will Montfort, the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Copeland, of Swannsboro. Promptly at 10 o'clock, the hour set for the marriage Miss Gretchen Farnell began Lohengrin's wedding march, then Miss Trixie Farnell maid of honor, dressed in blue, came into the room followed by the bride and groom who took their place at the altar. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Brown, left on the 11 o'clock train for Wilmington, N. C., where they will make their future home. The out of town guests were Misses Gretchen Farnell, Louise and Carlton Montfort, Messrs. L. B. and A. H. Farnell, of Hubert and Mr. Jesse Brown, of Wilmington, father of the groom."

• • •

MISS TROUTT WILL BE LEADER AT THE MEETING.

Miss Anna Troutt, the retiring secretary of the Y. W. C. A., will be the leader at the meeting of the Helen Alexander League of Business Women on Tuesday night and at the close of the business meeting will make an inspirational talk on "Teaching Tryst." As this will be the last time Miss Troutt will meet with the club, it is hoped that all the members of the organization can be present.

Miss Nancy Anderson, the new secretary of the Y. W. C. A. will also be present and will make an address. All members are requested to bring their Alexander hymn books.

• • •

HELEN ALEXANDER LEAGUE MEETS TUESDAY EVENING

The Helen Alexander League of Business Women will meet on Tuesday evening at the Young Women's Christian Association building at 6 o'clock, this being the meeting which was postponed fron last Thursday night on account of the beach celebration. The meeting will be preceded by a supper. Members are requested to get their tickets by tomorrow noon as none will be sold after that time. They may be secured at the Y. W. C. A.

Miss Nancy Anderson, the new secretary of the association, will be present at this meeting and Miss Troutt, the retiring secretary, will also be present.

• • •

WARSAW NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST IN SOCIAL REALM

Warsaw, N. C., Aug. 18.—A very interesting meeting of the Christian Endeavor society was conducted by Miss Lou Mitchell Faison, assisted by Miss Susie Faison, on last Thursday evening. The subject, "Consecration of Friendship," was embodied in several readings, and was the subject of an interesting talk by Rev. Robert King, of Kenansville. There was a vocal duet by Misses Bettie Hunter and Brookie Hines, and one by Mesdames W. B. Aycock and A. O. Moore.

Misses Veritas and May Sanders, of Wilmington, guests for the past week of Miss Julia Ricks, have been the recipients of many social courtesies during their visit. They are given a picnic at the Country Club on last Saturday, when boating, bathing and outdoor games constituted the amusements, while an appetizing lunch added to the pleasure of the day.

Mrs. John A. Ricks delightfully entertained with a moonlight lawn party for the young ladies at her home Monday evening. Several forms of entertainment were used to pass the time for an hour or more, when an enjoyable ice course was served. The floral decorations for the occasion were in

(Continued on Page Nine.)

NOTED ARTISTS WILL SING IN AUDITORIUM

Splendid Attraction Announced for Wrightsville Beach.

Alice Eversman, Prominent Prima Donna-Soprano, and Elena de Sayn, Noted Russian Violinist, to Give Recital.

For the opening event of the Harbor Island auditorium, which is now about completed at Wrightsville Beach, the management accounts itself exceedingly fortunate in having engaged for a concert recital on Tuesday evening of next week, August 29th, two such celebrated artists as Alice Eversman, prima donna-soprano, one of America's coming operatic singers, a late acquisition of the Metropolitan Opera Company, New York, and Elena de Sayne, noted Russian violinist.

These favorite artists will appear for one concert recital only and in collaboration with the Don Richardson Orchestra, which has added so greatly to its already established prestige during the past season at Lumina and which will shortly make a tour of the larger musical centers of the State. The visiting artists, however, will bring their own accompanist, Miss Gertrude Bertine, of New York, who is with them on all their tours out of New York.

For this great musical attraction, which will bring to Wilmington, it is expected, a large number of visitors from all over the State, an admission of only 50 cents will be charged and for reserved seats an additional charge of 25 cents. These concert-recitals are a class of musical attractions that ordinarily command a much larger admission price than is being charged on this occasion, but the management especially desires that the audience for the appearance here will attract a capacity house.

Alice Eversman is one of the newest American grand opera stars, and has achieved notable success in America and Europe. She has studied under a number of famous masters. One of these was Signor Vincenzio Sabatina, who was also the teacher of the famous John McCormack. Other teachers under whom she has studied are George Fergusson, of Berlin; Mme. Nikish, of Leipzig, and Emma Thursby, of New York. Of a recent appearance, the critic of the St. Louis Republic said:

"Alice Eversman has a dramatic soprano of great power, musical quality and large compass, which she manages with skill and confidence that shows careful training. She is able to paint tone pictures in concert with great success, so well does she sing."

The Washington Post recently went so far as to comment editorially on her work as "most remarkable" and as demonstrating the extraordinary preparedness of the artist.

Press criticisms show remarkable unanimity on the brilliance of her dramatic soprano, the beautiful quality of her tones, the clarity of her enunciation and her artistic interpretation. Her repertoire includes modern American and European composers and she sings in the original languages, including the Russian.

Elena de Sayn, the virtuoso, is one of the foremost Russian artists and is a graduate of the Royal Conservatory at Leipsic and an artist pupil of the famous Sevcic, of Vienna. She has played before members of the Royal courts in many European capitals. Her recent tours of England, Germany and Russia won high appreciation from the press and public.

The Dresdener Anzeiger recently said of her: "Elena de Sayn won the people by her warm musical feeling. She has a quiet musical nature and her clean-cut interpretation and warm singing tone were particularly sympathetic."

She has warm appreciations from leading journals of Dresden, Leipzig, Odessa, London, Berlin and leading cities in America. A summary of these agrees upon her large, beautiful, singing tone, perfect intonation, sure, easy technic, phrasing and shading, remarkable for their sensitive refinement, grace of style, rythmical vigor and the unfailing charm of sincerity.

She comes from a noble and distinguished family, her father being one of the great generals of the Russian Czar. She is a niece of the governor-general of Finland and it will be gratifying to patriotic Americans to know that she is the great grand-niece of the valiant Kosciusko, who fought so bravely under Washington in the American Revolution.

The auditorium has a seating capacity of 1,700 people and can probably accommodate several hundred more by the use of temporary seats. On account of the character of the entertainment and the fact that this will be the opening night, a capacity house is assured.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mrs. R. C. Ruark, left yesterday by automobile for Southport, where he will join his wife and children for a short vacation.

—Mr. L. Busbee Pope, editor of the Dunn Guide, who came down to attend the Feast of Lanterns, will return home this morning.

—Mr. C. M. Barker, a leading business man of Lumberton, was among the week-end arrivals in the city and at th ebeach yesterday.

—C. C. Cashwell, Esq., will leave this afternoon for St. Petersburg, Fla., where he will spend about a week visiting his uncle, Mr. J. H. Cashwell.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial yesterday were George Ruck, Rocky Mount; A. T. Davis ,Cumberland; B. R. Gillard, Greensboro; Chas. T. Shipps, Raleigh; Geo. J. Powers, Willard; E. T. Warner, Raleigh.

—Mr. W. B. Harker, editor of the Maxton Scottish Chief, who is more popularly known among his associates as "Young" Harker, was one of the visitors here for the Feast of the Lanterns.

—Among the late arrivals at Hotel Wilmington last night were O. C. Blanchard, Wallace; H. S. McCallum, Maxton; A. E. Escott, Charlotte; Gray Craven, Abbottsburg; Henry Gully, Proctorville.

—Mr. Arthur Roscower, editor of the Goldsboro Headlight, who attended the Feast of Lanterns at the beach, returned to his home at Goldsboro last night. He will bring his family to the beach this week to spend some time. Mr. Roscower has always been a great friend of the beach.

—Mayor M. W. Linke, who is also editor of the Nashville Graphic, and Mrs. Linke, who were among the visitors here for the Feast of Lanterns, will return to their home at Nashville today. Mayor Linke will return to the beach with a party on next Friday to spend the week-end.

—Among the arrivals at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday were Geo. A. Wilkinson, Rocky Mount; J. R. Townsend and W. F. Townsend, Greensboro; George E. Daniel, Goldsboro; J. F. Orren, Statesville; A. M. Lucas, Councils; M. Goodman, Laurinburg; C. H. Carver, Bolton.

—Among the arrivals at the Orton yesterday were E. M. Koonce, Onslow; Capt. A. Greigh, Jr., Raleigh; P. M. Williams, Wallace; H. J. Faison, Faison; R. F. Phillips, E. F. Warner and J. C. Powell, Raleigh; E. J. Hill, Warsaw; T. J. Murphy, Greensboro; Henry E. Faison, Clinton; Rev. E. F. Heald, Jr., Hickory.

MISSION PHARMACY
AGENTS FOR
PAGE & SHAW'S
—THE—
CANDY OF EXCELLENCE.
5 N. FRONT STREET

Wrightsville Beach

O. P. Shell, Esq., former mayor of Dunn, and Mrs. Shell are guests at the Seashore hotel.

Mr. Thomas H. Hill and his mother, Mrs. C. A. Hill, of Macon, Ga., are guests at the Hanover Inn.

Miss Katie Hall, of Atknson, who has been spending some time at the Parsley cottage, has returned home.

Miss Alma Smith, of Florence, S. C., who has been a guest at the Seaside cottage, has returned to her home.

Mrs. J. L. Willcox and sons, Hugh and Ed, left yesterday for their home in Florence, S. C., after having spent some time at the Seaside cottage.

Archdeacon Thomas P. Noe will conduct services and preach at the Beach Chapel, near station ten, on Wrightsville Beach, tonight at 8:30. The public is cordially invited.

Among the arrivals at the Hanover Inn yesterday were: W. H. Bickers, Memphis, Tenn.; W. F. Twitty and Weldon Twitty, Darlington, S. C.; Wyatt Brown, Greenville, N. C.

Cooleemee Cottage, the summer house of the Y. W. C. A., will remain open until September 17 and after that date for the remainder of the month will be available for house parties.

Miss Mildred Sledge, of Bamberg, S. C., who has been an attractive guest at the Oceanic Hotel, has gone to the mountains of western North Carolina, where she will spend some time.

Among the new arrivals at the Cooleemee cottage for the week-end are: Mrs. Maude Foy and Misses Daisy Duffy, Mabel Taylor, Letitia Melvin, Jeannette Glenn and May Whitney.

Archdeacon Thomas P. Noe will celebrate Holy Communion at the Girl's Friendly Holiday House, No. 9, Atlantic street, Wrightsville Beach Extension, at 8 o'clock this morning. The public is invited to be present.

The 600 excursionists in the city yesterday served to make the day one of the biggest of the season at Wrightsville Beach, certainly for a week day, a total of 3,100 people having been handled up to last midnight. The Japanese jugglers at Lumina were a big attraction and were responsible largely for the additional travel to the beach.

Among the arrivals at the Oceanic hotel yesterday were: Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ragan and family, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. H. G. Peterson, of Savannah, Ga.; J. P. Hubbard, Washington, D. C.; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Long, Norfolk, Va.; F. H. Lee, Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. W. A. Lane and children and Miss Mabel Lane, Monroe; B. W. Williamson and C. B. Scott, Hamlet.

Among the arrivals at the Seashore hotel yesterday were: Mrs. G. S. Vardaman, of Fayetteville; Mrs. R. W. McEwan and Misses Hally and Virginia McEwan, of Whippany, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs .George A. Wilkinson, Rocky Mount; Miss Willie Blanche Ellis, of Gainesville, Fla.; G. M. Graham, Atlanta; L. L. Lide, of St. Louis, Mo.; R. P. Saxton, of Fairmont, and J. R. Thompson, of Richmond, Va.

Among the recent arrivals at the Seaside cottage are Mrs. B. F. Keith, Jr., and sons, B. F. Keith, Jr., and J. C. Keith, of Wake Forest; Miss Laraterre Collins, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Arrington, Wake Forest; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Griffin, Wilmington; Mrs. Taylor and daughter, Miss Mildred, Burgaw; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jennings, Sumter, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. George Boylan, Wilmington; Mr. and Mrs. M. B. McAuley and son Marshall, Acme; Mrs. J. H. Wooten, Clarkton; Mrs. H. J. Gault, Acme.

"The Better Woman", a magnificent three-part Knickerbocker Star Feature drama, heads tomorrow night's motion picture offering at the Lumina "open air" theatre. "The Better Woman" is a new type of stirring melodrama, full of swift action and striking denouement, and will be found one of the most enjoyable offerings of the season, starring Reaves Eason, Jimsey Mayo and Edward Jobson. There is a rousing Vim comedy feature, "Dreamy Knights," an amusing burlesque on the immortal "Don Quixote" which stars Billy Ruge and other favorites.

Catch Lots of Fish.

Dr. Arnold Stovall and messrs. J. S. Williamson and A. C. Schuster returned Friday night from Southport, where they went on a fishing trip. They went down in Mr. Williams' launch and had splendid luck, catching 27 drum weighing from 15 to 35 pounds.

SAFETY FIRST
T. P. DORSEY
WALL PAPER. PAINTING.
6th and Church. 'Phone 1244.

MEMBERSHIP PLAN WINNING

Campaign of Chamber of Commerce Progressing Satisfactory—To Increase Activities.

The campaign directed by the Membership Committee, of the Chamber of Commerce, to sign the present membership and secure new members under the new plan, which has been in progress for the past week, is going forward in a most interesting and satisfactory manner that augurs well for the future of this commercial enterprise.

The substitution of the new standard rate of membership in place of the graduated scale and according like privileges to all, is being received with the expected popularity, as planned by the committee on constitution and by-laws in order to secure more members and as a consequence greater co-operation from the community at large.

When the campaign is completed the membership of the organization will undoubtedly be much larger than at present and with this new support it is planned to increase the activities accordingly.

The signing of ne wmembers has been a very important part of the committee's work and the success with this feature is especially noticeable at this time. The campaign will be in progress for several weeks and the new membership plan will become effective the first of October.

The committee is working enthusiastically and the membership blanks contain the following bit of interesting information:

Why you should be a member of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce:

Working for You—Chamber of Commerce members are working for your interest—Wilmington's interest. Whether "in" or "out" of the Chamber, you benefit, in common with all citizens, by its accomplishments.

Obligation to Community—You owe it to yourself and your city to give back something to the community in service, for what you are receiving from the community in commercial gain.

Businessman Citizen—Experience has shown that cities prosper and progress when their business men are actively interested in the solution of civic and commercial problems. Membership in the Chamber offers you, as a business man, an opportunity to have a useful part in the affairs of the Chamber.

Chamber's Needs—The Chamber needs you, as it needs the co-operation and support of every responsible business and professional man in Wilmington.

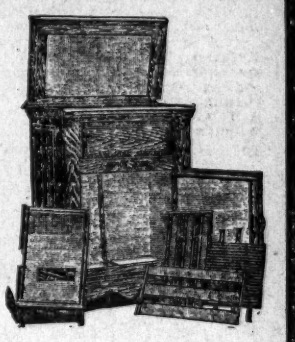
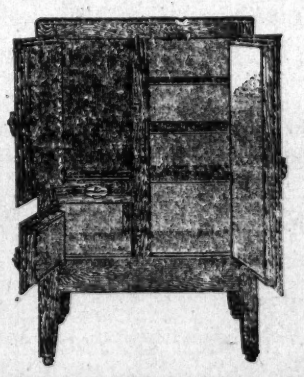
Good Business—And finally you should be a member of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce because it is "good business" to be identified with a municipal business organization—good business for your neighbor—good business for you—good business for your city. That is why membership is the first duty of citizenship of every Wilmington business man. Can you afford not to be a member?

Nadine Face Powder
(In Green Boxes Only)
Keeps The Complexion Beautiful
Soft and velvety. Money back if not entirely pleased. Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres until washed off. Prevents sunburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Tints: Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White.
By Toilet Counters or Mail, 50c.
National Toilet Company, Paris, Tenn.

The 49th Year
There Are Perhaps a Greater Proportion of Perfect Diamonds Set in Rings and Sold in Wilmington Than in Any City of Similar Size.
HONNET
Conservative Progress

Ice Cream Is Healthful
FROST'S IS BOTH DELICIOUS AND HEALTHFUL.
Frost Ice Cream is Made Under Strict Sanitary Conditions and Only the Purest Ingredients Are Used.
ANY QUANTITY, FLAVOR OR COLOR.
Delivery to All Parts of the City. Out-of-Town Mail and Telegraph Orders Filled Promptly.
TRY FROST'S
13 PRINCESS STREET. WILMINGTON, N. C.
PHONE 120

IN LEAD 801 DAYS
We have been in the Retail Grocery Business in this city Exactly 801 Days, and have
Never Failed to Score the Highest Percentage in Keeping a Sanitary Grocery Shop.
Why pay Drug Bills, and Disregard this Statement?
HALL & ROSS, Inc.
The Busiest Grocery in This City.

Special Sale Refrigerators

Owing to contemplated improvements we will close out all of the balance of our stock of McCray, North Star and Indiana Refrigerators and Ice Boxes at Great Sacrifice in prices.

PRICES:
$10.00
$12.00
$16.00
$20.00
$40.00
$50.00
$60.00
$70.00
N. JACOBI Hardware Co.
10 and 12 S. Front St.

THE OCEANIC HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.
Is Making a Reputation for Good Food and Service.
ENTIRE HOTEL REBUILT THIS SEASON
ALSO EQUIPPED WITH ELECTRIC FANS
TABLES RESERVED FOR PARTIES
—Telegraph for Reservations (Collect) or Write—
C. E. HOOPER, MANAGER
Hotel Owned and Operated by the Tide Water Power Co.

Buffalo Lithia Springs Hotel
Located in the most delightful section of Mecklenburg County, Virginia, this famous health resort will, this season, be
Under New Management—MR. C. E. GRAHAM
who has had many years' experience in the management of leading hotels in the east and south, will have charge, with a competent staff of heads, cooks and servants. All conditions combine to make Buffalo Lithia Springs the ideal summer resort. Those coming for treatment find in the curative waters a proved remedy for kidney and bladder troubles, while those seeking amusement may indulge in their favorite recreations.
On Norfolk Division of Southern Railway. Rates and full information on request.
Owned and operated by the
BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS WATER COMPANY, Buffalo Lithia Springs, Virginia

TOLLO WATER
RETAIL —— EXCLUSIVE AGENTS —— WHOLESALE
TWO SIZES—15c AND 35c.
—OIL KOREIN CAPSULES.—
Exclusive Agents.
40 Capsules, $1.00; Six for $5.00.
IF YOU CAN'T TELL US, TELEPHONE 248.
ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY
Dependable Druggists

SOCIAL

(Continued From Page Eight.)
a color scheme of yellow, rudbokia, dahlias, and astors being used.

Mrs. George S. Hughes, of Danville, Va., is the guest of Mrs. A. B. Anderson at the Warsaw Inn.

Miss Estelle Cox, of Wilmington, is visiting at the home of Sheriff G. G. Best.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Haslett, of Charleston, have returned home after spending some time with Mr. Haslett's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Haslett.

Miss Bettie Hunter is visiting relatives at Newport News, Va.

Mr. W. H. Williams went to Greensboro last week.

Mrs. J. A. Ricks and children are at Wrightsville Beach to take in the Feast of Lanterns.

* * *

Friday's Charlotte Observer: "Misses Mary Vanderburg, Violet Wiley, Virginia Davidson and Odessa Hunter, chaperoned by Mrs. J. S. Wray, left Charlotte Tuesday night on the special Atlantic City Southern Railway train being joined in Charlotte by a party of three young women from Wilmington, Misses Sadie Green, Augusta Boykin and Helen Bright. The Charlotte girls were winners in the contest which was conducted at the Broadway theatre and will travel to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Toronto, Canada, and New York City The Wilmington girls were winners in a like contest conducted by a theatre in that city. While in New York the party will be the guests of the Vitagraph Company of America and of S. L. Rothafel, owner of the Strand theatre of New York. The party will return to their respective homes the early part of September."

* * *

Thursday's Lumberton Robesonian: "Miss Letha Page returned Tuesday afternoon from Wrightsville Beach, where she spent several days.——Mrs. W. W. Carlyle returned Tuesday afternoon from Wrightsville Beach, where she spent a few days.——Miss Lucile Burkheimer, who had been visiting her aunt, Miss Rosamond Waddell, returned Tuesday night to her home at Wilmington.——Mrs. Jas. Williamson and Misses Rosa Wishart and Annie Bert Stainback left this morning for Wrightsville Beach, where they will spend a few days.——Mrs. Gilmer May and son, Master Edwin, who had been visiting at the home of Dr and Mrs. R. T. Allen, returned to their home at Wilmington Tuesday morning.——Mayor and Mrs. A. E. White and daughter, Miss Vashti, and Mr. W. F. French went yesterday to Wrightsville Beach, where they will spend several days. They made the trip in Mr. White's auto."

* * *

CHARLOTTE REGRETS TO LOSE MISS ANDERSON

Speaking of the departure of Miss Nancy Anderson, who has assumed her duties as secretary of the Wilmington Y. W. C. A., the Charlotte Observer has the following:

"Miss Anderson recently returned home from New York, where she took a year's course at the National Training School for Secretaries. Miss Anderson is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David H. Anderson, and is one of Charlotte's most accomplished and attractive young women. For several years past she has been an active member of the Y. M. C. A. Extension Chapter. Miss Anderson was interested in every phase of the work and last fall she decided to perfect herself in Y. M. C. A. work. Miss Anderson is one of the city's most gifted musicians. She has a beautiful contralto voice of exceptional depth and pathos. Her host of friends in this city will regret to give her up but will wish her great success in her chosen work."

* * *

OLDEST CONFEDERATE TWINS CELEBRATE GOLDEN WEDDING

Red Springs, N. C., Aug. 19.—An event of unusual interest will be the celebration on Tuesday, the 22nd, of the golden wedding anniversary of Messrs. Duncan A. and Daniel C. Buie, who are the oldest living Confederate twins and perhaps the oldest living twins in the State. They are 83 years old. They went to Davidson College together, went to the war together, and have lived near each other since their marriage. Duncan A. was married in June, 1866, to Miss Kate McGeachy, of the St. Paul neighborhood, and Daniel C. was married in October of that year to Miss Susan Salmon. The wedding dinner will be at the home of Mr. D. A. Buie, of Buie, and they will have as their guests, besides the two families, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Ramsay, of Edinboro, Scotland, who now live in Washington, D. C.

No invitations have been issued but from 3:30 to 6:30 there will be an informal reception and all friends will be welcome.

* * *

WEEK'S NEWS OF SOCIAL INTEREST FROM SOUTHPORT

Southport, N. C., Aug. 18.—The departure of the State military companies today from Fort Caswell leaves a blank in local social affairs, for the soldier boys have contributed largely in gaieties here during the last two weeks, though this does not mean that the young ladies have been behind in their efforts to make camp-life lose its hardships when the boys were off duty, and could make war lose its serious aspects with the intrusion of beauty, sea-breezes and moonlight. Nightly the pavilion has been the scene of the social dance, and neither sex can say it had the better time. The remark has been heard that the soldiers have been captured by the Southport young ladies, a bondage that none of them seek to break.

Miss Otis Tach, of Birmingham, Ala., and Prof. and Mrs. Shi, of Alabama, have been guests here.

Mrs. James Mulgow and family, who have been occupying the J. J. Loughlin home on Lord street during the past two months, have returned to their home in Florence, S. C.

Dr. A. G. Holmes returned from a visit to his former home at Councils, N. C., on Thursday.

Mrs. J. E. Langley is making a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives at Savannah, Ga.

Miss Elisabeth Harrell, of New Bern, is visiting Miss Louise King at the Galloway cottage.

At her home on Moore street Thursday night, Mrs. C. L. Stevens entertained a few of the primary teachers, who were here attending the Teachers' Institute.

* * *

Chadbourn Herald: Mr. and Mrs. Elroy Bailey left Sunday for a tour through the Northwestern states, and to visit their old home at Marble Rock, Iowa. They will be gone six weeks and will spend a portion of the time in Indiana, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Mr. and Mrs. Bailey and their family have lived here twenty years, he is one of our foremost fruit growers. The couple visited the old home in Iowa once before this time, about nine years ago.—Miss Maud Boone, daughter of Mr. T. M. Boone, of this place, was married at Conway last Sunday to Mr. John Huffman, of Wilmington. Both the parties are well known young people, Mr. Huffman is in the employ of the civil service of the government. The wedding was a Gretna-green affair.—As he was returning from Wilmington where he had been in attendance upon the meeting of the North Carolina Association for the Deaf, Mr. John Fowler, of Tabor, stopped over and spent a few hours with old friends here Sunday.—Mrs. J. J. Anderson, of Wilmington, is spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Lena McDonald. Mr. Anderson ran down Sunday and spent the day with them.——Mr. Garland Brown was a visitor to the beach yesterday.—Mr. Hall Anderson, of Wilmington, was in town yesterday.—Mrs. David DeVane returned Sunday night from Wilmington, where she had been spending several days, and is now visiting at Mr. E. Mellette's.

* * *

SPARKS FROM THE CAMP FIRE OF WILMINGTON.

The Camp Fire Girls are no longer in affiliation with the Y. W. C. A. The girls believe that they will be able to do better work as an independent organization and for that reason have severed their connection with the other organization. Some of their reasons, and an outline of their work and purposes may be seen from the following extract from the Wohelo Magazine, their official organ.

"Camp Fire is more and more fulfilling the dreams and hopes of its founder. Of 488 new fires lighted in one month, 70 per cent were organized independent of other institutions, or organizations. This is significant. It means that the groups will center their interests and activities in the home. More mothers are accepting the position of guardians, and are opening their homes to meetings and acting as group teachers. This is the true mission of Camp Fire.

"The highest function of camp fire work is the utilization of organized mother-love and power. We solicit the hearty co-operation of all the mothers."

* * *

TWO FINE PROGRAMMES FOR CONCERTS AT LUMINA.

Don Richardson has arranged for two splendid concerts by his orchestra at Lumina this afternoon and tonight and the large crowds who will be in attendance may expect some fine music. A feature of the night concert will be a cornet solo by Mr. Barnet Prager, and a special number by Messrs. Elkind, Inne, Elkind and Richardson, this being "Spring" by E. Griegg. The ever popular "Serenade" by Schubert, will also be played by request.

The afternoon concert, which begins at 4 o'clock, will include a number of favorite selections as follows: "Poet and Peasant," (overture) by von Suppe; "Artist's Life" (waltz) by Johan Strauss; "Pan Americana" by Victor Herbert; "Charge of the Hussars," by Spindler; "Echoes from the South," by John Klohr; "Angels' Serenade," (request) by Braya; "The Turkish Patrol," by Michaelis; "Evelyn" by Jacob Elkind; "America."

The night concert begins at 8:45 and will include the following selections: "Lustspiel" (overture) by Kela-Bela; Chant de l'Alouette "The Seasons," by Tschaikowsky; "Ave Marie" by Nicolao (cornet solo); "Caprice" Heorique op 115" by von Kontsky; "Spring" (Norwegian melody) by E. Griegg; Musical scenes from Switzerland by Otto Langey; "Serenade" (request) by Schubert; "Zallah" (Egyptienne Intermezzo) by Loraine; "Star Spangled Banner."

* * *

ENTERTAINMENT BY CLASS WAS MOST ENJOYABLE AFFAIR

The lawn party given last Tuesday evening by the Inasmuch class of the First Presbyterian church, with the consent to the session of that church, proved a delightful affair as well as a wonderful success. The results were gratifying to the class, and those present enjoyed everything thoroughly.

According to the programme arranged, the music began at 8:15, shortly after which refreshments were served. All during the serving various musical selections were rendered. The opening selection, which was played by Miss Mae Willson, was Dvorak's "Humoresque." This was followed by another, Barcarole, from "Tales of Hoffmann," by Miss Lucille Thomson, a member of the class entertaining.

Special music was played later by Miss Pauline Williams and Mr. Warren Sanders; the first a piano solo; the latter a violin. All were attentive during Miss Williams' rendition of "Sous le Bouis," by Staub, which was rendered with such artistic skill by the young lady. All declared Miss Williams certainly worthy of her degree of bachelor of Music, which she has just received this year, being an honor graduate of the State Normal College. Also Mr. Sanders deserve much credit as a violinist. He played "The Angel's Serenade" (La Serenata) by G. Braga. Mr. Sanders is a former student of Professor George L. Johnson, well known as one of the best musical instructors of this city, and is a credit to his teacher.

Among other selections of the evening was an Etude by Sehyte, gracefully rendered by Miss Lillian Style, a member of the class.

Mr. W. M. Cumming, representing the session, assisted the class in receiving the guests.

The class wishes to express its appretion to all who helped to make the event a success.

* * *

SOCIAL NEWS NOTES FROM THE WINTER PARK SECTION

Winster Park, Aug. 19.—Mr. Edward Moody and family, of New York, have moved to the Park, and are occupying the Koonce cottage.

Mrs. Parker and little daughter, Olive, of Bowden, are visiting their uncle, Mr. Thomas Herring.

Mr. H. H. High has had as his guests this week his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. McCormick, of Marion, S. C., and his daughter, Mrs. F. J. Powell and little son, of Burgaw.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Sinclair, of Sanford, who have been visiting their son, Mr. R. T. Sinclair, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Orrel have gone to Gatesville to visit relatives.

Mrs. H. B. Shaw and mother, Mrs. Murrell, who have been visiting friends and relatives at Newberlin, have returned home.

Mr. Swift Nelms and family, of Wilmington, are spending the balance of the season with his brother, Mr. A. A. Nelms.

Mr. George W. Shepherd left Friday on a business trip to Baltimore.

Mr. E. C. Dixon has moved into his new bungalow at Audubon.

Mrs. D. V. Thompson and little daughter, of Norfolk, Va.; Miss Margaret Kornegay, of Bowden; Miss Elizabeth Page and William Henry Page, Willard; Hendry, of Goodnight, Texas, and Mrs. H. R. C. E. McIntyre, of Teacheys, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. C. McIntyre.

Mrs. W. E. Breedon and Mr. Duncan Goodwin, of Bennettsville, S. C., are visiting their sister, Mrs. W. R. Peterson.

It became necessary for Mrs. J. W. Hall to go to the Walker Memorial Hospital for treatment this week.

Mr. C. A. Carter and Mr. H. B. Pope, of Rock Hill, S. C., and Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Pope, of Winnsboro, S. C., are the guests of their relative, Mrs. J. E. Huey.

Dame Rumor says that wedding bells will soon ring in the Park.

Mr. J. L. Poag, of Lancaster, S. C., recently visited his daughter, Mrs. D. P. High.

Material has been placed on the ground and work has started on the residence of Mr. R. Lacy King, at Audubon.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Starling and Miss Estaline Starling, of Fayetteville, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bowden for the past week.

Miss Eunice Maultsby entertained the E. T. C. society Thursday afternoon. Delicious refreshments were served and all enjoyed the afternoon.

Mr. J. E. Shannon, Sr., of Wilmington, is erecting a nice residence at Audubon.

Come on, neighbor, why not get some one with a two-horse mower and have the grass and weeds mowed down on the streets and vacant lots? The cost would be small, but, my, wouldn't it improve the appearance of the streets wonderfully?

Mr. H. W. Sholar and family, of Norfolk, Va., are the guests of their brother, Mr. J. T. Sholar. W.

* * *

CAMPING PARTIES POPULAR IN FAYETTEVILLE SOCIETY NOW.

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 19.—Camping parties are the order of the day in Fayetteville society now. One of the most thoroughly enjoyed of these affairs was the house party held at "Skibo", the pretty country place of Dr. J. V. McGougan, six miles from the city, which has just broken up after four pleasant weeks. The members of the party were Misses Sadie Williams, of Augusta, Ga.; Luola Tuttle, of Burlington; Susan Wooten, of Tarboro; Georgia Dixon, Margaret McMillan, Jennie McLauchlin, Lydia Holland, Mary Gorham, Isabella and Annit Williams, and Mrs. W. N. Williams, chaperone. Miss Lucy Williams, of Red Springs, spent several days with the party on her way to Richmond. Motoring, swimming, rowing and dancing were the chief diversions of the young people. One of the affairs held in their honor was a swimming party at Cumberland lake, given Friday night of last week by Mr. Clifton Corley.

The members of the party returned to town on Wednesday. Miss Sadie Williams returned to her home in Augusta that night; Miss Tuttle returned home on Saturday; while Miss Wooten left Friday. Miss Annie Williams left for Black Mountain Thursday. She will join Miss Marie Pemberton, of this city, in Asheville, to become members of a camping party at Black Mountain.

Another happy house party, which is spending a week at beautiful Beaver lake, is chaperoned by Mrs H. L. Cook, Mrs. Sam Davis, Mrs. T. B. Renalds and Mrs. S. H. MacRae. The members of the party are Misses Juanita Davis, Mary and Louise Bruton, of Columbia, S. C.; Mary Starr Cook, Katherine Renalds, Janie Underwood and Messrs. Henry L. Cook, Jr., Earl Stewart, Eugene Nimocks, John Lewis Payne, of Washington, and J. A. Sparks, of Atlanta.

Monday of this week saw the break-up of another camping party at Beaver Lake, where Misses Louise Holland, Elsie Upton, Mary Lillie Rankin, Kathlene Upton, Marie Judge, Fannie McLauchlin and Virginia Upton had spent a week filled with pleasure. Miss Dora Rosier and Miss Sasser were the chaperones.

At "Ellersile," the ancestral home of the Elliotts, on Little River, near Linden, in Cumberland county, the annual reunion of the Elliott and Evans families was held Thursday of this week. The guests were the descendants of Col. Alexander Elliott and his wife, Jane Evans, and the reunion was held at the colonial home of George Elliott, the first of the family to come to North Carolina from Scotland.

* * *

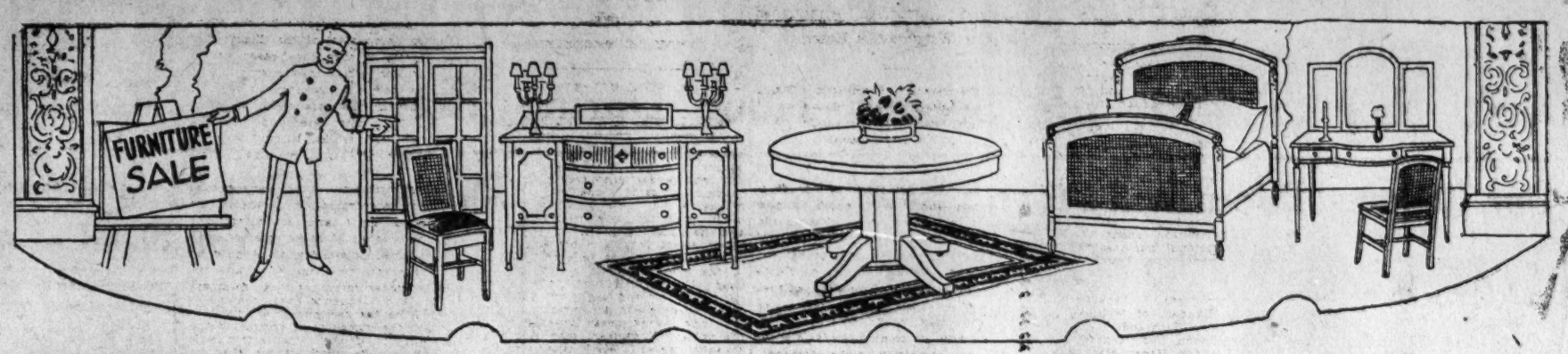
KINSTON SOCIAL NEWS NOTES AND PERSONALS OF INTEREST

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 18.—Superintendent of Schools K. B. Curtis and Mrs. Curtis and their daughter arrived this week to take up their residence here. They are at home on King street. Mr. Curtis was appointed to his position several months ago. The family formerly resided in Portsmouth, Va.

Col. W. D. Pollock has returned from Lincolnton, where he spent a fortnight. Mrs. Pollock and three chil-

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

Sterchi-Bancroft Co. Now Located at 108 N. Front St.



33 1-3 Per Cent. Saving to You on Furniture During This Stock Consolidation Sale

Two Big Stocks of Furniture Consolidated Under One Roof Finds Us Badly Crowded

The two big stocks of furniture from our two stores have been moved into our present new quarters at 108 North Front street, next to Woolworth's. We occupy the whole building, four floors. But we have more goods than we have floor space; as a matter of fact, we hardly have room to "turn 'round" and we are willing to offer you special price concessions for the balance of this month, so that we may get more "elbow room."

If liberal price reductions will move the surplus stock out our front door on "double quick step time", we will have a "real" furniture parade beginning at this store and ending in the homes of the people of Wilmington every day until August 31st. It is for you to say whether the parade comes to your house or goes elsewhere.

We Crave the Patience of Our Customers Who Have Purchased Furniture From Us and Failed to Get it Delivered. We Have Been Moving and if You Have Ever Experienced the "Pleasure" You Know that Moving Is What Sherman Said About War.

Our Regular Prices are Low But the Prices During This Consolidation Sale are Lower

The easiest way to convince yourself that this is a fact is to come to this store Monday morning and "look in", also go on a "sightseeing" trip through the establishment. One look will prove to you beyond the shadow of a doubt of three things. First. That we have more furniture on hand than we can properly store and display. Second. We need floor space and are badly overstocked. Third. Our sale prices are well worth considering because each item means a liberal saving to you.

Our values for the balance of this month will be from 20 to 25 per cent under our regular prices and our regular prices are from 25 to 35 per cent lower than the average dealer. So when we say that you will save 33 1-2 per cent, we are overly conservative. Don't you think so?

Sterchi-Bancroft Co. - 108 N. Front - Next to Woolworth's

A Treat for Wilmington People and Visitors to Wrightsville Beach

HARBOR ISLAND AUDITORIUM

Opening Event

Concert Recital

Tuesday, August 29th, 1916

8:45 P. M.

ALICE EVERSMAN
Primadonna-Soprana
of the Metropolitan Opera Co.

ELENA DE SAYN
Russian
Violin-Virtuoso

GERTRUDE BERTINE, At the Piano

The Don Richardson Orchestra

Admission 50 Cents. Reserved Seats 25 Cents Extra

C. W. POLVOGT -: COMPANY'S :-

GREAT REMOVAL SALE BEGINS MONDAY

Don't Fail to Visit the Second Floor During Bon Marche Re-Organization Sale

Our Reduced Prices Will Prove a Revelation in Value Giving

During our long business career at our present location one of our departments on the second floor has been a store within itself, namely our "Carpet and House Furnishing Goods Department." We retained this department, when we sold out to The Bon Marche, and will sell all the goods now on hand before we move and open up a new Carpet and House Furnishing Goods store at the Sterchi-Bancroft old stand—113 North Front Street.

We mean to close out our present stock at a small fraction of its real worth, and our customers should take full advantage of the unprecedented price reductions now in effect. Your inspection is all we ask; the goods and values will speak for themselves, and your good judgment will do the rest.

Purchase What Floor Coverings, Draperies, Etc., You Need at a Saving

A majority of the people of this city and section of the state know that this department is and always has been well stocked with carefully selected goods from the best manufacturers of this country and abroad. Our prices have always been fair and reasonable and consistent with good business methods, and we have established a well and justly earned reputation for giving a "full measure" dollar's worth for every dollar.

We are going to better our own enviable record during this sale, and in some instances give you double your usual dollar's worth for every dollar you spend with us. The easiest way to convince yourself is to favor us with your presence.

We Will Soon Move Into Our Big New Quarters Next to Orton Hotel

113 N. Front Street

BIG DROP IN PRICES

CLEARANCE PRICES

CLEARANCE

We Must Close Out Present Stock on the Second Floor at Our Old Stand Before Moving

Shirt Waist Boxes 25% Off

Crex Rugs 25% Off

Here Are a Few Items and Special Prices—The Best Values of Their Kind Ever Offered in This City.

6x9 Congoleum Rugs, $4.00 values; Removal Sale price $2.98
3x6 Congoleum Rugs; $1.50 values; Removal Sale price . 95c
$1.50 Turkish Bath Mats, pink and blue; Removal Sale price only .. .. ..

SOCIAL

(Continued From Page Nine.)

dren will remain at that place until next month.

Mrs. G. A. Smith, of Charlotte is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Quiserly have returned from a short stay at Morehead City.

Mr. and Mrs. Neal Hahn left this week for Mt. Holly, N. C., to make their home.

Miss Lillie Stewart, of Washington, daughter of Mayor E. T. Stewart, of that city, has returned home after a visit to friends here.

Mrs. K. B. Tunstall and daughter, Miss Ada Glenn, and Master K. R., Jr., are back from a week's outing at the seashore.

Mr. W. S. Spottswood has gone to Norfolk, where he will locate for business Mrs Spottswood and child are spending the summer at Petersburg, and will join Mr. Spottswood at Norfolk later.

Mrs. H. W. Pope has returned to Charlotte after a visit here to her daughter, Mrs. F. Stanley Whitaker.

Misses Marie Sutton and Katie and Isabelle Bailey, Mrs. W. E. Jolly and Mr and Mrs H. L Sutton have been on a visit to Morehead City.

Mrs. John H. Griffith, wife of the rector of St. Mary's Episcopal church, has returned from a visit to relatives in Alexandria, Va.

Mrs. C. F. Harvey has returned from a short stay in Bath, N. C.

Mrs. W. J. Nicholson and children are on a visit up-State.

Miss Mary Turner, of New Bern, is the guest of relatives here.

Miss Sallie Mae Gardner, of Miami, Fla., is spending some time with relatives in this city.

Misses Leafy and Olive Spear are at Morehead City for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Webb, of Mobile, Ala., are spending a few days with friends in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Russ visited relatives in Goldsboro this week.

Mrs. James Mehegan and Miss Ann Daly Mehegan were the guests of relatives in Tarboro this week.

Misses Gladys and Annie Wells Sanford have returned to Beaufort after a visit to relatives here.

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SOCIAL NEWS NOTES AND PERSONALS FROM CLARKTON

Clarkton, N. C., Aug. 19.—Mrs. G. L. Clark and daughter, Miss Alice, returned home this morning, after spending several months at Montreat.

Mr. Amos Boyette, of Matthews, was the guest of his uncle, Mr. H. L. Helms, one day last week.

Mr. E. C. Clark, cashier of the Bank of Bladen, attended a meeting of the Bankers' Association in Raleigh last week.

Miss Kate M. Johnston is attending the Teachers' Institute in Lumberton.

Mr. O. L. Clark is spending 10 days in Montreat with his family.

Mrs. L. M. Cromartie, of Elizabethtown, and Miss Mary West Cromartie, of Virginia, passed through town one day this week en rout to spend some time at Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hutchinson and daughter, Miss Clyde, and son, Mr. Claude, of Florida, are guests at the home of his nephew, Mr. T. L. Hutchinson. We are glad to announce that Mr. Hutchinson is moving his family to our town this week. They will occupy the McFadyen cottage, on Oak street.

The beautiful residence of Mr. N. M. Singletary, on North College street, is nearing completion from its remodeling and is now being made more attractive by a new coat of paint.

A crowd of the young folks enjoyed a hay ride Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilton Amory have returned to their home in Norfolk, Va., after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Smith.

Miss Janie Russ is spending a few days at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Mary Stevens, of Council.

Mrs. James H. Wooten and children and Miss Amelie Wooten are visiting relatives and friends in Acme and Wilmington.

Mr. James Huffham accompanied his little son, James, to his home near Wilmington last night.

Miss Margaret Alexander, of Huntersville, has been the guest of Miss Mary Wooten, of Route 2, for the past week.

Miss Mary Lou Wooten has returned to resume her duties as nurse in Highsmith hospital, Fayetteville, after spending two weeks with relatives in this section.

Miss Mary Stevens, of Council, and her guest, Miss Margretta Bennett, of Fayetteville, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Singletary one night last week.

Mrs. E. R. Meares and little son and Miss Emma Willard spent a few hours in Lumberton one day this week.

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AFFAIRS OF THE WEEK IN GREENSBORO SOCIAL REALM

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 19.—Miss Sarah Longest was hostess at a charming rook party on Wednesday morning, followed by a luncheon. The honor guests were Misses Virgie and Bess Harville, of Thomasville, who are the guests of Miss Augusta Sapp; Misses Helen and Minnie Ferree, of Danville, Va., who are the guests of Miss Longest; Miss Madeleine Hook, of Charlotte, who is visiting Miss Marie Tessier, and Miss Martha Brooks, of Durham, who is the guest of Miss Aleece Sapp. Miss Aleece Sapp won the prize for the best score in rook, which was a pretty box of stationery. Each of the honor guests was presented with a souvenir.

Misses Mary and Eva Thomas entertained Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Frances Rouche, of Salisbury, who is the attractive house guest of Miss Josephine Mulherin, on North Elm street. The members of the party motored out to the Thomas farm where they were met by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. McLean. A delightful supper was served on the lawn, and a watermelon feast was enjoyed later in the evening.

Miss Sallie Alston entertained the S. R. W. Club Wednesday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. Rook and hearts were played, and toward the close of the afternoon the hostess served a dainty ice course.

Miss Grace Lawless entertained at her home in Library Place on Wednesday morning in honor of Miss Marjorie Mellon, of Atlantic City, who is the guest of Miss Millicent Fisher.

Mrs. W. H. Matthews is giving a home party at her home, 618 Broad avenue, to a number of her relatives and friends. Among her guests are Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Eldridge, of Raleigh; Miss Virginia Eldridge, of Raleigh; Mrs. J. E. Albright, of Concord, and Mr. and Mrs. George Crawford and son George, of this city.

One of the most enjoyable events of the social season was the leap year dance given Friday evening at Neese's hall by the young ladies of the city, complimentary to their young men friends. The affair was planned by Miss Annie McDuffie and Miss Mary Adele Glenn, and admission was only by card. Music was furnished by Hood's orchestra, and after the dance the young ladies were in charge of parties visiting the drug stores and cafes. About fifty couples attended.

On Monday evening a delightful motor truck hayride was given, complimentary to Miss Katherine Knowles of Mt. Olive, who is the attractive guest of Miss Eva Aiken, and Miss Margaret Morris, of Asheboro. The party went over to High Point, and on the return trip the truck was stopped and a delicious picnic supper was enjoyed by the guests.

Misses Grace and Kate Goldston delightfully entertained at progressive rook on Thursday evening at their home in Goldston, complimentary to their guests, Mrs. G. B. Phillips and Miss Bruce Phillips. At the close of the games Miss Grace Goldston was found to have made the highest score, and was awarded the prize, a box of stationery, which she in turn presented to Miss Bruce Phillips. The home and lawn were prettily decorated for the affair and delicious refreshments were served during the evening.

Miss Hattie Ward was the hostess at a charming rook party on Thursday evening. The porch and parlors were beautifully decorated with ferns and foliage and white flowers, the corner where Miss Blanche Murdock served punch being prettily decorated with pink roses and azaleas. One of the most delightful features of the evening was the musical numbers rendered by Miss McBride Alexander. The high score prize, a book of poems, was won by Miss Maude Guy. At the close of the evening refreshments, consisting of sherbet, cake and mints, were served.

Miss Nell Wescott entertained a number of her friends at rook on Saturday afternoon, at her home, 117 Price street, complimentary to her house guest, Miss Mildred Rudd, of Washington. The home was prettily decorated, the color scheme of yellow and white being effectively carried out, and refreshments, consisting of ice cream and cake, were served.

The Eight Weeks Club, of Greensboro, held a very interesting exhibition at the playgrounds on Tuesday evening. The programme included folk dances, tableaux and songs, and was greatly enjoyed by an appreciative audience. Refreshments were served, for which a small charge was made, the proceeds to benefit the club.

Miss Aileen Way and Pressly P. Myers were married on Monday afternoon at the home of Rev. E. Frank Lee, on Cypress street, Mr. Lee performing the ceremony. Miss Lee is the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Way, of West Lee street, and has been in the employ of the Brown-Belk Company for several years. The groom is a Virginian, his old home being in Roanoke. The ceremony was witnessed by Mrs. Jack Blue, a sister of the bride, and Misses Alva and Mittie Melvin.

Mrs. Allen Edward Stanley gave a pretty bridge party on Tuesday afternoon at her apartments on West Washington street, complimentary to her sister, Mrs. A. L. Sasser, of Goldsboro, and her sister-in-law, Mrs. C. W. Landreth, of Richmond, Va. The rooms were charmingly decorated in pink and white and these colors were carried out in the refreshments and score cards. The highest score was made by Mrs. Sasser, and she was awarded the prize, a pair of silk hose. Each of the honor guests was presented with a dainty crepe de chine handkerchief.

WHAT WOMEN ARE DOING

Club Activities Widespread Throughout the Nation.

(Corra Harris, in aSturday Evening Post.)

The federation (National Federation of Women's clubs) of the northern and western states are actively engaged in teaching foreign born children and their parents the American standards of life, sanitation and domestic economics. The Nebraska women have a portable school, which they send to communities in need of it. The Dakota women have concentrated upon efforts to lighten the drugery of farmers' wives. Seven thousand women in Oklahoma are educating teachers. They sent 38 into the schools of that state last year. The Arkansas women have organized 11,000 college girls into an active domestic educational force, devoted to service in rural communities. The Wisconsin clubs specialize upon the health of children, free clinics for babies and eugenics. Illinois has more women in its clubs than there are soldiers in the regular United States army. Ten thousand of these are giving all their time to social service.

T[illegible]en of Louisiana, Georgia and Alabama are working for compulsory education laws. They have canning clubs and teachers of domestic economics and sanitation in rural communities. Twenty thousand clubwomen in Texas are working for good roads. They have built rural clubhouses, established markets for farm women, offered prizes for the best conducted rural schools. Kentucky, Georgia, North and South Carolina women are conducting and financing "moonlight" schools for illiterates. Kentucky has 1,000 of these schools, and there is a certain clubwoman in this state who has taught 1,800 men and women how to read and write.

SHOEMAKERS EASY VICTIMS.

Why So Many of Them Contract Tuberculosis.

(From the New York American.)

Why are shoemakers so liable to tuberculosis? There is no reason why there should be any more hereditary predisposition to the disease among them than among any other class of workers. They are paid enough to afford comfortable homes and sufficient nourishment. Neither can it be said that there is anything about teh materials with which they work that facilitates the spread of germs of this disease.

Yet the death rate from tuberculosis among the workers in the great shoe manufacturing centers of England is about 5 per cent in excess of the average of other industries. And English scientists have been making exhaustive investigations to find out why this should be so.

Their study leads them to believe that one reason for the prevalence of tuberculosis among the shoemakers lies in the fatigue caused by constant exercise of care and attention in the execution of a number of finely adjusted and rapid muscular movements. The men who cut the lasts have to bend over their cutting boards for hours at a time, with their abdomens and lower ribs compressed and their chests cramped. No attitude could be more conducive to tuberculosis.

And to this cramped position the fact that shoemaking is sedentary work carried on for long hours in overcrowded factories which are often dark, dusty and poorly ventilated, and it is not hard to see how so many shoemakers contract tuberculosis.

39 CENTS — Articles Worth Up To $5.00 Go On Sale — 39 CENTS

Monday Morning At 9 A. M. For 39c

At the Great Salvage Sale of the

Fuchs' Department Store's Salvage Stock

As Adjudged by the Adjusters

It's Sure the Insurance Company's Loss This Time; Your Gain. Shirts, Pants, Underwear, Dresses, Skirts Thousands of Other Articles. Special Monday 39c.

Shoes at 39c, 98c, $1.98 and $2.98 Values Up to $6.00 Per Pair.

Dry Goods Going Like Hot Cakes for Only a Mere Trifle of Real Values. There Never Will be Anything Like it Again. Better Borrow the Money and Come on the Run While You Feast on Insurance Company's Misfortune.

18 SOUTH FRONT STREET

MEANING OF BUOYS

The aVrious Warnings Conveyed by These Aids to Navigation.

For the purpose of the lighthouse board the coasts of the United States, including the lakes and navigable rivers, are divided into various districts, each district being under the charge of an officer who sees that all buoys in his district are properly cared for.

There are black buoys and red buoys, buoys with horizontal black and red stripes, buoys with black and white vertical stripes, not to speak of bell-buoys and the much larger buoys that lie well out to sea an dare called "mammoth" buoys.

Each of thees aids to navigation has, of course, its own particular meaning.

For obvious reasons similar buoys in all districts mean the same thing. In other words, a buoy of a particular distinguishing color off the coast of Maine carries the same significance that a buoy of that same color has off the coast of Florida.

Red and black buoys designate the channel. They lie on either side. The red buoys, which has even numbers, must be on the starboard, or right hand in passing in from sea. The black buoys, always with odd numbers, must be on the port hand.

An isolated rock, wreck, or any obstruction that has a channel on either side of it is shown by a buoy with red and black horizontal stripes.

Buoys showing white and black perpendicular stripes and lying in midchannel indicate that they must be passed close to avoid danger.

As an indication that there is a turning point in the channel we see buoys surmounted by triangles, cages, etc.

There are buoys which are also for signals, such as the bell-buoy and the whistling buoy. The latter is used off the coast to show dangerous outlying shoals or other obstructions. It is surmounted by a locomotive whistle made to sound by the rushing through it of air admitted and compressed by the rising and falling motion of the buoy itself.

The bell-buoy consists of the bottom section of a buoy floating in the water on which is mounted a framework bearing a bell which, instead of the ordinary tongue and clapper, shows a small cannon ball supported on a platform just beneath the bell's mouth. The ball rolls to and fro with every motion of the sea. Bell buoys are employed in harbors and rivers where the water is smoother than in the roadsteads, and where it is not necessary that their sound shall be heard a great distance.

The ordinary buoy, not of the whistling or bell variety, is made either of wood or iron. Those of iron are hollow with airtight compartments, and Cbishetraights ETAOUN UN LILlaaa are of three shapes, called, respectively, nun; can and ice-buoys. The nun-buoy is almost conical in shape, th ecan-buoy approaches the cylindrical form and the ice-buoy is very long and narrow, sometimes resembling the spar-buoy in form.

The wooden or spar-buoys are sticks ranging in length from 12 to 60 feet, and painted according to the uses to which they are to be put. The lower end is fitted for a mooring chain.

CONSCIENCE FUND GROWS

But Small Still Voice Seems Dead When Storm of War Barges.

(From the New York Sun.)

The Treasury Department reports that during the past fiscal year the "conscience fund" has been increased by more than $54,000, the largest amount ever contributed before in one year. How busy conscience has been measuring itself in terms of dollars and cents may be judged by contrasting this contribution with the niggardly $250 received in 1881, the year the food came into existence.

In fact, conscience has recently been unusually active, not only in enriching the Federal Treasury, but in helping private and public corporations and individuals. An Ohio man paid 25 cents for apples stolen six years ago; a Californian paid a newspaper subscription 33 years overdue; a woman sent stamps to a Kansas City street railway company to pay for four rides, and a Pennsylvanian pair up a hotel bill he skipped 25 years ago. Billy Sunday revivals, religion, an awakened public, civic or national "righteousness" have all been held responsible.

But where conscience had a clear field for good it seems to have failed. There is nothing to indicate that it made even a debt in Congress. It has not struck the places of Europe's high and mighty hard places to end the carnage of battlefield. It has yet time enough to awaken in the soul of the orators. And hat a chance of a man's lifetime it will have early next November!

HERE'S REAL PHILO GUBB

Correspondence School Detective Lands in Lockup.

(From the New Orleans Item.)

Ambitions of an amateur William J. Burns were nipped Sunday night, when Warren Phillip, who hails from the land of cows and chickens, was arrested by a regualr detective of New Orleans.

Phillip took a correspondence course direct from St. Louis, Mo., and the agency, in return for 15 of Phillip's dollars, returned him 15 articles. Ten of these articles were 10 lessons in modern detecting; one, a commission when the lessons were completed; one a book on "How to Counterfeit Without a Measure;" one, on "How to Catch Burgalrs, Colds and Other Things;" a fourth on "How a Second-Story Man Slipped Into a Cellar," and best of all the fifteenth, a shiny badge, with the word "Detective" in big letters engraved on it.

Thus equipped, Phillip, who is 33 years old, commenced his career. New Orleans, the largest city to which he had car fare, received his first attention. Then, too, he had heard there weer many things that needed detecting here.

While detecting here he detected various pieces of wire lying around. These he conscientiously collected and for the past week has made daily visits to the First Precinct Station, bringing in odds and ends of copper wire, which, he explained, might have been stolen.

Emboldened by these dazzling operations and guided by the "Detective's Fireside companion," which he constantly carried in his pocket, he became suspicious hat a Mr. Garrie, who conducts a photograph establishment i na tent on South Rampart street, near Julia, was "taking" photographs.

For several nights he made himself at home in the photographer's tent. Sleeping there, he reasoned, would not only make the photographer unsuspicious but it would save soom rent as well, and after the $15 spent for the lessons Phillip's financial condition was anything but rock-ribbed.

At first the photograpaer did not object, but finally he lodged a complaint and a headquarters man gathered him in. In vain Phillip asserted his right to sleuth about town, in vain did he flash his badge and at the station he learned that a license is more important than a diploma.

POWDERED NOSES ARE BARRED

These Girls Are Forbidde nto Rouge or Wear Peek-a-Boos.

(New York World.)

Powdered noses anu rouged cheeks, with peek-a-boo waists and high-heeled shoes, have been banned in the Paterson high school (Paterson, N. J.) Miss Caroline Hemmingway, assistant principal, has ruled them out, and if girl students want to adorn themselves in that way they must wait until after school hours.

I ntaking her stand Miss Hemmingway has asked the teachers to co-operate to rid the classrooms of the powder-puff girls. She denied that any girl so far has been dismissed for her manner of dressing, but the assistant principal admitted that she had spoken privately to some of the pupils who seemed inclined to be "extra attractive.

LUMINA

Go Out to the Beach Today, Enjoy the Ride, Hear the Music, Watch the Bathers

DANCING
BOATING
BATHING
at
LUMINA

FREE CONCERTS TODAY

Lumina—Wrightsville Beach

WHERE OCEAN BREEZES BLOW

WHERE THE CROWDS GO

Something to Amuse You Every Hour Every Day at LUMINA

PROGRAMME FOR TODAY

Concerts 4 and 8:45 P. M.

The Don Richardson Orchestra

AFTERNOON: 4:00 O'CLOCK.

1. Poet and Peasant (Overture) . . . . . von Suppe
2. Artists' Life (Waltz) . . . . Johann Strauss
3. Pan-Americana (Characterisque) . . . Victor Herbert
4. Charge of the Hussars . . Spindler

Intermission.

5. Echoes from the South . . . John Klohr
6. Angels' Serenade (By Request) . . . . . Braga
7. The Turkish Patrol . . . . Michaelis
8. Evelyn (One Step) . . . . Jacob Elkind

America.

EVENING: 8:45 O'CLOCK.

1. Lustspiel (Overture) . . . . Kela-Bela
2. Chant de l'Aoutee, "The Seasons" . . . . Tschiakowsky
3. Ave Maria (Cornet Sola) . . . Nicolao

Mr. Barnet Prager.

4. Caprice Heroique Op. 115 . . . A. von Kontsky

Intermission.

5. Spring (Norwegian Melody) . . . . . E. Grieg

Messrs. Elkind, Inne, Elkind, Richardson.

6. Musical Scenes, from "Switzerland" . Otto Langey
7. Serenade (Request) . . . . Schubert
8. Zallah (Egyptienne Intermeazo) . . . . . Loraine

Star Spangled Banner.

FREE MOTION PICTURES

Every Night Except Sunday

Beginning at 8:15 o'Clock

Monday, August 21st.
"THE BETTER WOMAN"
Knickerbocker Drama.
"DREAMY KNIGHTS"
Vim Comedy.

Tuesday, August 22nd.
"THE THREE SCRATCH CLUE"
Essanay Drama
"A WESTERN MASQUERADE"
Selig Drama.
"DAISY, THE DEMONSTRATOR"
Kalem Comedy.

Wednesday, August 23rd.
"THE GOLD SHIP"
Selig Drama.
"FABLE OF THE BOOKS MADE TO BALANCE."
Essanay Comedy.
"RUSHING BUSINESS"
Vim Comedy.

Thursday, August 24th.
WORTH WHILE"
Essanay Drama.
"HURLED THROUH THE DRAWBRIDGE"
Kalem Drama.

Friday, August 25th
"A TEMPORARY TRUCE"
Biograph Drama.
"HAM'S STRATEGY"
Kalem Comedy.
Selig-Tribune No. 65.

Saturday, August 26th
"THE TURQUOISE MINE CONSPIRACY"
Kalem Drama.
"THEIR DREAM HOUSE"
Vim Comedy.
"CONDUCTOR KATE"
Vitagraph Comedy.

Free Tables for Picnic Parties, Play Grounds for Children, Cool Verandas, Comfortable Seats

Wrestling Match Friday Night, August 25th

Fritz Hanson vs. Max Schmidt

GERMANS VICTORIOUS IN RESISTING ATTACK

(Continued from Page One.)

In the village of Fleury the fighting still continues. In the eastern sector of the Capitre woor more than 100 prisoners were taken during a counter attack. In the mountain wood we completely destroyed salient trenches abandoned by us."

OPENS WONDER WORLD

Walk Much and Often and You'll Be the Better Man for It.

In a prize winning contribution to a recent number of the American Magazine an enthusiastic devotee of the "art of walking" tells just why this hobby particularly appeals to him. He writes:

I enjoy walking because — Physically: Walking sharpens the appetite and aids digestion.

Walking contributes to sound sleep and makes one less susceptible to colds.

Walking brings color to the cheek and is a splendid tonic.

Walking stirs the circulation and distributes fresh blood to all parts of the body.

Walking brings most of the muscles into play, especially the largest, and without strain.

In a word, walking keeps one physically fit.

Mentally: Walking clears the mind and freshens it, opening it for new thoughts and inspiring them: It drives out worry and, by enlarging the vision, arousing courage, and begetting efficiency:

Financially: Walking costs nothing, it even saves money at times. It requires no investment or expensive upkeep. While walking takes valuable time, it is true, it is time well spent, and at that takes no more than is lost by many in indisposition or sickness, or because they just "have to go away for their health." Walking is not only a lot more fun than being sick, but less expensive, and will very likely add valuable time in happy years to one's life.

Esthetically: Walking is one great moving picture, full of beauty, surprises and adventure. It opens up a new world and reveals life and nature at first hand. Walking makes one alert, and affords time to be responsive before the object is passed. Be it crowded street or country road, city park or mountain peak each has its own particular charm for the walker.

Spiritually: As one strides along mile after mile under the power of the wonderful mechanism and chemistry phenomena o fsmell and touch, of sight and sound. Begin with the utter quiet that just precedes the dawn—the glories of the rising sun, the clouds, the birds and trees, the flowers and grass and grain; the busy street at noon; again, the setting of the sun, the closing in of darkness and coming of moonlight and the stars; the changes of the seasons; the grandeur of the winter storm; the miracle of budding spring; the summer fullness and autumn beauty, all are for the walker, and scarcely can he help but wonder what manner of being is the Creator of them all.

COLD LIGHT

Illumination Without Heat a French Discovery.

About the only thing that gives light without emitting heat is a firefly or some such phosphorescent body, and even their light is probably obtained from a heat-giving source.

But here is a French engineer, Doussaud, who has discovered a "cold light," the thing sought by science for many years.

As described to the Academy of Science by Prof. Branley, with whom Doussaud studied, it is obtained by automatic separation of heat rays from luminous rays.

The quest of an absolutely pure light devoid of all heat long has been one of the great problems of modern physics. The electric light is the nearest approach to this ideal, but it is far from it.

M. Doussaud has been working on this problem for many years. The light obtained by his method is so intense that it is possible to throw images from newspaper illustrations, picture postcards and photographic prints on a screen in a lighted room as clearly and sharply as if they were glass lantern slides.

Commercially it is highly important. In the single realm of motion pictures it would mean a saving of thousands of dollars.

Miller Reese Hutchison, Thomas A. Edison's chief engineer, says: "If Doussaud has found out how to generate light without heat, the importance of his discovery cannot be exaggerated. Its use in motion pictures will be only a thousandth part of its scientific and industrial employment. Doussaud has a fine reputation. But I should have to see his invention demoustrated before I could believe in it. Why, if all the energy of a dynamo could be converted into light one small dynamo could light a whole city!"

Mr. Hutchison said that the substitution of paper for celluloid films in motion picture machines had been found impracticable thus far because the sprocket wheel moves so fast that the paper touch and nearly transparent by treatment with sulphuric acid has been tried without much success, he added.

In order not to burn the films motion picture operators now use a water condenser to separate light and heat when they have to stop their machines to show one of the filmed photographs as a "still."

SOUTH RAISED INDIGO

Money Crop in Alabama, Mississippi and Georgia Before War.

(From the Demopolis, Ala., Times.)

Some time about 75 years ago, the money crop of Alabama, Mississippi and Georgia was indigo, one of the most highly priced commodities of the present day. That was before the invention of the cotton gin, and nobody is alive now in this country who knows how to grow indigo. But 100 acres planted in indigo, by a man who knows how to grow it, would at this time bring him in more money than alfalfa, cotton, corn and peanuts combined.

Indigo is the main ingredient of some of the high-priced dyestuffs, the scarcity of which is felt all over the world, and which will continue to advance in price long after the war is over. The same soil is here on which it used to grow, only our forefathers found it more profitable to grow cotton, and indigo was left for other countries to grow and thrive upon.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19.—President Stanley, of the Portsmouth, Va., league club tonight, announced the sale of Pitcher Alton, a righthander, to the Detroit American League club, and Outfielder Gandy to the Philadelphia National League club. The price for each of the players was 750. They are to report at the close of the Virginia League season on Setpember 6.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

1c - PER WORD - 1c
CASH WITH ORDER

Unless Advertiser Has a Regular Account

NO AD. TAKEN FOR LESS THAN 25 CENTS

FOR BUSINESS LOCALS PHONE 51

And a Western Union Messenger Will Call for Your Advertisement Without Extra Cost to You.

If You Want to Send a Telegram or Desire Messenger Delivery in the City, Call the Western Union Telegraph Company Direct.

SPECIAL 25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

Allowed on Business Locals Ordered for Seven Consecutive Issues, or Longer.

Contract Ads. running "Till Forbid" Must be Discontinued by Written Order.

$100,000 ASSETS BUILT UP IN 41-2 years is record Carolina Building and Loan Association; its success is due to its satisfied shareholders; join them in new series for September 2nd. Can receive or reserve stock any day at Moore's Agency, 123 Princess street. L. W. Moore, Secretary. au20-1t

WANTED—BY YOUNG COUPLE WITHout children, three or four rooms with bath; light house-keeping. State price. Address "M," care Star. au20-1t

MONEY TO LOAN ON WILMINGTON residence and business property; also farms in vicinity under cultivation. Amounts from $1,000.00 to $20,000.00. P. O. Box 1065. au20-1t

TRY A SET OF AJAX TIRES ON YOUR car. Guaranteed in writing for 5,000 miles. See us for prices. MacMillan's New Supply Store, 112 North Second street. au20-1t

WANTED — LADY LEAVING TOWN wishes to dispose of Larkin premium and place in club. Premium, handsome chifforobe; premium already here. Address "Chifforobe," care Star. au20-1t*

FORD RUNABOUT FOR SALE CHEAP. Sixty-inch tread. Can be seen at MacMillan's New Supply Store, 112 North Second st. au20-1t

WANTED — SALESMAN, EXPERIenced any line, to sell general trade in North Carolina. Unexcelled new specialty proposition. Commission contract; $35.00 weekly for expenses. Vacancy Aug. 26th. Continental Jewelry Co., 121-34 Continental Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. au20-11*

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE AND ONE small, well furnished bed room or small room can be used for light housekeeping. All conveniences; steam-heated. Desirable location. Address "Home," care Star. au20-tf

REWARD FOR RETURN OF SMALL black grip lost on Steamer Wilmington Sunday. No questions will be asked. Apply Star office. au20-1t*

A REAL AUTOMOBILE SUPPLY house now in Wilmington. Come in and give us the once over. We need your patronage. MacMillan's New Supply Store, 112 North Second St. au20-1t

IN SUMMER, IN WINTER, THE CARolina apartment house at Fifth and Market streets is delightfully comfortable. Built of brick and cement, designed right, having all modern conveniences, it is an ideal home. Apartments vary in size and price. We will be glad to show the apartments that are for rent, and invite your inspection. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate & Insurance Agents. au 20-1t

COMPUTING SCALE FOR SALE— Original cost $75.00. Good as new, will sell for $25.00. Address Box 37, City. au 20-1t*

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD BY A young lady, employed during the day. Give location and price in reply. Address "J," care Star. au20-1t*

FOR RENT — ONE OF THE MOST DEsirable and best located residences in the city. Apply to J. W. Freeman, of Chestnutt and Freeman. au20-1t*

PALM BEACH AND COOL CLOTH suits cleaned and pressed, 35c.; suits pressed, 25c. Work can't be beat. Try us. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market st.; 'Phone 393-J. au20-1t*

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WELL FURNished, with board, may be had at 116 Grace street. 'Phone 1670-W. au20-1t*

MACMILLAN'S NEW SUPPLY STORE room now open. Fresh new goods at right prices. See us, Mr. Automobile owner. MacMillan's new Automobile Supply Store, 112 North Second street. au20-1t

FOR RENT — OCTOBER 1ST, APARTment, second floor, three rooms and bath; 806 Market street. Apply Miss Carrie White, care A. D. Brown. au20-1t

FOR SALE—FIVE-PASSENGER TOURing car; only used six weeks. Good as new, in perfect condition. Price only $450 for cash, including seat covers, which cost $22.00, thrown in Einstein Bros. au20-1t

MR. FORD-OWNER: WE ARE CARRYing a full stock of repair parts and supplies for Ford cars. See us for prices. Front springs, $2.50. MacMillan's New Supply Store. au20-1t

HIGH CLASS OFFICE MAN (33), MARried; resident; wants position in Wilmington; cashier, book-keeping, credits. Progressive. Now employed; good references. Fifteen years' wholesale experience. "Credits," care Star au20-1t*

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, No. 213 South Sixth street. Good location; modern conveniences; reasonable rent. Apply 211 South Sixth st. au20-1t*

225-ACRE FARM, DEEP WELL, FORCE pump; 75 acres cleared; elegant land; 6-room house, barn, fruit trees, grapes, etc.; macadam road; near city. Ask the agent, L. W. Moore, 123 Princess. au20-1t

WINTER PARK — ELEGANT COTtage near station; large lot; cheap for quick sale, by L. W. Moore, 123 Princess. au20-1t

CAPE FEAR APARTMENTS — THE place to be comfortable, summer and winter. All outside rooms, for living purposes. Large, low windows; fine ventilation, good heat. Popular janitor. See James and James, Inc., Renting Agents, Southern Bldg. 'Phone 163. au20-1t

FOR RENT—FURNISHED BED ROOM for gentleman. Grand Theatre Bldg. D. R. Foster & Company, agents. au20-1t

CLOSE TO A. C. L. DEPOT IS A HOME we can sell on your terms at a close price. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. au20-1t

FOR RENT — AUGUST 15TH, UNFURnished cottage at Carolina Beach. Two rooms, kitchen and porches, with water and electric lights. A. M. Blake, at Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. au20-1t*

WARNINGS ABOUT DELAY ARE OF value. Don't put off seeing our list of "For Rent" houses. We have houses, apartments, stores for rent. Tell us the kind of place you want. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents. au20-1t

AGENTS — FOR HIGH GRADE ARTIcle, easily carried, easily demonstrated, big profits. Descriptive booklet free. Appalachian Merchandising Co., 219 East Main st., Johnson City, Tenn. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — SIX-ROOM MODERN dwelling, 1900 Woolcott, Carolina Place, one block from car line. Large lot, excellent garden. Or will rent. Possession given October 1. Apply D. H. Lee, 209 North Thirteenth. aug20-1t*

WANTED—A USED FORD CAR IN good condition, either runabout or five passenger. Address "Ford Car" care Star. au 20-1t*

NEAR FIFTH AND CHESTNUT WE have a home that can be bought very reasonable and on good terms. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. au 20-1t

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100 YEARS OF RUSSIAN BIBLE.

Emperor Alexander Gave Orders for Translation Century Ago.

(Nashville Banner).

One hundred years ago Emperor Alexander I. gave orders that the Bible should be translated into Russian, and made available to the people. Prior to that time the Scriptures were known to Russians only in the Greek tongue and in ancient Slavonic. The czar realized that this mediaeval tongue was understood by few of the people, that it did not reach the peasantry at all and thus its potency was greatly minimized. Even the priests were compelled to learn Slavonic as though it were a foreign language, for not only were the words different, but even the characters of the letters themselves looked strange to a Russian eye.

Upon the issuance of this order the work of translation was assigned to the Biblical scholars of that period and these were required to translate from the original Hebrew and Greek.

This centenary, in large measure, is a linguistic as well as a Biblical commemoration. Just as the translation of the Bible into English in the reign of King James is one of the great landmarks of the definite formulation of English literary style, so work on the Russian Bible helped to crystalize literary sentiment and made permanent and abiding the work that been begun by Lomonossov. The whole of the last century has witnessed the development of the Russian language, which today is classed as one of the most fluid and graphic of all modern tongues.

In 1855 the Holy Synod received the work that had already been done, indorsed parts of the same, disapproved others and definitely made the necessary arrangements for the completion of the translation on as uniform a literary basis as possible. Each of the four evangelists were given to one of the ecclesiastical academies, then, as now, situated at Kiev, Moscow, Petrograd and Kazan. From all parts of the empire scholars were requisitioned to review critically each other's work and insure accuracy as well as uniformity. As a result of the academic treatment the language of the Russian Bible is dignified and holds a conservative place in Russian literature.

STRUCK IT RICH IN OIL

For Every $125 They Put In, Ohio Speculators Drew $60,000.

(Washington Post).

"One often hears of persons getting rich overnight, but such cases rarely bear the light of investigation," said L. L. Grimes, of Steubenville, O., cashier of a bank in that city. "Many times I have heard of instances of men getting rich suddenly, but I never knew a case to come under my personal observation until very recently. The whole of Steubenville is excited about this case.

"About four years ago, when there was some ground for belief that oil could be found in the vicinity of Steubenville, an oil company was formed and stock was sold to raise money for drilling wells. The promoters drilled two wells, only to find they were 'dusters.' Then the president of the company decided he would take the balance of the company's funds and go to Oklahoma and 'wildcat' it.

"It hadn't been long until those interested back home were told that the lands purchased with the company's funds were very promising. Oil was struck and finally enormous wells developed. Several thousand acres were purchased with the earnings, and just a short time ago the company sold out its holding to a syndicate for $12,000,000.

"For every share of stock worth at par $125 sold in Steubenville four years before the owners drew down $60,000 in cash. I had one friend who invested enough in the original company to make his share of the recent sale close to $1,000,000, and his original investment did not reach $1,000. This man bought shares for his wife, his two daughters and himself, and now all of them are rich. In addition to the sum they received for their stock, they had drawn last year and for some months before dividends approximating $2,000 a year, and they still have an interest in 500,000 barrels of oil that are stored in Oklahoma that were not included in tehis sale."

I THOUGHT THAT THAT CHARMING bungalow at Greenfield Terrace was rented. Did you ask me about it? F. A. Lord, Insurance and Real Estate. au20-1t

WANTED — 50,000 PAIR OF SHOES TO half sole at 50c.; rubber heels, 35c.; material and work guaranteed. Lanier Harness Company, 216 Market street; 'Phone 444. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE GOOD FIVE-PASsenger Ford car, sixty-inch tread; also one Overland runabout in good condition. Can be seen at Orrell's Livery Stables. See J. E. Poole. au20-1t*

126-128 PRINCESS STREET (GARRELL Building), 19, 21, 23 North Second st. Every three minutes an electric car passes the Garrell building. Wouldn't one or both of those nice stores be a good place for your business? Let F. A. Lord, agent, show them to you. au20-su,w,f-tf

COUPLE WITH CHILD SIX YEARS old, wants three connecting rooms. Light housekeeping. Must be close in and rent reasonable. 'Phone 1750-W. au20-1t*

WANTED — NEW TOURING BODY, complete, for Ford car. Name best price. Box 452, Lumberton, N. C. au20-su-2t*

WANTED—LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS for North Carolina. Wonderful opportunity open for ambitious men with clean record, who can produce and write non-participating business. Liberal contracts, hearty co-operation. Write quick, if you can deliver the goods. A. G. Blotcky, Gen. Agent, Spartanburg, S. C. au20-1t

DO YOU MOVE ON OCTOBER FIRST? If so, we would like to show you our list of houses and apartments. Now is house renting time. Come early and get the best selection. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents au20-1t

FOR SALE — ONE HORSE WAGON and buggy; very low price; can be seen at 320 Castle street. 'Phone 111. au20-1t*

15 ACRES LAND, WITH SPLENDID 6-room cottage, within one mile car line on macadam road, for sale by L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agent; 123 Princess. au20-1t

FOR RENT—LARGE OCTOBER FIRST list, and several for immediate occupancy. 'Phone 65. G. B. Applewhite. au20-1t

LOST — EITHER ON SOUND ROAD OR at Wrightsville Beach, lady's gold Waltham wrist watch, initials "G. C. P." on back. Reward, if returned to Standard Supply Co. au20-1t*

CONSULT OUR RENT LIST. WE MAY have the house you want. We give the service. L. W. Moore, Renting Agency, 123 Princess. au20-1t

FOR SALE — ONE GOOD HORSE; rubber tire Babcock buggy and one good farm wagon cheap for cash, or will consider trade for automobile. Mrs. C. W. Hollowbush, East Wilmington. au20-1t*

NURSES AND ATTENDANTS — THE New Jersey State Hospital at Morris Plains, for treatment of mental and nervous diseases, requires the services of young men and women, to become nurses; training school course free for those wishing to take it; diploma when graduated; experience unnecessary; will pay to start: women $22 and men $24 per month, with board, room and laundering, and advance according to service rendered. For application blank containing full particulars, address only postal card request to Dr. B. D. Evans, Medical Director. P. O. Address, Greystone Park, New Jersey. au20-7t

25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT DURING August on scholarship, after then $50. Act quickly; remember, our students are in demand. Two calls yesterday. Jones' Business College. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — A BARGAIN — ONE mare, guaranteed perfectly sound and gentle. Can be seen at 717 Red Cross street. au20-1t*

IF YOU WILL BE GOOD ENOUGH TO call up 766, or call here at 120 Princess street, it will give me pleasure to tell you of the variety of houses I have on my list. I ought to be able to please you. F. A. Lord, Insurance and Real Estate. au20-1t

WANTED—WHITE WOMAN TO WORK in restaurant. Apply at once, 117 S. Water street. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — FULL BLOODED SETter pup, 5 months old. Just right to train. A good bargain. See A. B. C., Newman's Cafe. au20-1t*

FOR RENT — IMMEDIATE POSSESsion, modern two-story six-room dwelling. No. 505 Ann street, near Fifth avenue; everything in first class condition; delightful Southern exposure; attractive terms to desirable tenant. W. G. Whitehead; 'Phone 408-J and 229-J. au20-1t

FOR SALE — SECOND HAND PIANO, two coal heaters, one kitchen range, one gas range. Address "R," care Star. au20-1t*

AUTO FOR SALE CHEAP TO QUICK buyer. Hup runabout, in first class condition. Must sell as owner is leaving the city. Room 47, Colonial Apartments. au20-1t*

OCTOBER FIRST RENT LIST IS REAdy. See L. W. Moore, Renting Agency, for apartments, cottages, and homes. 123 Princess. au20-1t

MANTELS, TILES AND GRATES. GET McVey to fix your old fire place and be ready for winter. Oak and mahogany mantels very cheap. J. F. McVey, 224 South Front st. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — THIRTY THREE ACRES of good farming land, with frontage on Wrightsville Sound, boat landing, etc. Splendid rock road leading from Wilmington, which is only nine miles distant. Has eight room cottage, stable, garage, deep well water and orchard. If sold within the next few days can be had at a bargain. Ask D. R. Foster & Company, 'Phone 1220. au20-1t

$200.00 CASH, BALANCE ON YOUR terms, is an opportunity we are offering you in a five-room cottage in Carolina Court. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. au20-1t

FOR SALE OR TRADE — TWO NICE, gentle horses. Work anywhere. Weight about 1,000 pounds each. One good mule, will trade for good automobile or sell on time or cash. J. D. DeVane, East Arcadia, N. C. au20-su4t

WANTED — AT ONCE, LOCOMOTIVE engineer to run logging engine and keep up all machinery in woods; skidder and loading machine. Must be a good machinist; no other need apply. Write at once to "Engineer," care Star. au18-3t*

NOTICE — I HAVE THE EXCLUSIVE rights to the sale of refreshments and for all midway attractions at Moore's Creek battleground, for the celebration on next Thursday. Any one desiring to enter attractions should either write or call on me. W. H. Kelly, Atkinson, N. C. au18-fr,su-2t

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO USE good printing, and that's our business; letter heads, business cards, announcements, invitations, etc. Quality guaranteed. Harris Typewriting and Advertising Co. au9-w,f,su-tf

FOR SALE — AT WRIGHTSVILLE Beach, two desirable lots, in the Tidewater division, near the Oceanic Hotel. Apply to T. L. Eberhardt, Oceanic Hotel. au18-su2t*

COTTAGES, HOUSES, STORES, APARTments, everything for rent. James and James, Inc. au20-1t

FOR SALE—TRACTS OF FIVE ACRES or more land on Federal Point Road, two and a half miles from Wilmington. Suited for poultry farm or dairy. Make us your proposition. D. R. Foster & Company, 112 Princess street. au20-1t

ATTRACTIVE HOME PROPOSITION, 5th avenue, North Castle; deep lot; well-built home that will be sold at a sacrifice price by L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agent, 123 Princess st. au20-1t

LOST—ONE COIL OF WIRE, ON ROAD to Carolina Beach. Finder please notify Dixon & Kermon. au20-1t

FOR RENT — 509 SOUTH FIFTH, 719 Chestnut, 619 Red Cross, 115 North Sixth, 611 South Fourth, 422 South Fifth, 105 North Fifth, 414 Chestnut, and others. D. R. Foster & Company, 'Phone 1220. au20-1t

NORTHWEST CORNER 4TH AND Chestnut; splendidly located vacant lot. Will be sold. See L. W. Moore, agent, 123 Princess. au20-1t

FOR RENT — OCTOBER FIRST, MODern eight-room house, 309 North Fifth street. Apply 512 Chestnut street, or 'phone 1565-J. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — SPLENDID COTTAGE home, Grace near 16th; price cheap for quick sale. See the agent, L. W. Moore, 123 Princess. au20-1t

FOR RENT — 518 SOUTH FRONT, 8 rooms; 310 Chestnut street, 6 rooms; 311 Nun street, 8 rooms; 114 Nun st., 8 rooms; 313 North Fifth st.; 405 S. 5th street; and others. See James & James, Inc., renting agents; 'Phone 163. au20-1t

FOR SALE — AN EXCELLENT FARM of fifty acres, with growing crop near Wrightsboro, in the best trucking section of this county. Splendid shipping facilities, etc. A nice seven-room cottage and all necessary out buildings, etc. Owner desires to retire. This property can be had at a reasonable price. Foster & Company are the agents; 112 Princess street. au20-1t

FOR SALE — AN ELEGANT COTTAGE home on 17th street, between Dock and Ann; large lot; price and terms to suit. See G. B. Applewhite. au20-1t

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR BLDG., within half block Post Office; this would make an ideal office; light, convenient, close in. See James and James, Inc. au20-1t

AN ATTRACTIVE FIVE-ROOM BUNgalow, nearing completion, on Orange street near the Turnpike, is for sale. Look it over, and let us give you our price and terms. Foster's Agency, 112 Princess street. au20-1t

LOST — ONE ROLL OF CAMERA films at Lumina. Finder please call 1721-W. au20-1t

COLONIAL APARTMENTS, CORNER of Third and Market streets; apartments from $12.50 up; excelelnt meals served in building; hot and cold running water in every apartment. See James and James, Inc., Renting Agents. au20-1t

MODERN HOME, 518 MARKET ST., for rent. Apply R. C. Cantwell; 'phone No. 1115-J or No. 10. au20-1t*

LEARN TO WRITE SHORTHAND right. Stenographers in big demand; $50.00 pays for entire course; $5.00 monthly. Day and night lessons. Leon L. Motte, Court Stenographer, 105 Church street; 'phone 737-W au20-30t

WANTED — THE PARTY THAT found my bunch of keys to leave same at "The Orton," and get reward. J. H. Hinton. au20-3t

$5.00 REWARD FOR RETURN OF CIRcular pin, set with pearls; lost in Wilmington or at Wrightsville Beach. I. Shrier, North Front street. au20-1t*

FOR RENT — 115 NORTH SIXTH ST.; six rooms and bath; will be vacant September 1st. Call 'phone 1927-J. au20-1t

WILL BE GLAD TO COMMUNICATE with parties desiring to rent flat; 502 North 4th st. au20-1t*

FOR SALE—ONE REGISTERED, FINE blooded Duroc Jersey stock hog. Apply to W. M. Holland at three-mile post, on Scott's Hill road, or R. F. D. No. 1, Box 90. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — REASONABLE; NICE, up-to-date wagon; rubber tires; suitable for any kind of delivery. Can be seen at May's Delicatessen; No. 24 North Front street. au20-2t

FOR RENT — READY FOR OCCUPANcy, two clean, comfortable housekeeping apartments of three rooms each, and one single room, at 116 North Third street. Conveniently located. au20-su,tu,th,sa-4t

ANY ONE DESIRING SEWING OR smocking done call 'Phone 1209-W. au20-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE BIRD DOG; POINTer, five months old. Box 25, Teachey, N. C. au20-1t*

ATTENTION, FILERS AND SAWYERS! There will be a meeting of the Filers and Sawyers' Association of North Carolina held at the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, Sunday, August 27th. A large crowd is expected to attend this meeting. Bring your family and spend the day at the Beach. au20-1t

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IF--

IF—you don't have to work hard for your money,

IF—you can always get plenty, when you need it,

IF—you are sure that old age will find you well supplied with funds,

THEN you don't need to save—But, OTHERWISE, the best way to make sure of financial independence is to open a Savings Account with this bank today and add something to it every week or month.

We will help your account to grow, by paying 4 Per Cent Compound Interest on it.

American Bank & Trust Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus - $1,650,000.00
Resources - - - - - 8,000,000.00

This Bank stands ready to furnish customers every facility and best possible service.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. W. YATES, V. Prest. — J. V. GRAINGER, V. Prest.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. — M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cash.
W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cash. — J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Asst. Cash.

ANTIQUES—I PAY CASH FOR OLD diamond pane corner cupboards, high post beds, brass andirons, candle sticks, and fenders, jewelry, china, bureaus, sideboards, tables, sofas, chairs, desks, mirror frames, feather beds, etc. Will call anywhere within a radius of 200 miles of Wilmington. Write me what you have. J. K. Beard, Wilmington, N. C. au 6-su,tu,thu-13t*

"ACCURACY IS ESSENTIAL IN PRObating papers." Notaries Public at your command. Harris Typewriting and Advertising Co. au9-w,f,su-tf

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER with several years of experience desires position first of September. Quick and accurate. Excellent references. Address "Stenographer" 114 North Fourth St. au 19-2t*

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FIVE ROOM cottages at Seagate. Will sell on long time, with small monthly payments. Houses are in first class condition, with large yards. R. P. McClammy, 423 South Front street. Phone 837-J. au 19-2t*

LOST—WRIGHTSVILLE TURNPIKE, between Public garage and Seagate road, Wednesday evening about 9:30, black and red lap robe. Reward for return to T. R. Mathews, Seashore Hotel. au 19-3t

SALESMAN TO SELL VINEGARS AND ciders. Exclusive or side line. 25 per cent commissions. Weekly settlements. Redlands Manufacturing Co., Richmond, Va. au 19-3t*

PLACE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers with Gordon Bros., 17 Princess street. 'Phone 745. au17-tf

FOR SALE — SEVEN ROOM RESIdence, 109 North Thirteenth street (Winoca); all modern conveniences; near trolley line; lot 55x112. 'Phone 1146-J or call. au11-tf

REFINED LADY DESIRES POSITION in refined family, as companion to invalid or housekeeper. Best references. Address "Companion," 402 Rowland street, Henderson, N. C. au16-7t*

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters, and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh 23-tf

WILL BUILD YOUR HOME ON LOT 66x330, at Winter Park. Sell on easy payments. For particulars, see L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agents, 123 Princess. au20-1t

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY DWELLING, seven rooms, with all modern conveniences; 313 Grace street. Possession given at once. Apply W. C. Peterson, 'Phone 208-J. jy16-tf

CHICKENS, CHICKENS, CHICKENS— Give us your orders for chickens today. Also very best of beef, veal, lamb and pork. All kinds of fruits and vegetables. Phone 72. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. au 19-tf

WANTED—SAWYER, FOR CIRCULAR mill. Steam fed. Only a sober, industrious and hustling man need apply. J. C. Pretlow, Point Caswell, N. C. au18-3t*

WE SAVE YOU DOLLARS ON SWEEPing compounds, 300 pound barrels at 1 3-4 cents per pound f. o. b. Oxford. We ship on approval, if not satisfactory we don't want your money. The Clean Sweep Manufacturing Co., Oxford, N. C. au18-7t*

FOR SALE—TWO MILES, TWENTY-five pound steel rail in first class condition. $25 ton on board at Wilmington. Address H. P. Woodson, Burgaw, N. C. au18-1t*

DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL MAKES NO difference with one of our standard make trunks. They stand all tests. A complete line of leather goods. For quality see Uncle Charles. au9-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

FOR RENT—ONE OF THE BEST CORner stores in city, 50 feet long. Also nice stock of groceries and dry goods for sale, for cash or on time, or will exchange for city property. If interested, address F. P. Lamb, 532 McRae St., Wilmington, N. C. au 19-7t*

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, modern conveniences; 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. jy25-tf

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U. S. GOVERNMENT WANTS CLERKS. Men, women, 18 or over, $75.00 month. List positions now obtainable free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dep't 296-R, Rochester, N. Y. jy16-su8t*

STORES FOR RENT BY L. W. MOORE, Renting Agency, 123 Princess. au20-1t

CAPABLE BUSINESS WOMAN DEsires position as cashier and bookkeeper; thoroughly experienced. Best references. Now employed. Address "Business," P. O. Box 796, City. au15-tu,w,su-3t*

I DON'T TRY TO WRITE ALL THE lines. But there are no contracts superior to mine, and very few as good in Life, Health, Accident, Live Stock Insurance. See me before placing that application. James M. Stevenson, Agent. Phone 979, room 515 Murchison Bank Building. au 13-su,we-9t

SHIP US YOUR POULTRY AND EGGS. We get top prices. Let us have your orders on fruits and vegetables. Charleston Fruit Co., Charleston, S. C. ap9-su,w-tf

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FOR RENT, OCT. 1, 1916

New, Up-to-Date Apartments, With All the Comforts of a Modern Home.

6-room Apartment (Lower), No. 418 So. Fifth Avenue.
7-room Apartment (Upper), No. 418 So. Fifth Avenue.
6-room Apartment (Lower), No. 420 So. Fifth Avenue.
7-room Apartment (Upper), No. 420 So. Fifth Avenue.

Attractive Terms to Desirable Tenants.

W. G. WHITEHEAD,
Phone 220-J or 408-J.

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SECTION TWO
RELIGIOUS, THEATRICAL, COMICS.

THE WILMINGTON MORNING STAR

SECOND SECTION
PAGES 13-20

VOL. XCVIII—NO. 150 WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,678

WHAT ORGANIZED LABOR STANDS FOR; PURPOSES AND PROGRAMME

Address Made by Mr. Jerome Jones, of Atlanta, Official Representative of the American Federation of Labor, at Public Meeting in Wilmington Held Under Auspices of State Federation of Labor.

It must be understood at once that the Labor Movement is distinctively an organized labor project. It hopes by the gradual realization by the people of its true aims and accomplishments to establish its claims to the good-will and endorsement of the people of the country.

The people of Wilmington are, and should be interested in the success or failure of the labor movement. Organized labor is willing to stand or fall on the verdict of our citizens. The purpose of the movement is to advance the interests of all workers.

The real aims and purposes of this movement are often overlooked and its errors are made to appear "huge as high Olympus." What is accomplished is lightly passed over, and what it fails to do is made the subject for discussion, a decision reached, and a verdict rendered along the lines of least resistance.

A large number of those who fall into this error do so unconsciously, and should in no sense be counted among those opposed to labor unions.

The public must not imagine that the men of labor have only in mind the living wage and the shorter work day, with no intention of realizing to the fullest the blessings resulting therefrom.

The labor movement of today relies upon its moral and intellectual strength for results. The men and women of this class know full well that the day of physical force is past. If they hope to secure rights to which they are entitled their claims must be submitted to a discerning public in an intelligent manner. The philosophy of organized labor is sound and its principles correct. For years professors of political economy have studied the results and the purposes of the American labor movement, and they have acknowledged them to be in harmony with every law.

No other movement was ever so hampered, slandered, and villified. Yet it has grown, grown until it numbers now more than two million stalwart men in its many unions.

And more, it has grown in the estimation of the good men and good women of the country; it has grown in public favor; in this lies our greatest strength.

Yet a larger public should be interested in this movement. It must be interested in this movement of labor for no institution has so much to do with the vital interest of the working people as does the working man's union.

Therefore the labor movement invites your moral aid. It asks you to come and learn something of this organization that would take the child from the sweatshop and place it in the school room, on the playgrounds, where they can enjoy the blessed sunshine.

It asks you to learn of an organization that would banish poverty and replace it with an employed people; to learn of an organization that would make illegal the grinding of dollars from the toil of mothers in the mills; to learn of an organization that has brought sunshine into the homes of the country.

To learn of an organization that has done so much to bring permanent comfort to the houses of the poor; to learn of an organization that has done more for temperance than any other organization in the land.

To learn of an organization that has and aims only to hold the organization up to contumely and scorn. That kind of criticism does not correct the evils of which it pretends to complain.

Dr. Gladden, the eminent Presbyterian divine, never spared the labor unions when he thought them to be in error, but he brought them to his own meeting place or attended their assemblies, and discussed the issue face to face.

The labor organizations would arouse all that is noble and ennobling in the man who is a part of our social structure.

It has been proven beyond cavil that reduction in hours of labor has improved the laborer intellectually and morally. If any one needs proof of this let him visit his nearest neighbor and compare his mode of living with those in the same occupation twenty years ago.

Today his bookshelves are fairly well lined with select reading matter, and the sound of musical instruments is in his house.

It is as true as night follows day that the workman is devoting to self-culture every minute of his leisure time, and every minute marks a further improvement.

The purpose of the labor movement is to secure for those who toil economic conditions that will enable the toiling citizen to live right, that will enable him to live in a house and not in a hovel; to purchase food, wholesome food; to rear a family of strong, honest, clever and brainy artisans, men who make it possible for this country to boast of its industries.

This cannot be accomplished in the face of a beggarly wage and a serf's hours of labor.

If we are honestly proud of our industries, we should be justly proud of our workingmen. Nevertheless, society has heretofore been so carried away with the magnificence of the temple that it has forgotten to give credit to the skilled hands that raised it.

The industrial class is susceptible of the highest degree of moral and intellectual cultivation.

The shorter working day and the living wage are the only means to that end. All men and women and the government should give liberally of their influence to the fulfillment of this laudable endeavor. That is the work of the American labor movement.

It is intended by all laws, both human and divine, that men and women should have an opportunity to develop the morally best that is in them.

God intended that all men and women should have an opportunity to develop morally and mentally.

Organized labor is striving in that direction.

"No man was born with a saddle on his back; none booted and spurred to ride him." To this organized labor agrees.

Whatever improvement there is in the workers' condition today he owes to the labor movement and children's education.

Organized labor is here to remain for all time. It has for its purpose the elevation of the working people. It stands for, and means, in its very broadest sense, the advancement of the workers, intellectually, morally, and spiritually. Its programme to reach these results is along natural lines.

Men are taught their responsibilities to their families and to their country. To have them fully understand these responsibilities, they must be aroused to a sense of duty, their pride must be appealed to, for every man has a spark of pride, and when given the least encouragement, is soon fanned into a flame that spurs him on to higher and better things.

This can only be done by placing in their reach the means that will furnish them time to think and act.

The only means to do this is the shorter work day and a living wage. The first gives him an opportunity to cultivate a larger and more varied circle of acquaintances, by and through which his vision of things, heretofore narrow and contracted, becomes broader, and his conclusions are conceived in a more liberal mind.

The living wage enables him to remove himself and family from environments that must embitter him against his lot.

Everything takes on a more dismal look; every day to him is a dark day, all hope is lost and despair is his constatn companion. To him "sweet religion is a rhapsody of words."

The American Labor Movement, is it rough? Yes, its members are composed of all classes, every occupation and every nationality. They are live, virile men, pulsating with red blood, men who work, who do things. Such men do not always gently approach the matter in hand. They are not diplomats, not gifted in the art, but just plain, blunt fellows—but, withal, men who know their rights and dare maintain them.

The movement is a human movement, intensely human, it is a movement for which many men, women and children have suffered most keenly the pangs of hunger, and have allowed themselves to be turned into the unsheltered streets in their loyalty to its principles.

The Labor Movement cheerfully welcomes criticism; it asks that all men judge it in a spirit of fairness. On the other hand, it does not regard with favor that criticism which degenerates into abuse.

The wage-earner's standard of life is affected, the character of all those dependent upon him is involved, when his wages are reduced; the quality and quantity of the bread that he supplies is likewise affected.

It also determines the neighborhood in which he shall take up residence—

(Continued on Page Twenty.)

TAR HEELS ATTEND ONE S. C. CAMPAIGN SPEAKING

About 200 Ansonians Hear Blease and Others at Chesterfield.

The Prediction is Made That, If Chesterfield Crowd Was Typical of the Whole State, Manning Will Win Despite Blease.

(By J. E. McLauchlin).

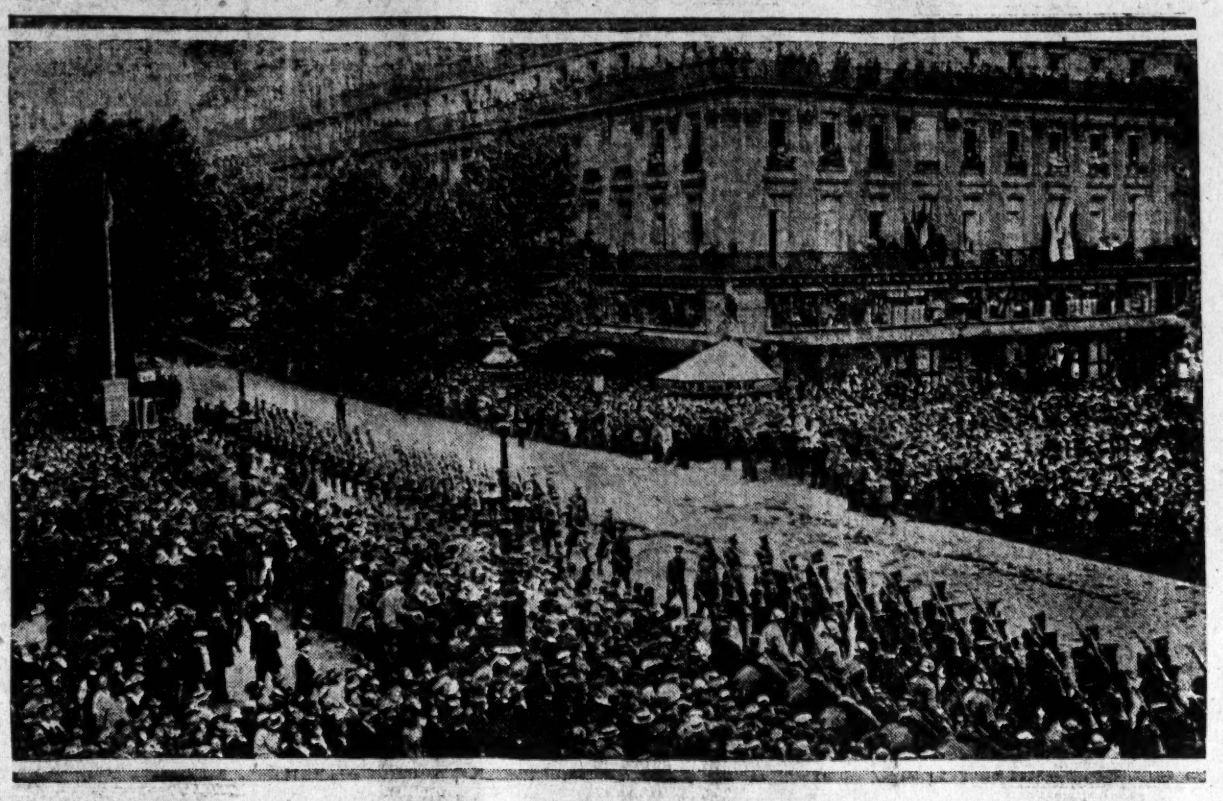
Wadesboro, N. C., Aug. 19.—The writer, together with some two hundred Ansonians gratified a curiosity to see and hear South Carolina candidates for state offices in their marathon. We left here in relays, a part going for the all day performance and others only for the afternoon, arriving in Chesterfield, where the big three-ring circus, with numerous side shows, was staged for the day. Of course the main attraction was to get a first hand impression of the wonderful Cole L. Blease and ascertain the cause of his magnetism over South Carolina voters.

It matters not who receives the nomination for governor of our neighbor commonwealth, every one who heard Blease speak Thursday will have to concede that he is a campaign speaker, par excellent. I doubt if there is a superior in the United States. He possesses the art of knowing just how to present his side of an argument in its most forceful effect. He is shrewd and cunning. He can take a mole hill and fashion it into a mountain, giving just enough truth to undermine the confidence of the susceptible.

If the result of the primary to be held on August 29th should be judged solely by the audience, exclusive of those imported from other counties, that assembled in Chesterfield, my

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

Regiment of British Troops Participating in Celebration in Paris.



For the first time in history British troops took part in the celebration in Paris of the National Festival of France on July 14 last. The accompanying photograph shows a regiment of soldiers of France's ally marching through the Place de l'Opera cheered by crowds in the street and hundreds on the balconies of the Grand hotel.

WAR WILL CONTINUE IS VIEW OF WALL STREET

Foreign Commerce Not Likely to Diminish While It Lasts.

Arresting a "Fake Mayor" for Speeding Replacing a Brewery with a Church Edifice—Gossip of Little Old Gotham.

New York, Aug. 19.—Despite the general impression that there has been a lull in the receipt of war orders, which is attributed to the fact that the Allies have increased their facilities for manufacturing their own ammunition, etc., the financial interests of New York report that business with the European governments could not be better. As a matter of fact, there has been a renewed wave of war orders, and one of the largest financial institutions of Wall Street, which is intimate touch with the financial situation across the ocean, has issued a significant statement to the effect that "all present signs are against an early termination of the struggle."

The statement goes on to say that the Allies have been inspired with new confidence and the Germanic powers are not disheartened. The statement adds that "after two years of war, money is raised as easily as in the first six months, the reserves of the great banks of England, France, Germany and Russia are about as strong in proportion to their liabilities as they were a year ago." According to this same authoritative source of information, the belligerents are all producing vastly more war supplies than a year ago, and the Allies are probably less dependent on the United States than they were. But fighting at the present pace takes ammunition and supplies upon an immense scale. An analysis of the situation is said to indicate that trade opportunities in all parts of the world show little probability of a decline in American exports while the war lasts.

While the nerves of Wall Street have stood firm in the confidence of continual sastifactory foreign trade, the conditions at home have not been entirely satisfying. Wall Street is now the world's banker, and it has its own method of securing information concerning every phase of the industrial, economic and agricultural situation of the Unites States. The information that has come to the "street" with reference to the crop situation through the country, is not very encouraging. There is also grave concern because of the unsettled condition in the industrial world. The threatened strike by the railroad operators throughout the country, and the disturbances that have occurred among the garment workers of New York, together with the difficulties experienced in operating the transit system of this city, have produced damaging effect upon the activities of the metropolis. In former periods the presidential election was enough to hold the entire business situation in New York and the country in check till the result could be foretold. However, this condition has been altered, because in recent years there has grown up a better understanding between "big business" and the Washington government, with the result that a probably change in administration is no longer looked upon as likely to upset existing conditions in the financial and business affairs of the country.

Naturally the officers of the public roads are loathe to arrest persons of especial prominence, even though they may be speeding in automobiles. However, in Washington a number of the most distinguished citizens have gone into the police courts. One one or two occasions President Wilson's car has been stopped by officers on account of some technical violation of traffic reg-

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

NORTH CAROLINA CREDIT UNIONS WHAT THEY CAN DO FOR FARMERS

Prof. W. R. Camp, Head of State Marketing Bureau, Explains Method of Operation and How They Fill a Long-Felt Need—Forward Step in Co-Operation Expected to be of Great Benefit.

Prof. W. R. Camp, head of the State Division of Markets and superintendent of the North Carolina Credit Unions, in the August number of Agricultural Extension Service of the State Department of Agriculture, gives a very thorough and comprehensive explanation of the operation of the Credit Unions and how they can be made of great service to the farmers. The article follows:

After the lesson which the European war thrust upon the South, all have been agreed that something should be done to meet the need for more credit. With a drop in the price of cotton from 12 to 6 cents a pound, the cry for credit was heard well nigh everywhere. Washington was besieged without avail. In the meantime local bankers, merchants, and farmers were given more time to realize on the crop and to pay their debts. Farmers who were able to hold their cotton made at least two cents a pound more than those who sold early. This would mean a profit of $250 to the farmer who had 25 bales of cotton. Such savings in a community would mean the difference between hard and good times, both for the farmers and business men of a section. Somehow we weathered the storm. But have we learned its lesson?

Cheaper to Purchase for Cash.

The author once asked one of the leading supply merchants of the State what could be done to relieve the farmers of the high cost of supply store credit. He very wisely advised that farmers should spend less recklessly for things they could get along without and save their money to pay cash for necessary supplies.

The co-operative banks of Canada have succeeded among their members in doing away with the practice of buying on credit. M. Desjardins, the founder of the first co-operative bank in America, says:

"A man who does not follow the wise course of providing in advance for his expenditures often finds himself short of ready money, foolishly adopts a credit system and buys more than he really needs or more than his means justify. But the day comes when he must pay, and then the amount due seems very high, and his uneasiness is great. It must also be observed that money is saved by buying for cash, for much more care is exercised when what is bought must be paid for on the spot. Under such circumstances buying is strictly limited to the amount of money on hand."

Present High Cost of Credit.

According to reports of bankers in 54 cotton producing counties of North Carolina, farmers are reported to have received an advance of $29,150,742 from merchants in the form of supplies for growing one cotton crop, or an average of 58 per cent of its total value. Supplies bought on time are reported to have cost on an average 19.2 per cent more than those purchased for cash. If these accounts run on an average for six months, farmers have to pay at the rate of 19.2 per cent for six months, or 38.4 per cent per year for the credit with which they obtain their supplies. The total cost of this supply store credit at this rate for producing the cotton crop alone would be $5,553,213.35. At the legal rate of interest of 6 per cent, this credit would have cost $874,522.26. Cotton farmers would have saved $4,678,691.09 if agriculture had as good a system of credit as other lines of business in this State. No business can prosper and buy credit at such prices. A business which begins on this basis is beat at the start. If this amount, in round numbers $5,000,000, were saved, it would be an income of 5 per cent on a new land value of $100,000,000, which would be added to the value of the land of the cotton counties of North Carolina alone.

An Unfavorable Position.

Unorganized farmers generally have to depend upon one agency for credit. On the other hand, a corporation doing business on a large scale is able to borrow from any one of a number of financial institutions. The same corporation may be able to secure credit in Kansas City, Chicago or New York—wherever, in fact, the interest rates are cheapest.

The local character of the individual farmer's business and security so restricts his borrowing power that he is not able to borrow at all; or, he has to pay such a high rate that it does not pay him to borrow the use of capital; or, what is still worse, he may so run into debt for supplies for growing a crop that he is tied up in its sale. He is not free to organize an efficient system in his own behalf for the economical distribution of the products he produces. With profits eaten up by the high cost of credit, a farmer has no encouragement to invest new capital in the improvement of land. As a result, the value of land has remained low and its improvement slow in the South.

The movement of funds at present is toward the large trade centers. This drains the rural districts of capital and makes it cheaper for tradesmen in the cities who can get credit at a lower price to take the crop of the hands of the farmer as soon as it is harvested, finance its immediate distribution and sale or its storage until prices are favorable. It is hoped that the Credit Union, together with the National Farm Loan Association, will stem the stream of credit that moves away from the country to the city, keep what funds that are in the country there, and turn the current of cheaper credit from the cities to the rural districts for the development of country enterprise. One banker stated to the author: "Your Credit Union provides the machinery for getting credit into the country. We have plenty of funds to loan, but no way of getting them out to the farmers. Your Credit Committee, which passes on the sufficiency of the security, offered by its members, is just what we want to put us in touch with the credit needs of a country neighborhood."

New Law Explained.

The Credit Union Law, passed by the 1915 Legislature, will provide a remedy for the high cost of short-time credit, in so far as farmers make use of it. Instead of depending upon either the government or upon the large city bankers for credit, a greater supply of credit should be developed in the State. Instead of the farmer depending upon the supply merchant for 59 per cent of the value of the cotton crop; instead of the supply merchant being forced to get credit from banker; fertilizer company and jobber with which to carry the farmer; instead of the banker, jobber and manufacturer having to go to Richmond and New York bankers for credit, the proposal is for the farmer to have the reservoir of credit in the state as well as its source. Instead of the farmer requiring the supply merchants to make an advance of $29,159,742, as the bankers of this State have estimated to have been made in the case of the 1912-1913 cotton crop, the farmers are now given the opportunity to organize savings societies which are empowered to lend to their own members. Through the organized self-help of the cotton farmers of the State they are to save a part of the $30,000,000 and deposit it in Credit Unions, borrow the rest

(Continued on Page Fifteen.)

PLANS FOR WORK UNDER FEDERAL AID ROAD ACT

Million Dollars for National Forest Roads This Year.

Secretary Houston Announces Plan for Spending the Ten Million for Roads and Trails in the National Forests.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Secretary Houston has just announced the plan to be pursued in spending the ten million dollars appropriated by the Federal Aid Road Act for the construction and maintenance of roads and trails within or partly within National Forests, and has tentatively allotted among the various National Forest states the million dollars which is expendable this fiscal year.

The tentative allotments to the principal National Forest states are as follows: Alaska, $46,200; Arizona, $59,795; Arkansas, $11,294; California, $140,763; Colorado, $62,335; Idaho, $108,010; Montana, $69,901; Nevada, $19,195; New Mexico, $42,622; Oregon, $127,794; South Dakota, $8,115; Utah, $40,982; Washington, $91,739; Wyoming, $40,566. In addition, a total of $9,552, has been tentatively assigned to Florida, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oklahoma, while the Eastern States, Maine, New Hampshire, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Georgia, in which the government is purchasing lands for National forests, have been allotted $21,057.

"In general," said Secretary Houston, "the states and counties will be required to furnish co-oporation in an amount at least equal to 50 per cent of the estimated cost of the surveys and construction. However, upon a satisfactory showing by the applicant State or county that such proportion of co-operation fixed upon a basis equitable to both the State or county and the United States."

The method followed in apportioning the money was explained by Secretary Houston as folows: Ten per cent. of the amount available each year will be withheld as a contingent fund. One-half of the remainder will be allotted to the states in amounts which will be based on the area of National forest lands in each State. The other half will be apportioned on a basis of estimated value of timber and forage resources which the forests contain. Amounts apportioned but unexpended within three years, and any balance of the contingent fund which remains unapportioned at the end of each year, will be reapportioned on the same basis as the original allotments.

The two groups of states to which lump sums are allotted are, it was explained, to be considered as single units of apportionment. Apportionments now to be made are for the current fiscal year only. Thereafter no apportionments will be made, giving consideration to the number and character of applications made by the State and county officials for expenditures on specific projects. These applications must be filed with the district foresters in the seven National Forest districts on or before January 1 of each year, for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1.

The determination of the projects upon which funds will be expended during the current fiscal year will be made on the basis of applications which must be filed with the District Foresters on or before October 1, 1916. Each application must contain a statement of the public needs to be served by the proposed road and the manner and extent to which it would aid in the development of resources upon which communities within or adjacent to the National Forests are dependent, and must also show the general location

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

GREATEST DEMOCRATIC RALLY SINCE VANCE'S

Big Day in Lumberton is to be Saturday, September 9.

Robeson Teachers' Institute Well Attended—Tobacco Market—Lights on Again—Crop Prospects Brighten—Excursion.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Aug. 19.—Arrangements are being made to make Saturday, September 9th, one of the greatest days ever witnessed in Lumberton from a political view point. On that day it is proposed to have the greatest Democratic rally that has been seen in Robeson since the Vance-Settle campaign of 1876. Chairman T. A. McNeill and Messrs. A. W. and J. Dickson McLean are at work securing one or mor espeakers of national reputation to speak here that day.

It's going to be a great day if all the plans are carried out as now outlined, and of course that will be done. Every Democrati in Robeson is expected to be here. Democrats from other counties are invited to come. There will also be plenty of room for any and all Republicans who will come and hear the issues of the campaign truthfuly and honestly discussed.

A veteran of the War Between the States died at the county home this week and was buried in Meadow Brook cemetery, the town authorities having donated a lot for that purpose. Quite a number of people have asked the question as to why the old gentleman was at the county home instead of the Soldiers' Home, in Raleigh. Investigation reveals the fact that the last relative of the old soldier residing in the county died some time ago, leaving him homeless and unable to care for himself. He made application to the proper authorities for admission to the county home, and was advised to go to the Soldiers' Home, being told that he would be furnished transportation if he woul dgo, but he declined, saying he preferred to die here in his old county. His request was granted, which, under the circumstances, it would have been hard to refuse. There are some who are disposed to criticise, hence this statement, that the facts in the case may be fully understood.

Robeson Teachers' Institute.

The Robeson county teachers' institute which opened here Monday in the graded school building for a two weeks' session, is being largely attended, over one hundred teachers having been present during the week. The institute is being conducted by Prof. J. S. Wray, of Gastonia, being assisted by Miss Mary Arrington, of Rocky Mount. Prof. J. R. Poole, county superintendent of education, is leaving nothing undone to make this gathering of teachers the greatest success of any ever held in the county. Lumberton wishes the visiting teachers a pleasant and profitable stay.

When the stockholders of the Lumberton tobacco warehouse last year secured Mr. Banesford as manager they made a wise selection, for it seems to be the general opinion that he could not be improved on. Under his management and the prevailing high prices Lumberton is fast becoming the favorite tobacco market of this section. It is said also that the warehouse has this season the greatest number and the best buyers it has ever had.

It was a great pleasure to us this week to meet here Mr. E. J. Smith, of Raleigh, who thirty-five or forty years ago was a salesman in Lumberton. He was a clerk in the store conducted by Mr. G. E. Rancke, on the corner now occupied by Messrs. R. D. Caldwel & Son, and later was with Mr. J. H. Lewis on the corner now occupied by Messrs. White & Gough. In those days "Ed" Smith was one of Lumberton's most popular and best liked salesmen.

The pumping station of the Seaboard, located near the river, supplying the tank of the union station, has been repaired and put in commission again. During the recent floods it was put out of business by the overflow, the intake being blocked by sand, packing in engine cut to pieces and other damages sustained.

Newspaper correspondents writing from different sections of the county report crop conditions more favorable, indicating that, after all the damage from the recent heavy rains will not be as heavy as was at first thought.

Three weeks ago it seemed as though Lumberton would be the scene of one continuous battle until cold weather between the inhabitants and mosquitoes, but the enemy seems to have retired to a great extent, no reinforcements at present being in sight or hearing.

Lights Turned On Again.

Thursday evening of this week the street lights were turned on in the residential sections of town for the first time since June 29th. Some places are still dark, but the lights are being rearranged and as far as possible every place will be provided with light where it is necessary. And it is expected that before frost comes sections of town will be supplied with water where heretofore it should have gone, but everything which should be done can't be done at once.

A personal letter was received here yesterday by a gentleman from a friend in another tobacco town and one sentence in the letter was this: "I attended the opening sales in Wilson and prices ruled high, but did not go beyond Lumberton prices." Certainly not, Lumberton is as good a market as Wilson or elsewhere. The tobacco farmers in this territory are finding out too.

South Carolina seems to have put a stop to traveling of children under 16 yeras of age in that state on account of infantile paralysis. Conductor King of the R. & C. says no rossing of the state line going in or coming out, and if we are not mistaken children are not alowed to ride from one station to another in that state. Dr. B. W. Page,

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

SERVICE

Mr. C. S. Barbee, of Charlotte, N. C., Was Recently Drowned When the Bridge Over the Catawba River Washed Out.

JULY 5th, 1916—Mr. Barbee Applied for $1,000—20 Payment Special Benefit Insurance.
JULY 12th, 1916—Policy No. 47395 for $1,000 Was Mailed to Him.
JULY 16th. 1916—He Was Drowned, But His Body Was Not Found for Several Days, and it Was Not Until—
JULY 27th, 1916—Proofs of Death Were Received in This Office.
JULY 27th, 1916—THE VERY SAME DAY, OUR CHECK, No. 40556, for $2,000 Was Mailed to His Widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Barbee.

As his death was accidental we paid $2,000—***DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF THE POLICY***—on account of the fact that his policy contained the

SPECIAL BENEFIT CLAUSE.

This is only another exanple of the ***SERVICE*** being given the Southern States by the South's Greatest Insurance Institution.

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Phone 2062 W. **W. P. REEVE, Gen. Agent** Wilmington, N. C.

THE BUILDING OF A NEW SOUTH

By Clement S. Ucker.

Vice-President Southern Settlement and Development Organization.

The building of a new south depends primarily upon two things: First, the live stock industry of the South must be put upon its feet. Second, the South must solve its problems by united effort on the part of all states and all agencies, and concertedly must place its advantages and its claims before the world. Then, and not until then will millons of acres of virgin soil come into its rightful heritage and the Southern States take their place in the ranks of the great agricultural states of the Union.

Like Gaul in the days of Caesar, the South is physically divided into three parts. These are the coastal plain, the Piedmont section and the mountain region. The coastal plain may be separated from the Piedmont section by drawing a line from Baltimore to Washington, thence to Richmond, to Raleigh, to Columbia, to Augusta, to a point just south of Atlanta, to Montgomery, Ala., thence sharply northward. The territory west of Alabama is of course included in the Mississippi Valley. The Piedmont section extends from the line mentioned to the foothills of the Alegheny mountains. The mountain region is largely covered with timber. It is mostly utilized for grazing purposes, with some agricultural activities in the valleys. Its wealth depends largely upon grazing, upon the development of its water power, upon its forestry and upon the exploitation of its mineral resources. Reforestation and regulated grazing will play a large part in its future welfare. Reforestation will be somewhat assisted by the act known as the Weems bill, which provides for the acquisition of areas for forestry purposes by the federal government under the avowed intention of preserving the headwaters of navigable streams.

Of the three divisions the Piedmont section has acquired the greatest amount of civilization and activity. It is a land of small plantations. It is land largely given over to one crop—cotton. It is a land whose soil has been badly depleted and which is fast passing under the tenant system.

Generally speaking, the great coastal plain was avoided by the early settler. It extends from a trifle south of Norfolk, Va., along the coast to western Alabama. It embraces southern Alabama, Florida, southern Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina, and portions of eastern Virginia. It is comparatively level, has sandy soil, great latent possibilities, is capable of high development and is greatly misunderstood. Following the civil war its vast forests of long-leaf yellow pine were exploited for naval stores and lumber. The seat of this industry was originally at Norfolk; then it gradually made its way southward and was successively located at Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. It is now at Jacksonville, Fla.; in time it will pass to Mobile, New Orleans and Galveston.

The exploiter bought the timber and accepted the acre as the unit of measure. In those days the land had no value. Today new court houses, new school houses, permanent highways and other improvements made by progressive counties are paid for by the land owners. Taxes are going up and the taxpayers are awakening to the fact that some beneficial use must be found for the cut-over land. Unless they find purchasers, unless they attract settlers in sufficient numbers, the land must pass to the state for taxes. To find buyers is difficult, because speculators have boosted the price as high as present conditions wil permit, and the land offers no speculative opprotunity. Yet it is out of this region that comes the insistent call for the settler. It is in this comparatively virgin region that the great new South will be built. For not only is it capable of great development, but it is the only remaining comparatively unrestricted acreage of virgin land in America that may be purchased at $5 or $10 an acre.

Only two uses have ever been made of this land—grazing of cattle and the growing of timber. An immemorial custom of the squatter, handed down from father to son for generations, has been to range his cattle in the open pine woods. The squatter may have owned 40 acres of land or he may not have owned an acre, but he did own from 30,000 to 40,000 head of cattle—cattle that were inbred, wild, quarantined with the Texas fever cattle tick. Every pound of meat was to him clear profit, however, and he looked upon the eradication of the cattle tick as the end of his privilege of free and unrestricted range, a privilege so long exercised as to be considered almost an alienable right. As for the owner of the land, his concern had only to do with the timber and the naval stores. In no other respect had the use for the land.

Every man who seriously considers the problems of the South must conclude that the three fundamental necessities for a successful agriculture are education, diversified farming and immigration. Diversified farming goes hand in hand with education, and education includes both educating the Southern people to realize the needs of the South and to know the methods of bringing about better conditions, and educating those outside the Southern area to understand and appreciate the possibilities and the advantages of the South.

The live stock industry is the foundation of diversified farming and live stock cannot be successfully or profitably raised so long as the Texas fever cattle tick is permitted to exist. The elimination of the cattle tick means the immigration of he men who have steadfastly remained away—the men from the great middle west who have made a success of cattle raising and diversified farming.

When the southern man has been taught to know his defects and his shortcomings and to appreciate his advantages, when he learns how to put his house in order and to welcome, assist and labor with the new settler from other states, and when the latter learns to forget his prejudices and to appreciate the South and its opportunities, then will the preblem of colonization largely solve itself.

All agencies in the South must join together in carrying out this work. It is a gigantic task and cannot be done by any single agency. For the past 30 years one organization after another—the railroads, the land companies, the real estate men—have tried it in their own way and to a limited extent at some place and at some time. These efforts have met with varying degress of success, but not once have they been lastingly successful.

Th efirst step must be the eradication of the cattle tick, so that live stock raising may become profitable and diversified farming a fact. The next step must be the awakening of a just interest in the South through the proper diffusion of correct information concerning the South. Once this is done, the problem of settling and developing the South will solve itself.

Reproduced by courtesy of the Breeder's Gazette, Chicago, from the August 17 issue of that journal.

GREATEST DEMOCRATIC RALLY SINCE VANCE'S

(Continued from Page Thirteen.)

county physician, says that he has no fears of the disease spreading in this section, but that the authorities are on the alert and if any suspects appear a rigid quarantine wil be enforced.

A traveling man who came to Lumberton last week for the first time declared it was the nicest, healthiest looking town he had ever visited of its size, with some of the cleverest business people he ever met. He declared that if he could find employment here right now whereby he could remain, he would stop and go no farther. He was a wise man—no fool. Don't look on the map or directory for the best town in this part of the country, just ask the traveling men. They know and won't hesitate to say.

Good Weather Helps.

A spell of good weather, awful hot though, has been of great benefit, not only to the country districts, but town as well. During the past few days the standpipe at the pumping station has received a fresh coat of paint, milions of weeds have been cut down, and much accumulated trash hauled away. Everything is again getting in fine shape.

Mrs. James L. Williamson, who does the Star man's typewriting, left Thursday morning for Wrightsville Beach to assist in driving "Old Man Gloom" away, but another little married lady kindly came to our rescue and saved our friend in the Star office a few pounds in weight which he might have lost in perspiration while trying to decipher our pencil manipulations. The Star man in Lumberton is justly proud of his lady friends, both married and single—he loves them all. While it is a fact that there is one individual here who dressed like a man that will not speak to us, we do not believe there is a lady here who would be so unkind.

Editor J. A. Sharpe, of the Robesonian, and family, and Miss Josephine Breese left yesterday morning for Baltimore, traveling via the auto route. Mr. Sharpe and family will visit relatives while Miss Breese will select her fall and winter stock of millinery goods. They expect to be gone about ten days.

Mount Airy cabbage are beginning to arrive here, but the dealers declare the prices are so high that they are almost prohibitive. Same way with Wilmington mullets, four mediums on a bunch, twenty-five cents.

A gentleman was here yesterday who confied to us that he was negotiating with another party for the establishment of an ice plant here to be in operation by next season. No other information obtainable at present.

Mr. D. J. McDonald and family who moved from Wilmington here two or three years ago returned to that city this week and expect to make it their home in the future.

Two Lumberton favorites wil be seen in moving pictures at the Pastime theatre next week, Francis X. Bushman on Wednesday night and Henry King on Thursday night. Mr. King has been seen on the legitimate stage here several times and is always warmly greeted when he comes, either in person or in pictures.

Mr. McKenzie's Sunday school excursion train composed of ten coaches, passed here this morning on good time. There went from here 410 people, ranging in ages, judging from appearances, from three weeks to seventy-five years. As is usually the case, some went who should have gone to the chain gang. We saw one young fellow get a quart of liquor from the express office, slip it under his coat and then go and buy a ticket to go on a Sunday school excursion. Five young men were seen to get a quart each yesterday evening and this morning they went on the Sunday school excursion. We saw an Indian, or he looked to be one, crawl right over the heads of two white girls after they had started to board the train. Of course, he had to be in the lead where he could select a choice seat. We are reliably informed that two white boys, at least 75 years old, were equipped with speedometers attached to their ankles.

Mayor White returned from the beach yesterday highly pleased with the "Feast of Lanterns." He says it was a great succes in every way and hopes it wil be made permanent.

Rev. Father Bour, the paster, will conduct services tomorrow morning at 8:30 and in the evening at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited. W. S. W.

GREENVILLE PUTS $300,000 INTO STREET IMPROVEMENT

At Least a Dollar Per Capita of the City's Population.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Aug. 18.—The work of paving both streets and sidewalks is being pushed ahead now. When a little city with 6,000 to 7,000 people puts a dollar or more per capita in its streets and sidewalks there is something doing in the way of improvements. And that is what Greenville is doing. Before 1916 Greenville had put about $200,000 in street and sidewalk improvements. Considerable money had been put in this work this year and it so impressed the authorities that they borrowed $100,000 more for continuing the work. As the city pays only one-third of the cost of paving and the people have to pay the other two-thirds, this means that $300,000 will be put into the work now going on.

The extension of water mains and sewerage to many parts of the city is also being made and at almost every meeting citizens are present asking for further extensions. Fourth street is now being prepared for asphalt paving.

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DR. ALEXANDER ADDRESSES THE JONES COUNTY FARMERS' UNION

Annual Picnic and Convention Held at Trenton the Past Week.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trenton, N. C., Aug. 19.—Between a thousand and 1,500 Jones county folks—planters and their families and friends—attended the annual picnic of the Jones County Farmers' Union here yesterday. It was the busiest day in months for this, the county-seat town. Automobiles were parked everywhere in the business streets, trading was heavy, and the throng evidenced the unusual prosperity of the year. It was a very orderly, very good-naturedly, happy crowd. The weather was just right.

The majority of the representative farmers of the county took the day off. It is the busy season with them, especialy the tobacco growers, but they were more than compensated for the day lost on the farm by the experience gained. Men from every township swapped their experiences of the season and heard optimistic reports of fine crops in each section. Their neighbors' improvements and record corn and meat productions were among the principal topics of conversation.

The most prominent figure at the picnic was Dr. H. Q. Alexander, of Mecklenburg county, state president of the organized farmers. He spoke for an hour and fifty minutes on three or four subjects of interest to the average agricultural community. He stressed the importance of education and said there is need for the teaching of domestic science and agriculture in the rural schools; he referred to the farm life schools as "little A. & M. colleges," and took credit for the State Farmers' Union for the advancement of rural education in the state. He discussed at some length economic marketing and the monetary system.

G. C. HIGHSMITH FOR SENATE

Republicans of Duplin and Pender Meet and Name Candidate.

(Pender Chronicle.)

Representatives of the Republican party from Duplin and Pender counties met here last Tuesday at 12 o'clock for the purpose of naming a candidate for their party for the office of State senator. Among those here were: Charlie Vann, John A. Gavin, of Duplin county; B. F. Keith, of Canetuck; F. C. McKoy, of Holly; J. W. Keith, of Long Creek, and many others whose names we failed to get. After much cauecusing, Mr. G. C. Highsmith, of Burgaw township, was named to oppose Mr. Burnett, who was nominated in the Democratic primary, and has since been endorsed or nominated by the Free Range party of Duplin county.

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CHILDREN HANDLE THE BEES

Interesting Object Lesson Provided for Mrs. Stoner's Class in Natural Education.

(By Miss Elizabeth McKoy.)

"Mother told me once that bees
Would not sting at all,
When they lit on my bare knees,
If I'd let them crawl
Quietly without alarm.
And did not do them any harm."

It is a pretty fancy; and we like to picture the little child sitting so very still that he might not disturb the bee, so happy that he has a new kind of friend, and so proud, too, that he is not afraid of the little animal that could do so much harm.

Mrs. Stoner's Natural Education class of New York City had much the same experience on their holiday expedition to South Beach, Connecticut, on a visit to the naturalist, Dr. Edward Bigelow. He had promised them that they should handle bees without gloves or veil ,and without fear, saying that the secret of success with bees as with most things in life is—that one must have no fear.

When he invited the class he told them interesting stories of bees, of toads, of snakes—of animals generally feared or hated—instilling into them an interest and a love for these things, which was the first step in banishing the fear of them. He told of grown people and of children who had played with his bees. The class was eager to try it themselves.

On arriving at Arcadia, which is his home and laboratory, they were made acquainted with everything from the big telescope and the microscopes to the very woods and fields around. On the ramble through the woods came the first sight of the bees, and a sight which drew sighs of wonder and admiration from all. The master of ceremonies, Dr. Bigelow, gave the hint and the class fell on their knees to get closer and examine the wonder, to understand it better, and see more of its beauty. There was an expanse of mountain mint in full bloom—a dainty plant with light green feathery foliage, and tufts of blossom—white tinged with lavender. On it and about it were the bees—many, many—you could not count them all. Among them were wee small butterflies—brown, with golden markings. They were not any larger than a ten cent piece, and some were smaller. Here was a nature lesson, an observation lesson, a lesson in patience ,and also in reverence for tiny wonderful things. Like all natural education lessons, it taught many things in one.

When the walk was over the hives were examined. As a first test of fearlessness, sleeves were rolled up and the bare arms of the braver pupils were put close to the opening of a hive where many bees were flying in and out. They seemed only a little disturbed by it and flew a little faster and buzzed a little louder. Then a hive was opened. In it were ten frames of honey comb covered close with bees. They were taken carefully out and given one by one to the class, with instructions to hold them gently by the wooden rims, and not be startled if the bees crawled on arms or hands. When they did light on one's hands they felt as soft as thistle-down and it gave a thrill of joy rather than of fear. The differences between drones, workers and queen bees were easily shown. The queen was much larger than the others; the drones were found not even able to sting. One pleasure was to push away several bees with a finger, scrape up a little honey and let the bees eat it. It gave an added confidence in the little animals, and in one's self to find they could be treated so intimately.

The class knew themselves, their friends, and their surroundings better for this natural education lesson.

NORTH CAROLINA CREDIT UNIONS; WHAT THEY CAN DO FOR FARMERS

(Continued From Page Thirteen.)

through their own organization, and purchase their supplies for cash.

In most farming communities of North Carolina there are funds hid away which are doing no one any good. If all of the money of the country is brought together in Credit Unions it can be put to work earning profit for the users and developing business in the country in the same way that the city man's funds do for city business. The town people of North Carolina do a business of $12,000,000 through their building and loan associations. These co-operative banking institutions have enabled many a city man to build a home for himself which he could not otherwise have done. The North Carolina Legislature has put it within the power of farmers to do as much for themselves as city men are achieving all over the United States. A Credit Union, like a savings bank, will help people to save. Deposits may be received from both members and non-members. Four per cent interest is paid for all money received on deposit.

Where to Begin.

What farmers may best organize a co-operative bank? Organization will be easiest where there are a number of farmers who own and operate two-horse farms. Some of the farms may be larger and some smaller. Ability to co-operate in the community is essential. If two or three farmers, together with the school-teachers and demonstration agent of a district, make up their minds that a Credit Union would be a good thing for the neighborhood ,there will be little difficulty in bringing the rest to the same mind. The best way to proceed is for those interested to get twelve in the community to sign an application for assistance in organizing a Credit Union and send it to the superintendent of Credit Unions, West Raleigh, N. C., and he, or one of his assistants, will come and help perfect an organization.

Every Credit Union, so far, has been organized in a schoolhouse; the teachers, children, demonstration agents, along with farmers, small and large, taking stock.

Work of Organization.

Three to four meetings must be held before the organization of a Credit Union can be perfected. One or two meetings are necessary to arouse interest and to spread abroad an understanding of the plan and purposes of organization. In the second meeting an organization committee should be appointed to meet and pass upon the by-laws recommended by the superintendent of Credit Unions, and select five to act as a board of directors, three to act on the credit committee, and three for the supervisory committee. The action of the organization committee must be approved b ythe members at the third meeting. A set of books, with all necessary forms for doing the business of a Credit Union, should be ordered at this time. They may be purchased for $11 for fifty members and $19 for one hundred members.

Between the third and fourth meetings two copies of the by-laws and organization certificates should be acknowledged before a notary public and approved by the superintendent of Credit Unions. He will file one copy of each in the Division of Markets and return the duplicate copies to the treasurer for filing with the clerk of the county Superior court. This done, the work of incorporation is completed. The cost of this procedure should not exceed one dollar for notary fee and three dollars for recording and filing papers with the clerk of the Superior court. At the same time the notary may swear in all officers and members of the board of directors and of all committees. The board of directors should secure a bond for their treasurer, either from private individuals in the neighborhood or from a bonding company. In the latter case it should not cost more than five dollars for the first thousand dollars and a lower rate for each succeeding thousand. This bond is to insure stockholders and depositors against losses. It should equal the total amount which the treasurer will handle at any one time.

A banking committee should be appointed to see the banks of the section in order to select one of them to do business with. Like a building and loan society, a Credit Union selects a bank to deposit its funds in. A Credit Union should be treated as one bank treats another. The most favorable terms at present would be for Credit Unions to receive 4 per cent on their daily balances and be able to borrow from a bank at 5 per cent. Four banks bid for the business of one Credit Union. All Credit Unions have so for received sympathetic co-operation from the banks generally.

The fourth meeting is the day for opening for business. It should be a grand rally day. All idle cash should be brought in to pay toward shares or put on deposit. If it is expected that the money will be left in the Credit Union for a long time, it might be well to pay it upon shares, but if not, it should be put in the Credit Union upon deposit. The share capital can be drawn out, but thirty days notice may be required. The share capital should be made as permanent as possible.

At this meeting men, women, boys and girls are to bring their money to become stockholders or depositors. If those under twenty-one become stockholders they will be expected to pay 25 cents a month until their shares are completely paid for. The shares are ten dollars. So this will take them forty months, or three years and four months, unless they are able to earn and pay more some months. All over twenty-one are required to make a payment of at least $2.50 every six months until at the end of eighteen months the share is paid for. The shares are to draw not over 6 per cent interest as soon as fully paid. All depositing money in the Credit Union will receive 4 per cent. It ought to be one of the proudest days of a farmer's life when he gets his pass book and sees his own name written in it as a stockholder in his own bank. In the same book all of his deposits and loans are recorded so he can see his balance at a glance.

Expense of Running.

Unlike a bank, a Credit Union can operate to better advantage on a small scale. One Credit Union has been organized where there had been some talk of establishing a commercial bank. A commercial bank has greater expenses for cashier, clerks and building. The treasurers of the North Carolina Credit Unions have generally accepted the extra work involved as a part of their school or other duties as a means of teaching the practice of co-operation and of serving the community. The treasurer sometimes works free the first year and receives a salary of about $50 a year thereafter. The treasurer probably would not give on an average more than three or four hours one day a week for receiving deposits and payments on shares and attending to their business. No building is required. A bank operates for the profit of a relatively small number of investors who own its stock. A Credit Union, like a building and loan society, gives credit to borrowers at cost. The dividends of a Credit Union are limited to 6 per cent. It is primarily a mutual society of borrowers and depositors.

As co-operative marketing associations affect the prices received by farmers for their products, so will a savings society, which is not run primarily in the interest of the investors, but in behalf of the borrowers, affect the rate of interest charged. The rate charged borrowers by the North Carolina Credit Unions for interest is 6 per cent, the rate charged by supply stores for book credit averages 33.4 and the rate of banks averages 8.5 for short-time credit. The traditional view is that prices are determined by supply and demand, including the rate of interest or the price paid for the use of capital. This conclusion is based upon the belief that those in business freely compete and work against each other for more trade. But we find that there is no tendency towards a condition of free competition, as has been assumed. Business men find it to their interest to work together. If a farmer is dependent upon one agency for credit, he makes a monopoly of that agency, whose principle becomes: "Charge what the the isolated farmer is not generally traffic will bear." If the payability of known, he cannot go elsewhere for credit. He has to accept the terms of one lender. The charge for interest becomes, therefore, higher.

The farmers of a neighborhood know each other's payability. A Credit Union and a National Farm Loan Association, through their loan committees, spread this knowledge abroad and give each individual farmer a choice of markets, in which his note may be sold to the best advantage. Thus, through organization, neighborliness becomes an asset. For a bank to gain this asset, in the case of farmers, is too expensive.

To Borrow at Local Rate.

Who may borrow, and how? Any member who is industrious and pays his debts should be able to borrow from a Credit Union, provided his loan is to be used for productive purposes, but only for productive purposes which will help pay the debt. The character of the borrower himself is the prime security. Two indorsers are required to sign the note as simply so much extra security to safeguard the Credit Union. This is where the co-operative spirit comes in. Endorsers have primarily the responsibility to see that the borrower pays the debt and not themselves. Farmers, as well as business men, will not be found lacking in this regard, especially as their action will strengthen and insure the success of their own organization.

The author was once asked, in a meeting for organization, to give an example of how one would obtain a loan from a Credit Union. The question took this form: "Suppose a farmer wished to borrow money to buy an ox, what would he do? The answer was, he should fill out one of the Credit Union blanks, stating the amount and purpose of the loan, and hand his application to the treasurer, who would pass it on to the credit committee for consideration. The credit committee, however, would make short work of this application, because an ox to work a farm would not add to its earning capacity; neither , would an automobile for pleasure. Loans are, in the main, for productive purposes—for purchasing fertilizer, improved plows, labor-saving machinery, improved live-stock and better mules. Thus, either from savings deposited in the Credit Union or from funds borrowed by the Credit Union, farmers are enabled to borrow, if need be, the necessary funds with which to buy supplies as cheaply as those in any line of business. A Credit Union becomes a society for the promotion of agriculture.

Undoubtedly ,the need for loans will be greater than the amount of funds which can be gathered at the beginning. In the first year of activities of a Credit Union the short-time loans, for four months to a year, should be given preference over those for a longer duration. The longer time credit cannot be realized upon, while the shorter time loan can be renewed if desirable. The length of time for which a loan should be granted will depend upon its purpose and the system of farming practiced. It takes a larmer longer to get full returns from a mule or plow than from fertilizer. A dairy farmer might be able to pay in a month, when a cotton farmer hight require six months to a year.

Three results of far-reaching importance should follow from a general introduction of Credit Unions. 1. Farmers should be able to buy all farm supplies in large quantities, as manufacturers do, and get the benefit of what is known as a quantity price—that is, a lower price for large purchases than for small ones. To illustrate: one Credit Union reports saving $667.73 in buying 114 tons of fertilizer for its members over what it would have had to pay had the members bought on time in small separate lots. 8. If the farmers can get credit as cheap as the middleman, he can afford to hold and dispose of his own products throughout the year and therefore will be able to secure a uniform distribution and prevent the price depression which large early sales have forced upon him. 3. The habit of working together will take the place of each acting for and by himself. The individual farmer can only become powerful through a powerful organization which is pledged to work for his interests .The team work of a whole community working in co-operation will help each farmer to accomplish what he would be helpless to gain by himself. When every one seems to be equipping himself to do the other fellow, suspicion develops as a matter of self-protection. Only through working together for a common end can the members of a community become confident, trustful, kindly and hopeful, all for each and each for all. These, after all, are among the virtues most worth while.

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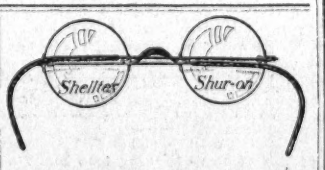

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MASONIC TEMPLE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover—Commissioners' Sale.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by C. D. Foard and wife, Florence H. Foard, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1915, to the Hanover Trust Co., which mortgage is duly recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of New Hanover County, Book 87, page 250.

The undersigned mortgagee will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, at 12:00 o'clock M. on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1916, the following described tract, piece, or parcel of land, lying, being and situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, and the State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the western line of 5th st. 66 feet south of the Southwestern intersection of Princess St. and 5th streets, running thence westwardly and parallel with Princess St. 120 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with 5th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Princess st. 120 feet to the western line of 5th st., thence northwardly and along the western line of 5th st. 66 feet to the point of beginning, and same being part of lot two, in block 168, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina.

This, the 7th day of August, 1916.

HANOVER TRUST CO.

Herbert McClammy, Attorney.

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We can do for you, as we are doing for many others—save you money on your Printing requirements.

Let us figure on your next order.

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W. J. REAVES

SCREENS

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Factory: Sixth and Campbell Sts.

MULLETS

50 kegs Large Mullets.

175 bbls. Self-Rising Flour.

Priced Right. Order Quick.

Love & Woody

— Wholesale Grocers. —

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The House of Quality

The House That Has Everything Others Have, and SOME Things Others Do Not Have.

Mulsified Cocoanut Oil. Liquid Arvon. Sulpherb Tablets. Odorono. Pepsodent Tooth Paste. Safety Razor Blades—all kinds. De jerkiss Talc, Toilet Water and Extract. Houbigant and Mary Garden Perfumery. Mira Dena Toilet Waters, Perfumes and Rouge. Melba Face Powder and Lov' Me. Satin Skin Face Cream and Powder Call in and ask for a Sample of Mira Dena Face Powder. One of the nicest Face Powders on the Market. Dorin's Rouges—all shades.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company

THE "QUALITY" DRUGSTORE.

For Rent: 3rd floor of the Bunting Building, and several nice offices on the 2nd floor. Will rent by week, month or year.

D. L. Gore Co.

5000 sacks 100 lb. Fine Salt.

300 sacks Land Plaster.

1000 bundles Cotton Ties.

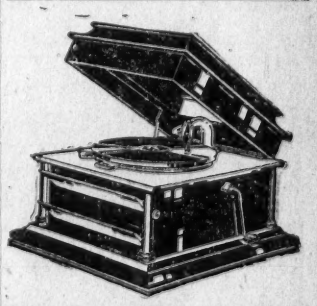
1000 rolls Dundee Bagging.

Full stock Coffee and Rice.

You will Do Well to Get Our Prices Before Buying.

D. L. Gore Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.



Take Some of Your Moving Picture Money for Awhile, and Put It Into the Easy Buying of a

COLUMBIA Grafonola

Begin This Week, and It Will be Paid for Before You Know It.

Green's Drug Store

Columbia Agents.

109 Market St.

SPECIAL

Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging.
New Arrow Ties,
Burlap Cotton Sheets,
Texas Rust Proof Oats,
Wisconsin June Cheese,
Genuine Mason Jars, Caps and Rubbers,
ROB ROY Flour (Best Made),
Superlative Patent Flour,
Standard Patent Flour,
Fancy Barbadoes Molasses,
SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats
Green Coffees, all grades.

Write For Prices Now.

McNair & Pearsall

STRICTLY WHOLESALE

Wilmington, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

Photoplays and Photoplayers

In presenting "The Moral Fabric," the Triangle-Kay-Bee feature starring Frank Mills, talented and experienced actor of the speaking stage, Producer Thomas H. Ince claims to offer a subject of absorbing interest and a most unusual plot. The theme of the story is the fallacy of the "free love" theory, and the play is a blow at the basic structure of the principle which the advocates of the "free love" propaganda profess to expound.

The drama is from the pen of C. Gardner Sullivan, of the Ince staff of photo playwrights. He presents a woman who is deceived by the wiles of a rich young Don Juan and her husband, a man of few words, but a deep thinker. About this trio Sullivan has conceived a plot that causes the two weaker characters to undergo a complete change, and which presents the fallacies of their theory as they would work out in actual practice.

Co-stars with Mr. Mills are Howard Hickman, Edith Reeves and Louise Brownell. This great Triangle drama plays the title role at the Grand tomorrow.

"Where is My Husband?"—Bijou.

The secret is out—"Where is My Husband?" is not another one of those powerful propaganda plays, but it's an L-Ko comedy! And it's on at the Bijou tomorrow with a big bunch of other things, coming as an extra free attraction to Bijou patrons at the head of a rousing five-reel bill of movies.

"Where is My Husband" is a question of screams—convulsions and gasps—with Dan Russell, Bill Kenneth and Katherine Griffith in the three leading roles. No publicity man can do justice to this great picture—it's wonderful—it's awe inspiring—it's simply great. If you can imagine a train speeding in one direction and a trolley car coming from another direction smash head on into each other—you have some conception of this thriller.

The mystery of "Who Pulled the Trigger" will also be solved today, the third reel of that great picture, the first two reels of which were presented yesterday. There is a synopsis at the beginning, so that if you missed it yesterday you can pick it up.

And then comes Pathe News, all news and a reel long, with some of the biggest scenes you ever saw from the European battle fronts, among other big events including an inspection of the ruins on Black Tom Island.

Scene from "THE UNDERWORLD" Pathe's "GRIP OF EVIL" AT THE GRAND NEXT FRIDAY

will be presented at the Royal tomorrow with a great two-reel Triangle Keystone comedy, "A Love Riot," starring the inimitable Keystoner, Charles Murray, with all-star supporting cast.

At the Grand Tomorrow.

Those two great favorites, Cleo Ridgley and Wallace Reid, come to the Grand again tomorrow, presenting their greatest and latest Paramount success, "The Selfish Woman," a drama of pathos and thrills, stirring in treatment and beautiful in artistic workmanship.

Cleo Ridgley and Wallace Reid constitute one of the greatest teams now on the Paramount programme. There are single stars who have greater popularity throughout the country, but for a double team, they have yet to be beaten for popularity and drawing power.

Wallace Reid by his spectacular work in "Carmen" with Geraldine Farrar made his mark which will go down to posterity. In his two feature playing oposite Cleo Ridgley since then, he has starred with as brilliant power as in "Carmen" and Miss Ridgley, one of the most beautiful of all Paramount stars, has won new laurels in "The Selfish Woman" in which she

CLEO RIDGLEY
Appearing with Wallace Reid in "The Selfish Woman," Paramount Feature, at the Grand Tomorrow.

TAR HEELS ATTEND ONE S. C. CAMPAIGN SPEAKING

(Continued From Page Thirteen.)

guess would be Manning by a safe majority over his four opponents.

The day's entertainment began with performances by the sideshows, not omitting the usual South Carolina fisticuff, and to do justice to the citizens of Chesterfield county, the one personal encounter was precipitated by a citizen of another county and was genuinely regretted by the Chesterfield people.

After consuming two and half hours with speaches by candidates for secretary, treasurer, lieutenant governor, railroad commissioner, the main entertainment of the day began at 1 o'clock. J. M. Deschamps was the first of the aspirants for the office of governor to be introduced. He is a chautauqua speaker of parts. Next came John T. Duncan, the chronic candidate for state office, and then the main attraction was staged.

Governor R. I. Manning was introduced. The audience gave him a round of applause that seemed to indicate that three fourths of the assembly endorsed his administration. His speech was a rehearsal of the constructive work accomplished during his administration. He dwelt especially upon the improvements made in the state hospital for insane, his efforts to enforce law and measures taken to establish economy in in the administration of the state's affairs. He gave a good account of himself and the audience appeared to appreciate the force of his arguments. At the conclusion of his speech, he was presented with a bouquet of flowers, which he most gracefully accepted, stating these flowers are the emblems of purity fittingly symbolizing his efforts to purify the administration of his state.

Next in order was ex-Governor Cole L. Blease. He whs calm in his demeanor, earnest in his appeal and forcefully attacked the acts of the present governor.

Mr. Blease's speech was devoid of sensations. In his usual manner he painted the acts of the governor in blackest of black paint. Asserting that prohibition did not prohibit and made a challenge to pay the expenses of any one who would go to any of the leading hotels of Charleston and Columbia if they would call for liquor or beer and fail to get it. He did not tell the audience that as a citizen of South Carolina it was his duty to put these facts before the proper authorities if he had proof to convict. He accused the governor of commuting death sentences of vile criminals to life imprisonment and of playing favorites in making appointments to public office. The nearest thing bordering on a sensation was his accusation that the governor was guilty of a misdemeanor when he paid the salary of a superintendent of the state assylum, asserting that this act was contrary to the constitution of the state and punishable by a fine or imprisonment, and wound up his speech by promising to pardon the governor when he was convicted of this crime.

From the best information obtainable, the race is between Governor Manning and ex-Governor Blease. Chesterfield county will endorse the present administration, so far as the chief executive is concerned. The crowd had become impatient when R. A. Cooper began to speak and his effort was heard by a diminishing assembly.

ANNUAL PICNIC IN HOKE

Sunday School and Farmers' Union Event at Aberdeen—Judge Lyon at Raeford.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raeford, N. C., August 19.—On last Friday it was the privilege and great pleasure of your correspondent to attend the annual picnic given by the Aberdeen local of the Farmers' Union. Aberdeen, from which the union derives its name, is located about two miles south of Raeford, in one of Hoke's best farming sections. The picnic was a Union one—in the broad sense of the word—because the Farmers' Union and the Sunday school, which is also located here, had united. Mr. J. L. Downer was master of ceremonies and called in several gentlemen for short talks, all of which were, of course, impromptu. It was a round table talk in which the various phases of the Sunday school and the Union were all discussed. After the speeches one of the most bountiful dinners we ever saw was spread in the grove, and after the vast multitude had eaten there was more than enough left to feed several times as many more. The menu included the very best the farms and markets afforded. This section is one of Hoke's many sections of which she is proud. Just here is one that is not only Hoke's but one of North Carolina's most highly improved farms, owned and operated by that prince of clever fellows, Make Chisholm. Mr. Chisholm is a modern practical farmer, who raises everything needed for home consumption with a surplus for market. His broad acres of cotton and corn are the best we have seen. He is the leading spirit in the Aberdeen High School and is interested in the education of the boys and girls of Hoke county, and has a broad horizon as to the future of his county. Beginning life as a poor boy and having the care and pleasure of supporting an aged mother and father, (the father died a few months ago), Chisholm is today one of this section's most progressive and public spirited citizens. The memory of this picnic will abide with us many days.

The August term of Hoke county Superior court is now in session, his honor Judge C. C. Lyon presiding, with Solicitor S. B. McLean representing the State. The first week is devoted to criminal cases, and the second week to civil. There are two capital cases of criminal assault, both colored.

WAR WILL CONTINUE IS VIEW OF WALL STREET

(Continued From Page Thirteen.)

ulations. One officer who stopped the President's car, and then recognized its occupant, very nearly suffered a nervous collapse in consequence. Goodnaturedly Mr. Wilson comforted the distraught officer, and complimented him upon the impartial performance of his duty. However, the policeman is said to have suffered from nervous chills for many days. Quite recently another policeman up in Connecticut stopped a car for the purpose of arresting its occupant for speeding, but when the stranger invented the claim that he was Mayor Mitchell of New York, the abashed policeman gluped several times, and assured the occupant of the car that his interference was not an arrest at all, but simply a warning. Imagine the humiliation of the policeman when later in the day he found that he had been imposed upon, and that the stranger was not New York's chief executive. And so it is with the poor policeman. He gets into trouble for doing his duty, and for not doing it—just the same.

The unusual process of tearing down a brewery, in order that a church edifice may be erected upon the site, is in process in New York. Park avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-First streets, is a very desirable and expensive locality. Offers to utilize this location for apartment houses or other commercial purposes, have been rejected, and a new and stately church edifice is to be erected for St. Bartholomew. The church and its several addition units, when completed, will add one of the finest ecclesiastical groups of the country to the section of the city it will adorn. In order to give it ground space, a brewery plant, five tenement houses and several other structures are being razed.

The benefits of having a Vanderbilt among the New York State troops now on the Mexican border was recently illustrated, when in carrying out a pleasant little ceremony it became necessary to have a certain pair of shears, originally purchased for eighty cents, that were in use in a local newspaper office. The "exchange editor" evidently recognized Mr. Vanderbilt, as well as the opportunity that was knocking at his door, and therefore the second-hand shears were listed at $200. The matter was very trivial to the New Yorker and he gave fresh tvidence of his usefulness by carrying through the transaction.

There has been a warm fight waged by some of the citizens down on States Island against the encroachment of new garbage plants. A clever citizen, who formerly was employed by the State Conservatory commission, conceived the bright idea of keeping away an offensive plant that was planned, by installing an oyster bed in the vicinity. The law forbids anyone to interfere with an oyster bed, and so the Staten Island charterd a massive power boat, which he loaded with 150 bushels of seed oysters. Then he steamed away to the point that he wished to protect, and while guards and policemen from shore protested loudly, the clever citizen sat in the bow of his vessel and arranged the oysters about a large section of the adjoining water front. The owner of the oyster beds contends that six months will be required for his crop to grow.

LONGACRE.

PLANS FOR WORK UNDER FEDERAL AID ROAD ACT

(Continued from Page Thirteen.)

of the proposed road and its estimated cost. As already stated, in general states and counties and must be prepared to furnish co-operation equal to at least 50 per cent. of the estimated cost of surveys and construction. This co-operation may be in the form of money, labor and materials, or the construction of roads. Where other factors are equal, the approval of a project may be determined upon the relative amount of co-operation offered. Many applications have, it is stated, already been received for expenditures upon specific projects.

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY for STOMACH trouble
ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE
Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for Stomach Ailments. For sale by Robert R. Bellamy and druggists everywhere.

NOTICE TO ROAD CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for clearing right-of-way and grading nine miles of highway road, will be received by the county commissioners of Brunswick County and the road commissioners of North West Township (jointly) up to 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, August 28th, 1916, at Leland, N. C.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check in the amount of Five Hundred Dollars ($500) made in favor of J. J. Knox, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Brunswick County, N. C.

This work consists of the excavation of approximately 30,000 cu. yds. of earth, and the clearing of 30 acres of surface, including the removal of all stumps, work to be started immediately upon notice of the award of the contract.

Profiles, Plans and Specifications can be seen by applying to either of the undersigned.

J. J. KNOX,
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners, Leland, N. C.
W. G. ADAMS,
Sec. and Treas. Road Commissioners of North West Township, Leland, N. C.
W. K. ALLEN,
Superintendent of Construction, Wilmington, N. C.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

LUMINA
FREE MOTION PICTURES
TOMORROW NIGHT
"The Better Woman"
Three-Part Knickerbocker Star Feature, Starring Reaves Eason and Edward Jobson.
'Dreamy Knights'
An Amusing Burlesque on Cervantes' Immortal Don Quixote, a Stirring Vim Comedy.
SEE PROGRAM FOR WEEK ELSEWHERE.
ENJOY THE PICTURES—
SEE THE DANCING—
HEAR THE MUSIC—
WHERE IT'S COOL—AT
LUMINA

FOR RENT!
Four Very
Desirable Offices
on Second Floor in Peterson & Rulfs Building.
Possession Given at Once.
Apply at
PETERSON & RULFS

YOUR EARLY RECOVERY
MAY DEPEND ON THE MANNER IN WHICH YOUR
PRESCRIPTIONS
ARE PREPARED.
If You Are Not Trading With Us, See Payne, and Talk it Over With Him.
(THREE REGISTERED DRUGGISTS.)
The Payne Drug Company
FIFTH AND RED CROSS STREETS PHONE 520

Grand MONDAY
Adults 10c -:- Children 5c
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
CLEO RIDGLEY WALLACE REID
In a Powerful Paramount Super-Drama
"The Selfish Woman"
A Drama of Pathos and Thrills; Stirring in Treatment; Beautiful in Photography

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

MABEL NORMAND
and
MARIE DBESSLER
In the Screamiest Comedy Ever Produced
"TILLIE'S PUNCTURED ROMANCE"
6—REELS—6
Of Undiluted Laughter
AN HOUR AND A HALF OF CHARLIE CHAPLIN
Return Engagement by Popular Demand
GRAND SATURDAY AUGUST 26

Royal MONDAY
Adults 15c - Children 10c
Thos. H. Ince Presents
FRANK MILLS
EDITH REEVES HOWARD HICKMAN
"The Moral Fabric"
In a Superb Five-Act Triangle Dramatic Gem
Mack Sennett Presents
CHARLES MURRAY
And Keystone Players in
"A LOVE RIOT"

"WHERE IS MY HUSBAND?"
It's an L-Ko Komedy—It's a succession of screams, convulsions and gasps, with Dan Russell, Bill Kenneth and Katherine Griffith—Two Reels
Wonderful! Awe-Inspiring! Great!
If you can imagine a train speeding in one direction and a trolley car coming from another direction, smash head-on into each other, then you've got a good little "imagier". Laugh?—Say, you'll roar yourself into convulsions one second and gasp the next.
BIJOU EXTRA FEATURE MONDAY
Also Pathe News, the greatest number yet, and the concluding reel of "Who Pulled the Trigger" in which the mystery is solved.

SHINGLES - SHINGLES - SHINGLES
400,000 IN STOCK
4x20 Cypress
5x18 "A" Cypress
5x18 Prime Cypress
5x20 "A" Cypress
5x20 Heart Cypress
5x20 XX Cypress
6x20 XX Cypress
6x18 White Cedar.
5x20 No. 1 Heart Juniper.
Roger Moore's Sons & Co.
206 Princess Street Phone No. 154

BUSY WEEK AT FAIRMONT

Largest Amount Ever Paid For Tobacco at Once—Three Deaths. Marriage.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fairmont, N. C., Aug. 19.—This has been a busy week for this section of the country. The tobacco market has been enough to attract people's attention, for it has made some big records. On Tuesday about 215,000 pounds of the weed was sold on the local floors for over $39,000. This is the largest amount ever paid out for tobacco at one time in the history of Fairmont. Indications are that the larger part of the crop that comes to this market will be sold in two or three weeks. Already over a million and a quarter pounds have been disposed of.

Robbers entered the home of Mr. Inman Andrews, about two miles from Fairmont, last Wednesday, and took goods to the value of about $30. There is no clue to the robbers.

The mariage of Miss May Floyd, daughter of Mr. F. S. Floyd, and Mr. Felton Mitchell, which was celebrated at the home of the bride at 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon, came as a great surprise to the friends of the contracting parties. Only the immediate friends and families of the couple were informed of the approaching marriage. The house was simply but beautifuly decorated. The ceremony was performed by Rev. B. E. Stanfield. Miss Benine Baker presided at the piano. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Mitchell and is at present engaged in the drug business at Oxford. Both are popular among their many friends. After a honeymoon stay at Wrightsville Beach the couple will make their home at Oxford.

The community is saddened this week by three deaths. Mrs. W. W. Willis, a highly respected woman of Fairmont, died early Sunday morning and was buried about four miles from here Monday. Mrs. H. G. Mitchell, one of the most highly respected women of the community, died Tuesday. The community is shocked by her death. One victim of infantile paralysis died Wednesday night. It was the infant son of Mr. E. G. Floyd. Every precaution is being taken and no spread of the disease is anticipated.

Miss Kate Taylor, of Lemmonsville, S. C., is visiting Miss Gussie Ratley.

Mr. E. Fisher spent the week-end at Myrtle Beach.

Miss Pearl Cratch, of Washington, is visiting Miss Alma Floyd.

Mr. Harry Davis spent the week-end at his home in Martinsville, Va.

Mr. Berry Ashley, of Washington, D. C., visited relatives here last week.

Mr. William Brice, of Wallace, was visiting heer last week.

Mrs. J. E. Anderson is visiting relatives at Dover, S. C.

Mrs. Gary Mitchell left this week for Mrs. aGry Mitchell left this week for Waycross, Ga., to visit her mother.

CONVICTS SUCCESSFULLY USED IN ROAD BUILDING IN OHIO

National Committee on Prisons Makes Report on Results Achieved.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—Convicts have been successfully used in Ohio in experimental road building. State Highway Commissioner Cowan has recently forwarded to the National Committee on Prisons a report of this work which was undertaken to determine which type of road would successfully stand heavy traffic.

This work was started late in the season and it was very difficult to obtain free labor. For this reason it was decided to try out convict labor. It is estimated that about two-thirds of the work done in 1912 was done by convicts, while only one free laborer, other than the teamsters and roller engineer, was employed in 1913. The convicts were taken each day from the state penitentiary to and from the work in a motor truck operated by a convict. After taking the convicts to the work in the morning, the truck returned to the penitentiary for other duties during the day, returning in the evening to take the men home. The distance from the penitentiary to the work by the route traveled in 1912 is about seven miles, while the distance traveled in 1913 is about four and one-half miles.

The convicts were all colored men, and the number working each day varied from 17 to 25. One guard, unarmed, accompanied them. There was no effort on the part of the men to escape, even though they were sometimes scattered along the road for a distance of half a mile.

From the fact that this road is an experimental road and that the type or method of construction was frequently changed, it was often necessary to change the occupation of the men. Some difficulty was experienced with the class of men that were being worked when these changes came too frequently, and where the occupation of the men was changed several times the day, their work was not always satisfactory. However, when the men could be employed at the same class of work for several days in succession, satisfactory results were secured.

The educational value of work of this kind for convicts able to make the best of their opportunity is very great and the National Committee on Prisons hopes other states will try experiments similar to that of Ohio.

EXPERIMENTS TO DETERMINE EXTENT OF MALARIA CONTROL

Conducted in Mississippi and Arkansas Under Rockefeller Foundation.

New York, Aug. 18.—Experiments to determine to what extent malaria may be controlled in temperate climates under conditions now existing in the farming sections of the Southern states, are being conducted in Mississippi and Arkansas, by the International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation, it was announced tonight. Extermination of mosquitos by the draining system is not part of the plan, it was stated.

"The first of these experiments, to test the practicability of malaria control by detecting the carriers and freeing them of parasites, is being carried on in Bolivar, Miss., under the direction of the Mississippi Department of Health", the announcement said.

"To test the practicability of malaria control by a combination of relief measures, another set of experiments is being conducted in Arkansas in cooperation with the United States Public Health Service.

"Although the control of malaria is relatively simple in theory, as a practical undertaking, it has been found extremely difficult. The present experiments will determine the future development of the board's work in this field."

Topic for Sunday, August 20, 1916

GROWTH: BODY, MIND, SPIRIT

Luke-2:40-52.

Horace Mann, the great educator, said: "Doing nothing for others is the the undoing of one's self." Kindness, brotherly love, self-sacrifice are qualities that build up character, and make for power.

To feel that one is steadily growing in one's power to do good—there is deeper gladness in that, to an earnest soul, than in almost anything this world affords.

It is a good thing to ask one's self each morning on arising: "Am I growing?" What will today mean to me in the way of progress?" Then acknowledge at night whether the hours just past have made for growth or standing still.

Nothing so strengthens the mind, enlarges the manhood and womanhood, and widens the thought, as constant effort to measure up to a high ideal, to struggle after that which is above us.

To grow higher, deeper, wider, as the years go by; to conquer difficulties and acquire more and more power; to feel all one's faculties unfolding and truth descending into the soul—this makes life worth living.—James Freeman Clarke.

A pupil wants to acquire music. He may get books and a teacher and learn all the principles, but he can never become a musician save by practice. Our Lord said that he that willeth to do the will of God shall know the teaching. Character is built by doing. Thus we are ever learning by doing, and growing by doing.

The Christian is always crying for growth. He wants to come closer to Christ. He wants to be better equipped for His service. He wants to do more for his Master. So he is always scrutinizing himself to see where he can improve his way of thinking and living. He does not depend on himself for improvement, but he looks to Christ to tell him how he may live a stronger, better life each day.

Michael Angelo one day went into the studio of Raphael, when the young artist was not in. He saw on the canvas a beautiful design, a human figure in graceful attitude, but disproportionately small. He slyly seized a brush and wrote faintly beneath one word, "amplius," that is, "larger." Our ambitions for growth should not simply be higher, as the years go on, but deeper, wider.

A good motto is, "A healthful mind in a healthful body." Thinking is not only a mental process, but it involves physical organs and requires health. A strong mind cannot prove effective through a diseased brain. In the realm of nature growth in plants and trees is planned and directed. Man should plan and direct as far as possible his own growth.

One should cherish the desire to grow; for if one does not desire to grow he has already begun to recede. The way one grows is the way he will permanently be, except as changed by the grace of God. As we desire a straight rather than a crooked tree and tehrefore train the tree to grow straight, so we desire straight growth and should be careful to grow right.

The way to grow as a Christian is to
Go
Right
On
Working.

In this matter of growing remember that we reap what we sow. If we sow the flesh we shall of the flesh reap corruption; and if we sow to the spirit we shall of the spirit reap life everlasting.

The growth of Jesus illustrates the emphasis the naturalness and importance of the growth of body, mind and spirit to each one of us. He was "subject unto His parents" at Nazareth and "increased in wisdom and stature, and in favor with God and man." Jesus is revealed to be a very human saviour, just the kind of a Saviour we need.

The desirable kind of growth is growth along the three lines here specified. Growing in body without corresponding development in mind and spirit would develop a peculiar form of beast. Growth in mind without growth in body and spirit would be a prodigy. Growth in spirit without growth in body and mind is next to impossible.

FIRST BALE OF 1916 COTTON IN RICHMOND COUNTY SOLD

Dr. L. L. Nash at Home at Hamlet for a Few Days Rest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Hamlet, N. C., August 19.—Richmond county has its first bale of 1916 cotton on the market. Mr. R. L. Hinson, of Wolf Pitt Township, marketed a bale at Rockingham on Friday, the 18th. He has two other bales ready for market. This is the earliest date that a bale has been on the market in this county for many years. The cotton yield in the county will be small, and indications are for an early crop.

Mr. Murray Thornton, the 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Thornton, of Hamlet, has left for Annapolis to enter the Naval Academy. He recently stood the examination in Baltimore and passed. He was recently recommended by Congressman Page.

Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., Conference evangelist, is at home for a few days' rest. Dr. Nash passes his 70th birthday this month and has been a member of the North Carolina Conference for about 45 years. For the past eight years he has been conference evangelist and the demand on his time, especially in the summer, is great. He has averaged three revival meetings a month for the entire summer, and his engagements are made for the next month at the same rate.

"MOSQUITOES" SPREAD DISEASE

Use Miller's Antiseptic Oil (known as Snake Oil), drives they away, prevents poison; also for any kind of ache or pain, cut or burn; it is said to be without an equal; should be in every home. Guaranteed, 25c and 50c. Accept no substitutes. At leading druggists.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY.

SUNDAY SERVICES

First Baptist church, Fifth and Market streets, Rev. John Jeter Hurt, D. D., pastor—Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. D. H. Howes, Jr., superintendent. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., sermons by the pastor. B. Y. P. U. at 7 P. M., L. F. Gore, president. Prayer and praise worship Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The public and visitors in the city and on Wrightsville Beach will find a cordial welcome to all these services.

Christian Church, Dock street, Rev. J. E. Reynolds, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Christian Endeavor, 7:15 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend all these services.

St. James' Episcopal church—7:30 a. m. Holy Communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon.

Calvary Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Sunday worship 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sermon subjects: Morning, "What Happened to the House of Obed-edom." Night, "The Queen That Lost Her Crown." Sunday school, 9:45 a. m., Mr. J. W. Hollis, superintendent. Junior B. Y. P. U., 7:15 p. m. Sunbeams Monday 4 p. m. Teachers' meeting Tuesday night Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. Music class Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Primitive Baptist church—Regular quarterly meeting, preaching at 11 a. m. by the pastor, Elder E. E. Lundy.

St. Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Fourth and Harnett streets, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Morning services, 11 a. m.; evening, 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sermon subjects: Morning, "How Much Owest Thou?" evening, 'Lessons From the Book of Ruth." Sunday school, 10 a. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, Sixteenth and Market streets, Rev. E. de F. Heald rector—Holy Communion in the morning at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Al are welcome, come and brin ga friend.

Christian Science Society, church edifice 17th and Market streets—Services 11 A. M. Subject, "Mind." Sunday school at 12:15 P. M. Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15 o'clock. Free reading room in Murchison National Bank building open daily except Sundays and holidays, from 4 to 6:30 P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend all services and to visit the reading room.

Winter Park Methodist church, Rev. J. Herbert Miller, pastor—Services 11 A. M. by Rev. G. B. Webster. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Cordial welcome to all.

REDRYING PLANT AT WALLACE IS NOW BEING INSTALLED

Opening Tobacco Sales Large and at Remarkably High Prices.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wallace, N. C., Aug. 19.—A large number of farmers and others interested, from all parts of the country were in attendance at the opening sales of the Wallace tobacco market, Wednesday, which were marked by "big sales" and a "big rush." Every pound of the weed was earnestly sought by the buyers and the highest prices ever paid were paid for the 48,000 pounds sold here that date. The average price paid was $19.80 per hundred, a good deal bringing in the forties. Prices have been advancing every day since the opening sales.

For a while after the recent severe rains the tobacco crop throughout this and the surrounding country was considered to be reduced a very large per cent, but those who are in a position to know, now say there are a great many spots where the tobacco seems to have maintained a healthy growth, regardless of the weather conditions.

The two large warehouses are prepared for a big season, and with the buyers and our efficient warehousemen working together for the benefit of the growers, all concerned are obliged to be well pleased. From the past and the present outlook Wallace is growing steadily as a tobacco market, and is destined to become the centre of the tobacco business of this part of the country.

Mr. A. B. Anderson, formerly of Warsaw, buyer for the Imperial Tobacco Company, is installing a redrying plant, at the rear of A. J. Bray's warehouse. Wallace market will be greatly benefited and strengthened by this, which will enable better care being taken of all grades of tobacco, and will be of the greatest convenience to the farmers.

Friends will be glad to learn that Robert Herring, who was so seriously injured by being kicked in the abdomen by a mule, is greatly improved, and was able to leave the hospital Friday.

BRITISH REPLY AS TO NEWS CENSORSHIP COMING SOON

Lord Cecil Explains Handling of News in Transit From Germany.

London, Aug. 18.—The British reply to the American inquiry in regard to the operation of the censorship in transit of American news cabled from Germany by way of London will be sent to Washington in the course of a few days. Discussing this subject, Lord Robert Cecil, war trade minister, said today:

"Considerable misapprehension evidently exists in regard to our censorship of transit matter. There is no question of our right to censor matter which enjoys the facilities of our wires and cables. Such a censorship is necessary as long as Germany continues absolute control of all information from that country. If Germany should abandon the censorship we would not interfere with dispatches from unbiased American correspondents.

"Another reason we now censor such matter is the fact that Germany circulates in other countries dispatches sent to American newspapers as the comment of those papers."

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 18.—The annual encampment of the North and South Carolina brigade of uniformed Woodmen of the World, to be held at Salisbury in the week of September 11, will be attended by about 300 to 400 men, according to E. B. Lewis, a national officer of the order. A brigadier-general will be in command. The two states comprise district No. 12.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

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A Distinguished Bostonian writes: "Of all the colleges I have visited in six years as International Field Secretary of Christian Endeavor, the spirit of Elon College seems to be the most genuinely Christian."—Karl Lehman.

Marshall A. Hudson, Founder of the Baraca-Philathea Movement testifies: "I found in Elon College what I never found quite so prominently before, a spiritual attitude and a desire to learn of spiritual things. I congratulate Elon upon her splendid spiritual atmosphere." WRITE NOW FOR CATALOG AND FULL INFORMATION TO Box 900

President W. A. HARPER, Elon College, North Carolina

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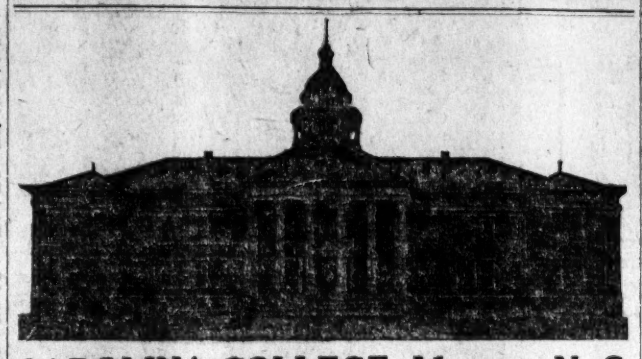

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For catalogue, address Rev. S. E. MERCER, A. B., President.

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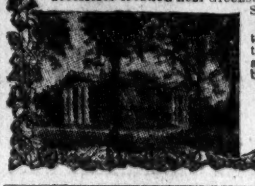

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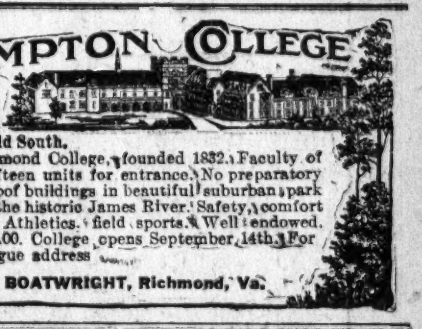

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DAVIS & HINTZE

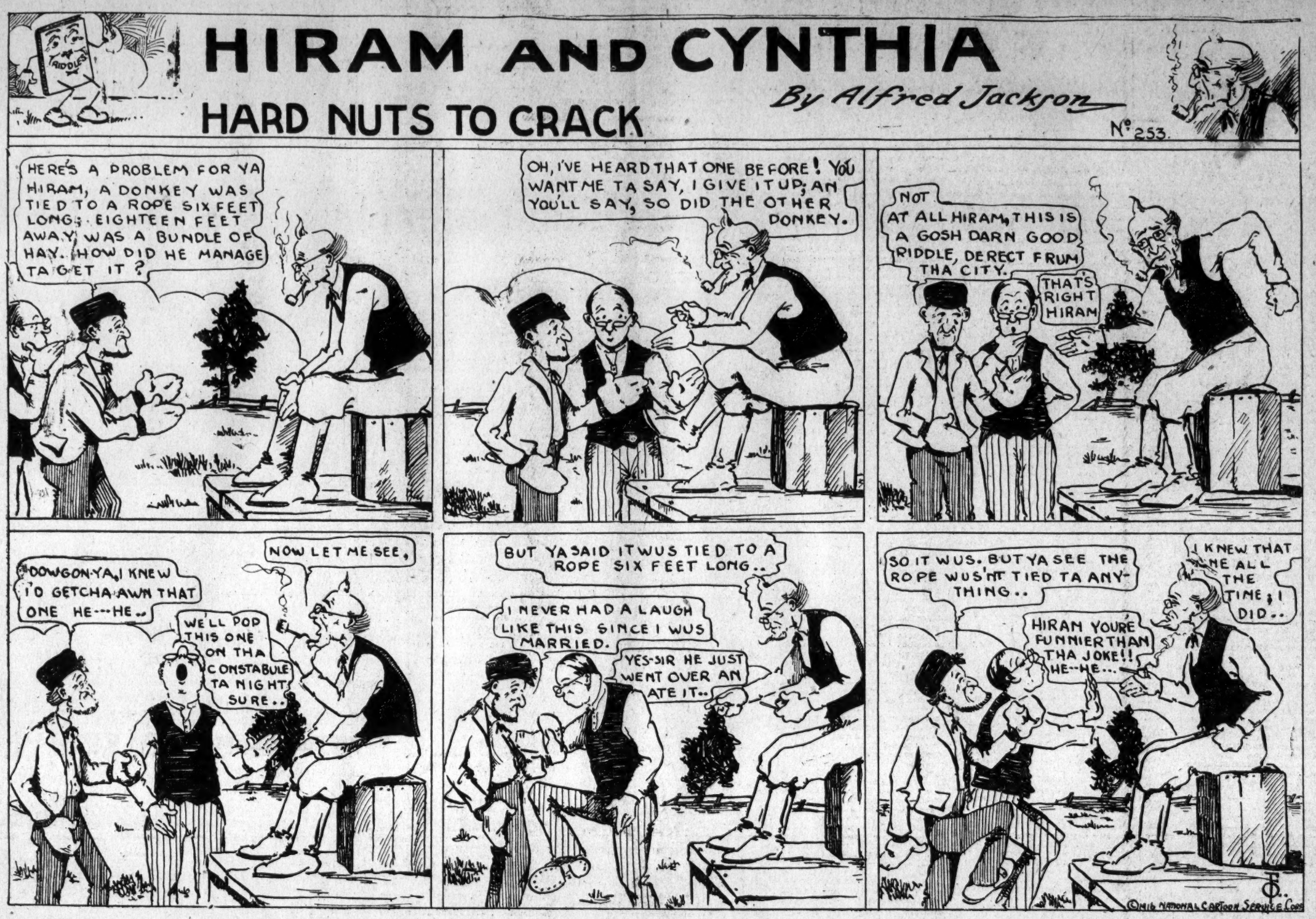
FRONT STREET MARKET

HIRAM AND CYNTHIA

HARD NUTS TO CRACK

By Alfred Jackson

No. 253.


HERE'S A PROBLEM FOR YA HIRAM, A DONKEY WAS TIED TO A ROPE SIX FEET LONG; EIGHTEEN FEET AWAY, WAS A BUNDLE OF HAY. HOW DID HE MANAGE TA GET IT?
OH, I'VE HEARD THAT ONE BEFORE! YOU WANT ME TA SAY, I GIVE IT UP; AN YOU'LL SAY, SO DID THE OTHER DONKEY.
NOT AT ALL HIRAM, THIS IS A GOSH DARN GOOD RIDDLE, DERECT FRUM THA CITY.
THAT'S RIGHT HIRAM
DOWGON-YA, I KNEW I'D GETCHA AWN THAT ONE HE---HE..
NOW LET ME SEE,
WE'LL POP THIS ONE ON THA CONSTABULE TA NIGHT SURE..
BUT YA SAID IT WUS TIED TO A ROPE SIX FEET LONG..
I NEVER HAD A LAUGH LIKE THIS SINCE I WUS MARRIED.
YES-SIR HE JUST WENT OVER AN ATE IT..
SO IT WUS. BUT YA SEE THE ROPE WUS'NT TIED TA ANY-THING..
I KNEW THAT ALL THE TIME; I DID..
HIRAM YOURE FUNNIER THAN THA JOKE!! HE--HE...
©1916 NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORP.

DIPPY DUK

628 by FREUND-WAGENER

NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORP. N. Y.

WHY HELLO DUK.
YOU KNOW I MARRIED LIZZY MUTT
HONEST
SHE'S NO GIRL FOR YOU
WHY ALL THE FELLOWS IN THE NEXT TOWN KISSED HER
WELL, NOT MANY FELLERS LIVE UP THERE.

Chesty de Nut

HE 'STILL' CLAIMS HE WAS RIGHT.

No. 30

by F. R. Paul

OH! FINE, THAT'S E-ESY, THERE'S A CHANCE TO SEE A REAL BALL GAME CLOSE BY WITHOUT PAYING FOR A TICKET!
COME ON CHESTY, WE NEED AN UMPIRE; YOU DON'T HAVE TO KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT THE GAME, ALL YOU GOTTA DO IS HOLLER BALL OR STRIKE!
NUTVILLE BALL-PARK
TICKE
THIS IS THE SOFTEST JOB I'VE HAD IN A LONG WHILE!
STRIKE ONE
BALL, YOU SAID, EH!
STRIKE, I MEAN BALL!
WHAT DID YUH SAY ???
LET ME ASK HIM JUST ONE QUESTION
BALL, I MEAN STRIKE NO, NO, I MEAN BALL STRIKE, I THINK IT WAS BOTH!
PAUL

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LITTLE CHANGE IN COTTON

General Business Restricted by Uncertainty as to Weather and Crop Conditions.

New York, Aug. 19.—Uncertainty as to weather and crop conditions served to restrict general business in the cotton market today and fluctuations were nervous and irregular. December sold up to 14.50 during the middle of the morning, or seven points net higher, but eased off later, closing at 14.41, with the general list closing steady at an advance of three points to a decline of five points.

The market opened steady at an advance of two points on October, but generally 3 to 6 points lower on reports that the tropical storm had caused only slight damage along the south Texas coast. The map, however, failed to show the desired rains in droughty sections of the western belt, while there was nervousness over reports that another tropical disturbance had appeared near the Bahamas and during the middle of the morning prices showed considerable firmness. October sold up to 14.38 or 13 points above last night's clos while January sold at 14.55 and March 14.69 or about four points net higher. Buying did not become at all general, however, and prices turned easier in the late trading under a renewal of realizing or scattering liquidation. Late weather advices indicated rainfal of over two inches at points in South Texas, and the Western belt forecast called for showers in Texas and unsettled weather in Oklahoma.

Cotton futures:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oct.	14.25	14.38	14.33	14.28
Dec.	14.43	14.50	14.39	14.41
Jan.	14.50	14.55	14.43	14.46
March	14.61	14.69	14.59	14.62
May	14.72	14.79	14.70	14.76

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 14.45; no sales.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 14.13; receipts 1,199; exports 300; sales 1,330; stock 110,405.

Galveston—Middling 14.55; receipts 2,649; sales 551; stock 53,565.

Mobile—Middling 13.38; receipts 157; stock 11,394.

Savannah—Middling 14,13; receipts 2,264; sales 2,861; stock 56,931.

Charleston—Middling 14.00; receipts 91; stock 23,399.

Wilmington—Middling 13.75; receipts 203; stock 53,594.

Norfolk—Middling 14.25; receipts 1,-181; sales 24; stock 25,070.

Baltimore—Stock 1,600.

Boston—Middling 14.40; receipts 32; exports 428; stock 6,900.

Philadelphia—Middling 14.70; stock 651.

New York—Middling 14.45; exports 200; stock 75,147.

Minor Ports—Receipts 143; stock 11,826.

Total today—Receipts 7,919; exports 923; stock 430,382.

Total for week—Receipts 7,919; exports 923.

Total for season—Receipts 158,971; exports 225,849.

Interior Movement

Houston—Middling 14.60; receipts 5,-179; shipmtnts 3,653; sales 2,509; stock 24,324.

Memphis—Middling 14.50; receipts 90; shipments 903; sales 50; stock 47,-558.

Augusta—Middling 14.00; receipts 362; shipments 375; sales 221; stock 32,562.

St. Louis—Middling 14.00; receipts 151; shipments 484; stock 7,115.

Cincinnati—Receipts 177; shipments 357; stock 16,022.

Little Rock—Middling 14.00; receipts 23; shipments 220; sales 220; stock 4,859.

Dallas—Middling 14.00.

Montgomery—Middling 13.75.

Total today—Receipts 5,982; shipments 5,992; stock 132,440.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Aug. 19.—The cotton seed oil market was firm on more general buying, especially of the late months on the strength in lard and less favorable reports on the cotton situation. Closing prices were 2 points net lower to 9 points higher. Sales 15,400 barrels.

The market closed firm. Spot 9.10 bid; August 9.18 to 9.21; September 9.20 to 9.32; October 9.09 to 9.10; November 8.70 to 8.72; December 8.72 to 8.73; January 8.73 to 8.75; February 8.76 to 8.82; March 8.83 to 8.94.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Hogs, strong; bulk 10.20 to 10.50; light 10.30 to 10.50; mixed 9.95 to 10.90; heavy 9.75 to 10.90; rough 9.75 to 9.95; pigs 8.00 to 9.60.

Cattle—Steady; native beef cattle 7.10 to 11.10; stockers and feeders 5.00 to 7.90; cows and heifers 3.70 to 9.50; calves 9.25 to 12.75.

Sheep—Weak; wethers 6.50 to 8.00; ewes 3.40 to 7.50; lambs 7.25 to 11.25.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Aug. 19.—Additional advances were announced today on leading lines of bleached muslins. Business on finished cotton goods for home consumption and export continued steady. Linens were in better demand for prompt delivery. Burlaps were firm.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 19.—The cotton market was closed; steady.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Hurricane Main Influence in Market, But Makes Little Change.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—The hurricane in the westtrn belt was the main influence in the cotton market today but reports concerning its effects on the crop were so conflicting that traders were not able to get very far with prices one way or the other. The market opened with selling, as the weather map indicated the center of the storm had not passed over Texas. Later prices firmed up on private reports that wind and rain had damaged cotton over a large area, but the market closed with selling again in evidence. The close was steady, unchanged to five points down compared to yesterday's close.

Closing bid: October 14.07; December 14.24; January 14.34; March 14.51; May 14.65.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged; sales on the spot 60 bales; to arrive 1,270 bales; middling 14.13.

WHEAT GOES STILL HIGHER

Volume of Trade in Chicago Said to Have Been Largest on Record—Corn Reaches Higher Level.

Chicago, August 19. — The volume of trade in wheat here today was said to have been the largest on record. New price records for the crop were attained. Top prices were 5 cents over yesterday. Heavy profit taking sales were absorbed on the bulge, but the close showed net gains of 3⅞ to 4⅝.

Corn advanced 1⅛ to 2c.; oats, ⅝ to 1c., and provisions closed 2½ to 65c. up.

Grain and provisions closing bid:

Wheat—September, 1.47⅜; December, 1.51¼.

Corn — September, 86⅝; December, 75¼.

Oats — September, 45¼; December, 48½.

Pork — September, 27.45; December, 23.50.

Lard—September, 13.82; October, 13.50.

Ribs—September, 14.42; October, 14.12.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.51@1.51½; No. 3, red, 1.49@1.49½; No. 2, hard, 1.48¾@1.51½; No. 3, hard, 1.46½@1.50¼.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 89½@90½; No. 4, yellow, nominal; No. 4, white, nominal.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. City of Memphis (Amer.), 3,031 tons, Borum, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,288 tons, Holasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Nominal.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

$3.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 36½c.; rosin, $2.65 and $2.55; tar, $1.70-3c.; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	5
Rosin	17
Tar	75
Crude Turpentine	16

Receipts—Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 7 casks; rosin, 41 barrels; tar, 25 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—13.75; quotations same day last year, Nominal.

Receipts—203 bales; same day last year, 280 bales.

Total receipts since August 1, to date, 7,449 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 4,153 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Aug. 19. 1916.

Atlantic Coast Line—203 bales cotton.

Seaboard Air Line—75 barrels tar; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

River—12 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Prince—5 casks spirits turpentine; 17 barrels rosin.

Total—203 bales cotton; 5 casks spirits turpentine; 17 barrels rosin; 75 barrels tar; 16 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 19.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, old, 60c to 65c bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—90c.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8c to 9c, dull.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20c.; first class washed wool, 35c.

HIDES — Green salt, 12c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 22c; sides and shoulders, 17c per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; dull; spring, 20c to 30c head; dull.

EGGS—28c to 30c dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Aug. 19.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 80c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 19.—Spanish—Farmers' stock, market quiet, $1.02½ per bushel.

Virginias—Farmers' stock, market quiet. Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Fancy Handpicked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Prime, 3c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 2¾c. per lb.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Aug. 19.—Turpentine firm, 42 3-4 to 43; sales 759; receipts 588; shipments none; stocks 17,692.

Rosin—Firm; sales 1,658; receipts 1,-869; shipments none; stocks 71,805. Quote: A B, 5.90; C D, 5.85; E, 5.95 to 6.05; F, 6.15; G, 6.20; H, 6.25 to 6.50; I, 6.30 to 6.45; K, 6.35 to 6.50; M, 6.40 to 6.50; N, 6.50 to 6.60; WG, 6.80; WW, 6.95.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Aug. 19.—Beeves, no trading. Calves steady; Virginia calves 7.00 to 12.50.

Sheep and Lambs irregular; sheep, ewes 5.00 to 7.00; yearlings 8.00 to 8.65 to 11.75.

Hogs—No trading.

BANKS' CONDITION STATE.

New York, Aug. 19.—The statement of the actual condition of banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $127,593,220 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $24,506,080 over last week.

TRADING IN STOCKS LIGHT

All Other Considerations Subordinated to Keen Interest in Railroad Situation.

New York, Aug. 19.—Wall Street's keen interest in the railroad labor situation subordinated all other considerations and developments during today's session. Trading was light and exceedingly narrow. Rails were slightly reactionary, and United States Steel rose and fell within fractional limits.

Marines lost more of yesterday's early advance, the preferred denoting constant pressure on its extreme decline of two points. United Fruit also yielded a part of its spectacular gain, but the backwardness of marines and fruit was more than offset by a new high record for Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies at 72 1-8 and an extreme gain of five points for Pacific Mail, the rise being coincident with that company's resumption of trans-Pacific service.

Rails and investment stocks were at lowest prices just before the close when the financial district received word that the Washington conference had as yet been without definite results.

The bank statement was of interest chiefly because of the large actual cash gain—over $27,000,000 with an increase of almost $25,000,000 in reserves. Mercantile agencies reported a continuance of activity, despite prevailing uncertain factors.

The day's bond dealings were extremely light, with a steady tone. Total sales par value $1,680,000.

Government bonds were unchanged on call during the week.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	22⅞
American Beet Sugar	88½
American Can	59¼
American Car and Foundry	61¼
American Cotton Oil	52
American Locomotive	72⅛
American Smelting	98¾
American Sugar	110⅜
American Tel and Tel	B.131½
American Tobacco	220
American Zinc	B. 32½
Anaconda Copper	84⅜
Atchison	103⅜
Atlantic Coast Line	B.113
Baldwin Locomotive	75⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	86¼
Bethlehem Steel	B.450
Canadian Pacific	177¼
Central Leather	57
Chesapeake and Ohio	61
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	94½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	16⅞
Consolidated Gas	138
Corn Products	14⅝
Crucible Steel	73
Erie	36⅜
General Electric	B.169
Great Northern, pfd	117½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	39¼
Goodrich	B. 72½
Illinois Central	101¾
Int. Mer. Marine, pfd., ctfs	100
Kansas City Southern	24⅜
Lehigh Valley	79
Louisville and Nashville	129⅞
Liggett and Meyers	264
Lorillard Co	239⅞
Maxwell Motors	84½
Mo., Kan. and Tex., pfd	B. 10
Missouri Pacific	B. 5
Mexican Petroleum	100⅛
National Lead	65⅝
New York Central	103½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	B. 59½
Norfolk and Western	129
Northern Pacific	111
Pennsylvania	55⅞
Reading	103⅞
Rep. Iron and Steel	51
Seaboard Air Line	B. 15¼
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	B. 37½
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	B. 47½
Studebaker Corporation	131½
Southern Pacific	98½
Southern Railway	23¼
Southern Railway, pfd	68½
Tennessee Copper	25½
Texas Co	193
Texas and Pacific	11½
Union Pacific	139¼
United Fruit	166¼
United States Rubber	58
United States Steel	91¼
United States Steel, pfd	118
Utah Copper	82
Virginia-Caro. Chem	42¼
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	B. 46
Wabash, pfd., "B"	27½
Western Union	96
Westinghouse Electric	59⅛
Kennecott Copper	49

REVIEW OF DRY GOODS MARKET

Leading Buyers Contracting Ahead on Account of Advancing Cotton.

New York, Aug. 19.— Anticipation of a high cotton market has been leading buyers of cotton goods to contract ahead for many of the supplies they will require. Some converters and printers are buying gray cloths for delivery through the first quarter of next year and some of the jobbers are buying bleached and brown cottons, and some colored cotton lines for delivery to the end of this year and which will carry their stocks into the spring trade.

Prices of beached and brown cottons are rising, the advances on standard 4-4 jobbing bleached fabrics being a full half cent a yard. Printcloths are up 1-4c a yard in some of the finer counts and 1-8c a yard on the narrow goods. Reports of Fall distribution are very optimistic jobbers complaining principally at the delays in delivery of goods due from mills, and not at all of the volume of business tendered. Reports from mill centers show that the labor scarcity is serious and continues to restrict the output in many places. Nor does this seem to be offset by the increased operations at night in many Southern centers where the help problem is less troublesome than in the Northeastern section.

Prices quoted at the end of the week were as follows: Printcloths 28-inch 64 by 64s, 4 3-8c, 64 to 60s, 4 1-4c, 38 1-2 inch 64 by 64s, 6 1-4c; brown sheetings, Southern standards 8 1-2c, denims 2.2 ounce, indigo, 18c, tickings 8 ounce 15 1-2, prints 7c, staple ginghams 8c, dress ginghams 10 1-2.

Groceries, Drugs and Extracts

In a large and varied stock.

Also Field Peas at a low price.

250,000 Cypress Culls Shingles at $1.25.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company

Street.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

August 20.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 70 degrees; at 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 65 degrees; mean, 75 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .99 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday 5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

The Port Calendar, Aug. 20, 1916.

Sun rises .....5:37 A. M.
Sun sets .....6:54 P. M.
Day's length .....13 hrs. 17 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	2:55	3:35	10:07	10:53
Southport	12:35	1:26	7:04	7:51
Masonboro Inlet	12:24	1:15	6:44	7:31

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS
August 19, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	pt cldy	88	74	.38
Asheville	cldy	84	66	.04
Atlanta	pt cldy	82	72	.0
Augusta	clear	92	72	.0
Baltimore	clear	88	...	.0
Birmham	pt cldy	90	72	.0
Boston	clear	78	64	.0
Charleston	clear	88	74	.0
Charlotte	clear	86	68	.0
Chicago	clear	92	82	.0
Galveston	clear	88	82	.0
Jaxville	clear	86	72	.0
Memphis	cldy	94	80	.0
Mobile	cldy	90	72	.64
Montgomery	cldy	90	72	.0
N. Orleans	cldy	92	80	.0
New York	clear	82	68	.0
Oklahoma	pt cldy	98	74	.0
Palestine	cldy	96	72	.0
Pittsburg	cldy	90	72	.0
Raleigh	clear	84	66	.0
Savannah	clear	90	72	.0
Shreveport	pt cldy	94	76	.0
St. Louis	pt cldy	94	80	.0
Washington	clear	86	66	.0

GOLD RESERVE INCREASE.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Gold reserve of the Federal Reserve Banks increased about $6,000,000 during the past week according to a statement of the banks' condition August 18, issued today by the Federal Reserve Board.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, Aug. 19.—Mercantile paper 3 3-3; sterling, 60 day bills 4.71 5-8; demand 4.75 3-4; cables 4.76 1-2. Bar silver 65 3-4. Mexican dollars 50 5-8. Government and railroad bonds steady.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Aug. 19.—Sugar, raw, market closed today.

Coffee—Spots quiet; Rio 7s, 9 1-2; Santos 4s, 10 7-8.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON

In the Matter of the Petition of Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, Limited, as Owners of the Steamship "Cromwell" for Limitation of Liability.

Notice of Monition.

The President of the United States, To the Marshal of Said District:

Whereas, a libel or petition has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of November, 1915, by the Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, owners of the Steamship "Cromwell," praying the decree of the Court that the said libellant is not liable for the loss and damage occasioned by the collision in the said Libel and Petition set forth, occurring on the Second day of January, A. D., 1914, on the Northeast Branch of the Cape Fear River, near Wilmington, between the said steamship "Cromwell" and the iron bridge of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company, or any part thereof, and that the libellant and petitioner be declared entitled to the benefits of the provisions of the maritime law and of the statutes of the United States of America in such cases named; and,

Whereas, the said Court has authorized and directed that a stipulation be entered in the sum of $64,848.28 the alleged value of said petitioner's interest in said vessel and freight, which stipulation has been duly entered and filed in this Court; and,

Whereas, on the 31st day of May, 1916, the Court ordered that a Monition issue to all persons having claims by reason of the premises, citing them to appear before the said court to make proof of their claims, the same to be filed on or before the Twelfth day of September, A. D., 1916, with S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the Court, at Wilmington, N. C., with liberty to libellants, or any other person in interest, to contest any claim so presented.

You are Therefore hereby commanded to cite all persons having, or pretending to have, claims for any loss, destruction, damage or injury occasioned by reason of the said collision, to be and appear before the said court at a session thereof, to be held in the District Court room, in the City of Wilmington, on the 12th day of September, 1916, at ten o'clock A. M. Then and there to answer the said libel or petition and make their allegations in that behalf; and on or before said day to make due proof of their respective claims before the said S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the said Court, at his office in the City of Wilmington, with liberty of any party in interest to contest such claim; and what you have done in the premises do you there and then make return, together with this writ.

Witness the Honorable H. G. Connor, Judge of said Court at the City of Wilmington, in the Eastern District of North Carolina, this Second day of June, A. D., 1916.

(Seal) ALEX. L. BLOW, Clerk.
By S. P. COLLIER,
Deputy Clerk.

je 17-su-14t

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

20 Shares First National Bank of Statesville, N. C.

16 Shares Dixie Fire Insurance Co., Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information on Application.

Write Us a Line

We buy Whole Issues of Bonds. Write us What You Have for Sale.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON	$16.00
BALTIMORE	$18.00
PHILADELPHIA	$23.80
NEW YORK	$26.00
BOSTON (Via Norfolk)	$30.50
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
WAYNESVILLE, N. C.	$15.35
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.	$15.75
BREVARD, N. C.	$14.95
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
SALUDA, N. C.	$13.50
TRYON, N. C.	$13.20

Tickets on sale every day until Sept 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$9.90—Black Mountain and Ridge Crest. Account Summer Schools and Conferences. Tickets will be sold August 1st, 4th, 14th, 15th, 22nd, limited to midnight of seventeenth day following, but not including date of sale.

$35.05—Boston, Mass. (All Rail.)

$28.35—Boston, Mass. (Via Norfolk and Steamer.)

Account United Drug Convention. Tickets will be sold Aug. 18, 19 and 21, limited returning until August 31.

$22.30—Philadelphia, Pa.

Account National Convention, Grand Lodge, I. B. P. O. E. (colored). Tickets will be sold August 19, 20 and 21, limited returning until August 30.

$4.30—Raleigh, N. C.

Account Carolina State Farmers' Convention. Tickets will be sold August 20, 21, 22, 27, 28 and 29, limited returning until September 2.

$10.90—Savannah Ga.

Account National Baptist Convention (Colored). Tickets will be sold September 4 and 5, limited returning until September 14.

$13.20—Washington, D. C.

Account Biennial Session G. U. O. O. F. (Colored). Tickets will be sold Sept. 8, 9, 10 and 11, limited returning until September 20.

$18.30—Chattanooga, Tenn.

Account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. Tickets will be sold September 14, 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until September 27.

$33.05—Cleveland, Ohio.

Account Annual Convention, Brotherhood of St. Andrew. Tickets will be sold October 1, 2 and 3, limited returning until Oct. 12.

$20.95—Jacksonville, Fla.

$21.45—State Camp, Fla.

Account the following important National events: Southern Rifle Association, October 11 and 12; National Rifle Association, October 13 to 19; National Rifle Practice, October 20 and 21; National Individual Rifle Match, October 23; National Pistol Match, October 24; National Team Match, October 24 to 26. Tickets will be sold to Jacksonville and return September 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 30; October 1 and 2; and to State Camp and return, October 7, 8, 9, 14, 15 and 16. All tickets will be limited returning until November 4, 1916. Reduced fares for parties of ten or more traveling together.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

ASHEVILLE, N. C	$14.05
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.	$14.05
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
HICKORY, N. C.	$10.55
EDGEMONT, N. C.	$12.85
PINEOLA, N. C.	$19.30
LENOIR, N. C.	$11.85

Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st

LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C.	$12.55
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.	$9.90
RIDGE CREST, N. C.	$9.90

On sale June 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 25 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.	$23.30

On sale August 19, 20, 21; limited returning midnight, August 30th.

NASHVILLE, TENN	$20.30

On sale August 25, 26, 27; limited returning midnight, September 10th.

SAVANNAH, GA.	$10.90

On sale September 4, 5; limited returning midnight, September 14th,

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

mh23-tf

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South.

New Sleeping Car Line Between Greensboro and Raleigh And Extension of Sleeping Car Between Winston-Salem and Morehead City and Beaufort.

Effective Sunday, June 25th, 1916.

Southern Railway announces inauguration new Sleeping Car Line between Greensboro and Raleigh, and extension of the present Winston-Salem-Raleigh Sleeping Car to Morehead City and Beaufort, making Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort Sleeping Car Line. The Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort car to be handled in connection with Norfolk Southern Railway from Goldsboro.

For details, address

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
je29-tf Raleigh, N. C.

—EXCURSION—

FROM

WILMINGTON AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS TO NEW BERN,

MONDAY, SEPT. 4TH, VIA

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD.

Train leaves Wilmington 7:30 A. M. Leaves New Bern, returning, 3:00 P. M.

Fare, $1.25, round trip.

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traff. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective July 3, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48 8:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.	Daily No. 49 6:05 P.M.
No. 53 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62 3:25 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63 12:50 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.
No. 55 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Sleeping cars daily between Wilmington and Asheville.	No. 54 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P.M. Sunday only.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A.M. Sunday only.
No. 59 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.
No. 42 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P.M. Sunday only.	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A.M. Sunday only.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK - DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M.	8.15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M.	6.50 P. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7.15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

J. B. McCABE & CO.

Certified Public Accountants

Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.

'Phone: 996. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Aug. 18th
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Sept. 9th

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Sun., Aug. 20th
Steamship Cherokee, Thurs., Aug. 31st

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., Aug. 25th
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., Sept. 5th

Freight accepted from and for nearby North Carolina points at advantageous rates.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Effective May 28th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE ATLANTA TO WILMINGTON — ALL STEEL CARS. THROUGH SLEEPER FROM BIRMINGHAM SATURDAY.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Attractive Low Round Trip Fares

—VIA—

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

$17.45 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to LYTLE, Ga. (near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on

MAIL EQUIPMENT ECONOMIES

Great Saving to the Government—Bags Now Purchased at Half Former Cost.

The people who see mail bags loaded on postal cars from the mail wagons of the government, or see them thrown off at the station in the cities, can form no idea of the immensity of this branch of the public service. Statistics and tables of figures may have little interest for the ordinary reader, but when it is stated that the total number of mail bags used for transporting the mails amount to about five millions, and if placed end to end would stretch from Boston to San Francisco and extend into the Pacific ocean, some estimate may be forced of the tremendous mass of such equipment needed in the dispatch of public business.

At the beginning of this administration an inventory was taken to learn what equipment for railway postal transportation the government had on hand. It was discovered that the grand total of such property was 3,549,489 pieces, of which 468,846 were mail pouches, 2,592,479 were sacks and 488,164, were mail locks. Since this inventory was made the growth of the service required purchase of over on emillion and a half mail bags to meet the steadily increasing demand. This business of the government is so enormous that a tabulation made in the railway mail service two years ago showed that the eight mail bag depositories of the United States received and sent out again during the year just preceding, nearly 40,000,000 sacks and pouches. As the real amount of stock then was about 4,000,000, it will be seen that this equipment was handled ten times by the system of distribution devised to relieve congestion at one point and meet pressing demands at another, without which arrangement the peculiar exactions of the service could not be met. The amount thus handled ten times by the system of distribution devised to relieve congestion at one point and meet pressing demands at another, without which arrangement the peculiar exactions of the service could not be met. The amount thus handled is now very much larger, sacks and pouches passing to and fro through these depositories and the mail bag storehouse at Washington aggregating 56,000,000 pieces.

The money required from time to time for the purchase of this great supply and the price to be paid, so as to come within the appropriation, were matters of grave concern to those in charge. Congress supplies the funds, but where the supply could be bought at the lowest price—government standards maintained—was the problem. In the summer of 1913, the Department was paying $1.44 for its ordinary mail pouches. This price was deemed too high, and experts were set to work to devise something which would be of equal capacity, equal durability, at a less cost. The result was that a pouch was designed which the Department contracted for and purchased for less than 60 cents each, and this pouch has been produced inlarge quantities and is replacing those formerly under contract. Experts were also placed on the position of designing a cheaper but equally effective pouch for the exchange of mails by moving trains. The Department was then paying $1.70 for these catcher pouches. Within a short time a pouch was evolved, designed on scientific principles, which is giving far better service and at a greatly reduced cost, viz., 80 cents each.

The saving in this production of equipment will amount to a very large sum for there have been over 150,000 of these new style bags placed in the service within the last two years at a rduction of fifty per centum, and this economy wil of course continue and grow in amount as the further demand for supply is met. While the old style o equipment required expert attention to keep them in repair, this newer product requires but little, and is kept in good condition at a nominal cost by machine operators.

The repair and proper maintenance of mail bags is provided for in an establishment located at Washington. Experienced and efficient people are only employed, for repair work must be well done before bags can again be permitted to enter the service. The number repaired and placed in good condition during the past year was over a million.

One of the difficulties connected with this repairing process, which was also something of a hardship to the operators, was the accumulated dirt and dust which attached to these bags when returned from the service and which was a menace to the health of those so employed. No attention had ever been paid to the dangerous and unsanitary conditions under which this work was done. No attempt to cleanse these bags from the foul impurities they gathered and collected had ever been made, and those employed at the work, men and women, were forced to inhale the dust which an ordinary shaking out by hand fails to remove, which was considerable, as the shaking out process was hastily and imperfectly done. The official in charge saw the need of a change to better methods, and steps were at once taken to discover it. Correspondence was had with manufacturers of machinery both in this and foreign countries. A system was finally adopted consisting of large tumbling barrels, each having a capacity for holding several hundred bags. Driven rapidly by electric power, the dust confined to a tightly constructed room and carried off by blowers and lodged in immense canvass receptables, resembling a dirigible baloon when inflated, this process was found thoroughly suitable, for careful tests showed that all dust was completely removed. Four thousand a day are now treated by this process.

The life of a mail bag is about six yearsn, but the rough usage to which it is exposed renders many of them unfit for repair. Such bags pass into the hands of expert inspectors who utilize such parts as still have some good material left in making what is known as "pieced bags." Many are thus reclaimed and returned to the service, constituting with the sale of condemned material, the salvage of the mail bag repair shop. The bags or parts of bags which can not be utilized are sold under yearly contract to the highest bidder. The amount thus realized and turned into the treasury for the past year was over $10,000.

The advent of the Parcel Post and the great increase in postal business has made it necessary to enlarge the scope of the repair shop, because at times it was found impossible to obtain bags from the contractor in quantities sufficient to meet the demand. A manufacturing feature was therefore added, and during the past two years over a quarter of a million bags have been produced without additional expense for labor or hardship to the employes. These figures of prudent and economical management and thoughtful regard for the interests of those engaged in such employment is thought worthy of mention and this story of achievement has therefore been written.

ST. THOMAS AND ST. JOHN

Early History of America's About-to-be New Possessions, Danish West Indies.

Concerning the early history of America's about-to-be possessions, the Danish West Indies, the National Geographic Society issues the following bulletin from Washington:

"Of the three small islands on the northeastern edge of the Carribean Sea, for which the United States expects to pay Denmark $25,000,000, St. Thomas and St. John, both smaller and less densely populated than St. Croix, have been the scenes of many thrilling episodes. Here white colonists of four nations followed each other with bewildering perplexitity during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.

"More than a hundred years after the discovery of St. Thomas by Columbus in 1493 the island was wholly uninhabited, although its excellent harbor had been a port of refuge for Dutch navigators during many decades. When a handful of French colonists, survivors of a massacre on Crab Island perpetrated by a band of Spaniards from Porto Rico, reached its shores in a dugout in 1647 they found evidences of an earlier settlement, but no clues as to the nationality of their predecessors or of their fate. These French wanderers were not disposed to brave a similar end, so they sailed on.

"At about the time that Peter Stuyvesant was establishing a representative form of government on Manhattan Island some of his fellow countrymen were establishing the first recorded settlement on St. Thomas. These hardy colonists met the same fate which overtook their brother Hollanders of 'New Amsterdam,' for three years after the town on the Hudson became New York the St. Thomas pioneers were forced to surrender to the English also. The latter soon deserted the island and turned to the more fertile lands of St. Martin's and St. Eustatius, so that in 1671 when the Danes, wishing to share in the colonial prosperity of other European nations, chartered the West India and Guinea Company, St. Thomas, uninhabited again, was awaiting the advent of settlers who were to establish Denmark's right to the island. With two brief interruptions, this sovereignty has been maintained from that day up to the present time.

"The legend that St. Thomas was at one time the headquarters of the ruthless buccaneers who terrorized the Spanish Main for so many years is perpetuated in the names given to two towers still standing on the heights back of the seaport of Charlotte Amalie. On one hill is 'Bluebeard's Castle' while on an adjacent height rises 'Blackbeard's Castle.' History does not substantiate the romantic tradition, and it is extremely doubtful if the buccaneers were ever in possession here.

"When the Danes arrived they were under very strict orders as to religious observances and with respect to a 'preparedness' programme against rival colonists. The first order issued by the governor was: 'Every person who speaks Danish is bound to attend services every Sunday in Christian's fort when the drum beats, and on failure of doing so is to pay a fine of 25 pounds of tobacco. Persons of all other nations are bound to attend service every Sunday afternoon at the same place, under the same penalty.'

"As to armament the order was: 'For the defense and good of the country every householder shall keep in his house for himself and every man in his service a sword with belt, and a gun with sufficient powder and ball; and also each house holder shall have two pounds of powder, or more if he pleases. Every person neglecting this duty shall pay 100 pounds of tobacco.'

"The order for the citizen army ran thus: 'Every Saturday afternoon when the drum beats, all persons who can use a gun shall meet at the parade ground full armed. Any person absent, in favorable weather shall forfeit every time 25 pounds of tobacco, which is to be paid at the end of the year for the benefit of those who meet regularly.'

"The shortage of labor during the first year or two of Danish occupation was overcome by the importation of many slaves from the Gold Coast of Africa. The laws governing these human chattels were extremely severe. 'Drum dances' and feasts were forbidden and all slaves were required to be at home by sunset on Sundays. A slave transgressing such regulations was for the first offense whipped, for the second his ears were cut off, and for a third he was hanged and his head placed on a stake.

"In the neighboring island of St. John the slave laws were even more drastic. Here are some of the penalties which brought about a bloody insurrection in 1739,costing the lives of many white planters, their wives and children: 'The leader of runaway slaves shall be pinched three times with red-hot iron, and then hung.

"'Each other runaway slave shall lose one leg, or if his owner pardon him, shall lose one ear and receive 150 stripes.

"'A slave who runs away for eight days shall have 150 stripes, 12 weeks shall lose one leg, and six months shall forfeit his life, unless the owner pardon him with the loss of one leg.

"'A slave who lifts his hand to strike a white person or threaten him with violence shall be pinched and hung, should be white person demand it, if not to lose his right hand.'

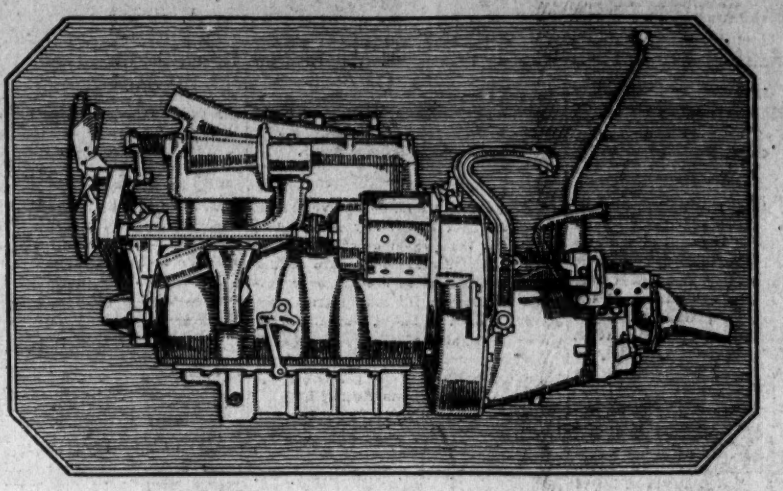
"In the terrible insurrection one of the victims was a Judge Soctman, who was murdered an decapitated in the presence of his beautiful 12-year-old daughter, and while a council was being held to determine what should be done with her the child overwhelmed with grief, entreated them to take her life also ,to which plea they gleefully acceded, laying her mangled body across that of her father.

"The insurrection was put down only after aid from the French in Martinique had been invoked. Three hundred slaves were surrounded and when they realized that escape was impossible they held a great feast of death. Tradition says that they plunged over a cliff, but the Historian Host says they shot one another and that when they were found at Brim's Bay they were lying in a circle."

Excursion to Wilmington.

Mount Olive Tribune: "The Atlantic Coast Line will run an excursion from Tarboro, Spring Hope, Rocky Mount and intermediate points to Wilmington on Friday, August 25th. The train will leave this city at 8:30 a. m. and leave Wilmington returning at 10 p. m."

33 4/5 Horse Power From This Powerful MAXWELL ENGINE



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Because we have more than horse-power to sell you.

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We challenge competitive tests. We invite comparison.

Because we absolutely know that no car of its class or weight can surpass the Maxwell on speedways, on rough roads, through sand or mud, *anywhere.*

And because we know, *and you will know,* that, everything considered, *the Maxwell is the World's Greatest Motor Car Value!*

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WHAT ORGANIZED LABOR STANDS FOR; PURPOSES AND PROGRAMME

(Continued from Page Thirteen.)

a factor that enters largely into the molding of his children's character; the kind of an education they shall receive.

The wage determines what literature, paper or magazine the family shall read. The union, therefore, does the community a service. It assures its members eventually a living rate, a shorter working day and protects them against injustice.

A few years ago the South had but few saving banks. The wage rate was extremely low at that time in all the trades, and few organized. So keen has been the competition in the savings bank business that the national banks have been forced to operate such a department in connection with their regular business.

The business increased in proportion to the formation of unionism. Savings banks follow a high wage rate and shorter hours of labor. The labor movement would bring to the attention of the public the value of labor organizations in a city. They are as necessary as a postoffice, and as indispensable as a bank.

It would call the attention of the church to its activities toward a universal fatherhood of good, and brotherhood of man on this earth.

It would call the especial attention of the merchants to the invaluable aid of the organization toward maintaining a purchasing power in a city; unless that purchasing power is well protected it could and would be reduced to a minimum at any time with or without reason.

The Labor Movement would bring to the attention of the public its activities in bringing about social reforms.

It would direct the attention of the churches to the fact that labor organizations, through legislative enactments have closed barber shops on Sunday and has prevented the operation of other industries on the Sabbath.

So, therefore, union and non-union man, and the general public as well, have been equal beneficiaries with organized labor in its work.

Here is a programme adopted by workingmen in 1825: "The right of every man to the land; no monopolies; freedom of public lands; a laborer's lien on his work for his wages; no imprisonment for debt; equal rights for women." "These demands were called shocking by the clery," says McMaster. The paper that dared to print them was called an anarchist's sheet and was compelled to suspend publication.

Yet today two-thirds of these demands are commonplace facts and the rest are regarded as legitimate social ideals. As early as 1831 a labor convention held in Boston made the following wise and statesmanlike diagnosis of the social conditions of the time, which, in a measure, is true today:

"These social evils arise from an illiberal opinion of the worth and rights of the working classes.

"An unjust estimation of their moral and intellectual powers; an unwise apprehension of the effects which would result from the cultivation of their minds and improvement of their condition; and an avaricious propensity to avail of their laborious services at the lowest possible rate of wages for which they can be induced to work."

Jus one more labor programme adopted in 1887: "Fire escapes on factories; inspectors of factories; protection from dangerous machinery; abolition of child labor; ventilation in all workshops; seats for women where possible, weekly payment of wages; industrial and evening schools; board of arbitration. Australian ballot."

The above takes on the spirit of a true American statesman. The Labor Movement would have our people—all the people—view with a liberal eye the good organized labor does and not render a verdict before the evidence is all in. Some years ago a member of the legislature from Troup county, Georgia, introduced in that body a bill declaring the Typographical Union an illegal organization and calling for its suppression.

This bill did not pass. This particular union was the first to establish a tent colony for tuberculosis patients; it has a home for sick and indigent members at miles from Colorado Springs; it pays a pension to its old members in excess of that paid by any country to its soldiers.

The Union Printers' Home is the most complete institution of its kind in the world. It is maintained entirely by the members; not one penny toward its support coming from any other source.

Several printers draw their pensions each month, the secretary issuing a check for the amount; other printers are at home enjoying the comforts and blessings of a home and are being freely administered to by the best physicians the country affords.

The pressmen have a similar institution at Hale Springs, Tenn. Their members are equally well cared for. Other organizations have the above feature, and others interest and prove it by their members. Would the public have the men made public wards in the city or state? The more the movement is discussed, the greater the progress.

Organized labor has lived up to the true principles of the American citizen. It has given its moral aid and encouragement to civic movements. It has given liberally of its funds to civic enterprises. It has contributed financially to schools, churches and colleges.

Organized labor wants to serve the people. It has done its share; it will continue to lend its aid to all enterprises looking to the welfare of its beloved city and state. All that is near and dear to me and women of labor centers in and around North Carolina, and no people are more loyal. But the workers must jealously guard what has come to them after all these years of struggle and pain.

The comforts we possess today were obtained after years of self-denial by men, women and children—days and weeks of penury and want—enduring cold days and colder nights—sometimes without fire or shelter.

The pathway to industrial rights we enjoy is strewn with tears of mothers and wives, and groans of children. No women for any cause or in any age have suffered so keenly for the protection of home and fireside as have the women of the industrial class. This side of the story will some day be told you by the men of the Labor Movement.

May God in his mercy speed the day when "Peace on earth, good will toward men will reign."

Labor stands for a lovelier womanhood a sweeter childhood and a higher manhood.

Labor stands for peace.

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INVITATION OF PROPOSALS—Office of the Superintendent of Construction, United States Custom House and Appraiser's Stores, Wilmington, N. C., August 14, 1916.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 P. M., August 28, 1916, and then opened, for clearing an enlargement of the site of the above mentioned building in accordance with the specification, copies of which may be had at this office. J. M. Geary, Superintendent of Construction.

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